

Chapter 14 Section 3 Notes/Questions Diplomatic and Military Powers

The Power to Make Treaties

- A treaty is a formal agreement between _____.
- After the President negotiates a treaty, the _____ must approve it by a _____ vote.
- Presidents Tyler and McKinley encouraged Congress to pass a _____ to annex territory after the approval of a treaty had been defeated in the Senate.

Executive Agreements

- An executive agreement is _____.
- One difference between an executive agreement and a treaty is that an executive agreement does not require _____.

The Power of Recognition

- By exercising the power of recognition, the President acknowledges the _____ of another country and its government.
- Prompt recognition of a country or its government may _____ its existence.
- Displeasure with another country's conduct may be shown by the President's asking for _____.
- The most serious diplomatic rebuke one nation may give another is the _____.

Commander in Chief

- The President's powers as commander in chief are almost _____.
- Presidents have used the armed forces in combat abroad without _____.
- A President's power as commander in chief is greatest during _____.
- Congress passed the War Powers Resolution in 1973 to limit the President's war-making powers in response to _____.
- The constitutionality of the _____ remains in dispute.
- Persona non grata* is _____.