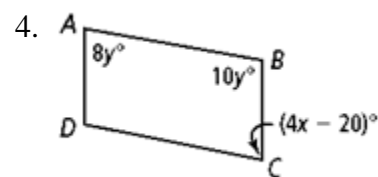
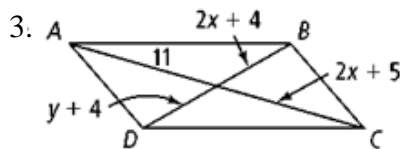
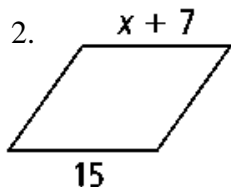
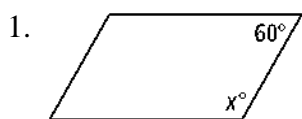


Vocabulary:

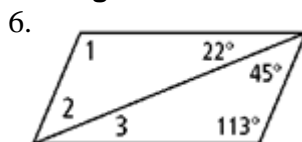
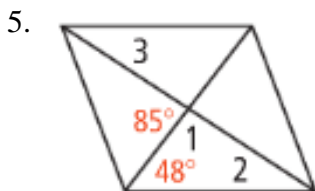
Know the definitions, images, and all properties for each term below.

parallelogram, rhombus, rectangle, square

Find the value of the *variable(s)* in each parallelogram.

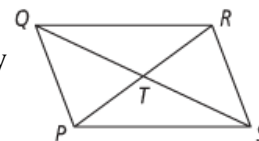


Find the value of the numbered angles for each parallelogram.

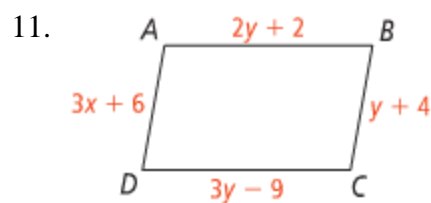
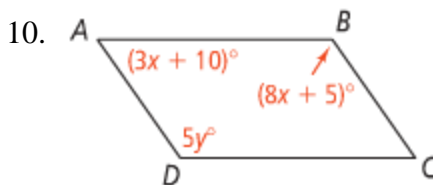
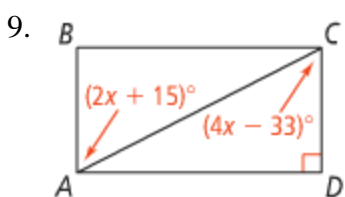


Find the values of *x* and *y* in parallelogram PQRS.

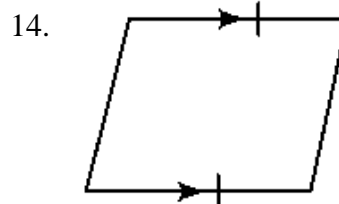
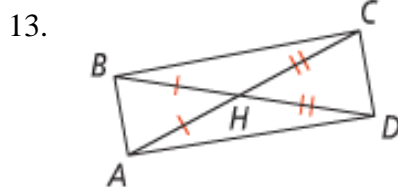
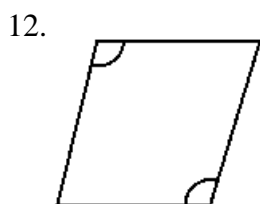
7. $PT = 2x$, $TR = y + 4$, $QT = x + 2$, $TS = y$ 8. $QP = 2x + 5$, $RS = x + 9$, $QR = 4y - 6$, $PS = y$



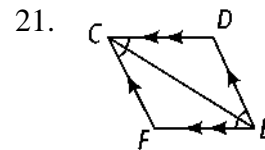
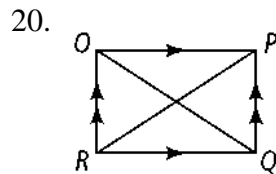
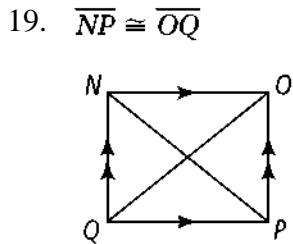
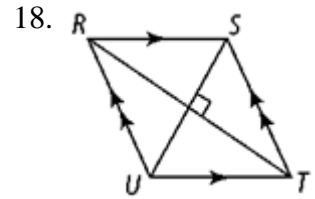
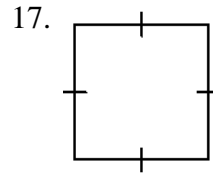
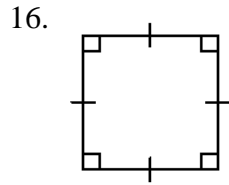
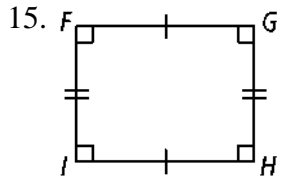
Find the value of the variables that make ABCD a parallelogram.



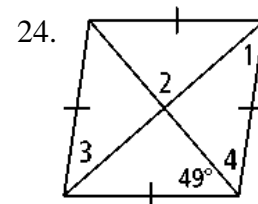
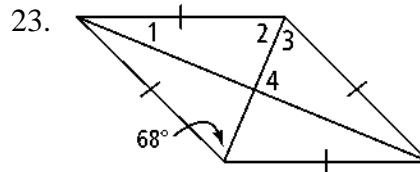
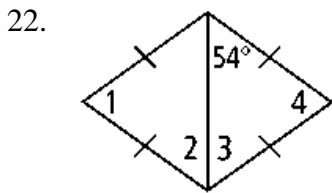
Can you prove the quadrilateral is a parallelogram based on the given information? Justify.



Use the given information to determine if the parallelogram is a *rhombus*, *rectangle*, *square*, or *none*. Justify.



Find the value of the numbered angles in each rhombus.



Find the value of the variables for the given parallelogram.

