

A W James Elementary School

Kindergarten Packet

Mrs. Hatch & Ms. Banks Class

Student: _____

Day 1

Instructions

- Practice identifying letters and their sounds using the alphabet chart provided or flash cards.
- Use the Dolch sight words list to review known sight words and choose one new word to learn for the day.
- Write the sight words by filling in the missing letters, and then write the words on the lines.
- Read the short passage and answer the questions.

Aa



apple

Bb



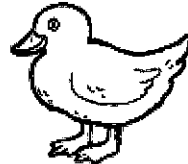
bear

Cc



cat

Dd



duck

Ee



egg

Ff



fish

Gg



goat

Hh



hand

Ii



igloo

Jj



jar

Kk



kite

Ll



lion

Mm



monkey

Nn



newspaper

Oo



octopus

Pp



pig

Qq



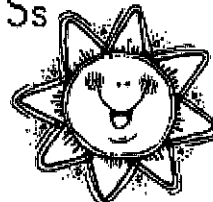
question
mark

Rr



rainbow

Ss



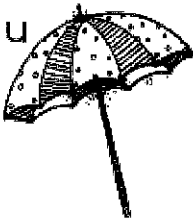
sun

Tt



turtle

Uu



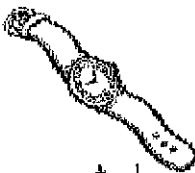
umbrella

Vv



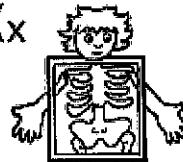
violin

Ww



watch

Xx



x-ray

Yy



yo-yo

Zz



zebra

Alphabet Chart

Practice identifying letters and sounds daily.

Dolch Sight Words

Kindergarten (52 words)

all	out
am	please
are	pretty
at	ran
ate	ride
be	saw
black	say
brown	she
but	so
came	soon
did	that
do	there
eat	they
four	this
get	too
good	under
have	want
he	was
into	well
like	went
must	what
new	white
no	who
now	will
on	with
our	yes

Practice identifying sight words daily.

Name _____

Fun with Missing Letters

Directions: Write the missing letters to spell each sight word, and write the word on the line.

RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., *the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does*).

Fill in the missing letters.

 a t

t y

o r

 d r

 n t

 h r

 i t

 u

Practice writing the sight words.

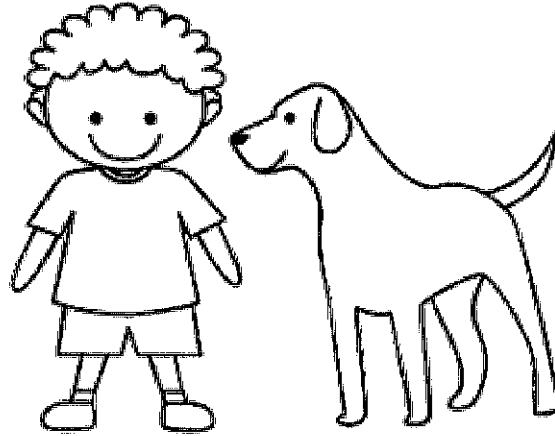
Sight Word Bank:
there, they, want, went, our, under, out & into

Name _____

Reading for Meaning

Directions: Read the passage and write the answers to the questions below.

RL.K.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.



Jason has a big dog. His name is Jack.
Jack is a Labrador Retriever.
Jack likes to run around in our backyard.
He is a very nice dog.

1. What is the name of Jason's dog?

His name is _____

2. What kind of dog is Jack?

He is a _____

3. What does he like to do?

He likes to _____

Numbers 1-100

Practice counting to 100 by ones and tens periodically during the week.

K.CC.1 Count to 100 by ones and by tens.

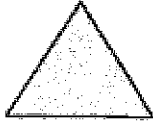
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Name _____

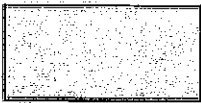
Name That Shape

Directions: Draw a line to connect each shape to its name.

K.G.2 Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.



Parallelogram



Circle



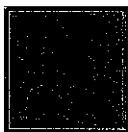
Triangle



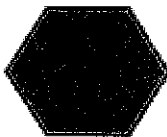
Pentagon



Square



Trapezoid



Rectangle



Hexagon

Bonus: Can you find each of the shapes in your home or in your neighborhood?

Name _____

Day 1, Week 5

Addition Practice

Directions: Write the sum to complete each addition equation.

K.OA.1 Represent addition and subtraction, in which all parts and whole of the problem are within 10, with objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, sounds (e.g., claps), acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, or equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ + 4 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ + 4 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ + 6 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$



Day 2

Instructions

- Practice identifying letters and their sounds using the alphabet chart provided or flash cards.
- Use the Dolch sight words list to review known sight words and choose one new word to learn for the day.
- Write the sight words by filling in the missing letters, and then write the words on the lines.
- Read the short passage and answer the questions.

Name _____

Sight Words Fun

Directions: Write the missing letters to spell each sight word, and write the word on the line.

RF.K.3c Read common high-frequency words by sight (e.g., *the, of, to, you, she, my, is, are, do, does*).

Fill in the missing letters.

__ e _ l

n _ _

_ r _ t _ y

s _ o _

_ l e _ _ _

_ o _ _

_ i _ _

_ e _

Practice writing the sight words.

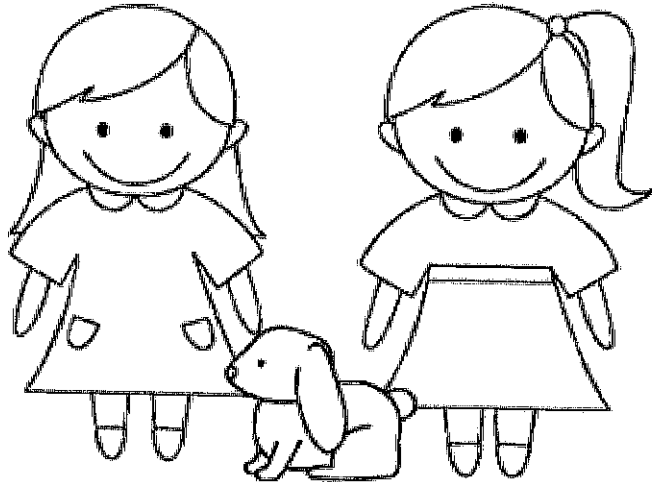
Sight Word Bank:
 good, new, pretty, please, well, will, soon & now

Name _____

Read and Understand

Directions: Read the passage and write the answers to the questions below.

RL.K.1 With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about key details in a text.



Megan and Kathy are best friends. Megan is one year older than Kathy. Kathy has a pet rabbit named Cotton. They like playing with Cotton.

1. What is the name of Megan's best friend?

Her name is _____

2. Who is older?

3. What kind of a pet does Kathy have?

Kathy has a _____

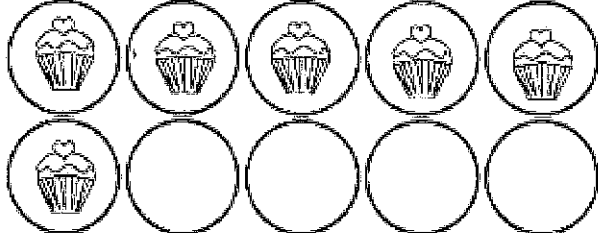
Name _____

Day 2, Week 5

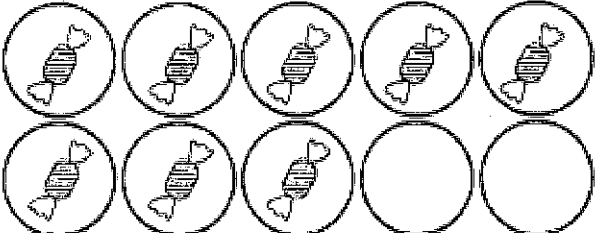
Making Ten

Directions: Color the empty circles and write the number in the blank to make a sum of 10.

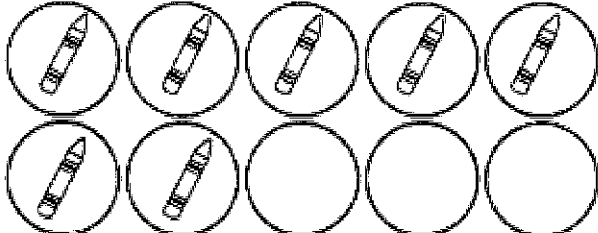
K.OA.4 For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.



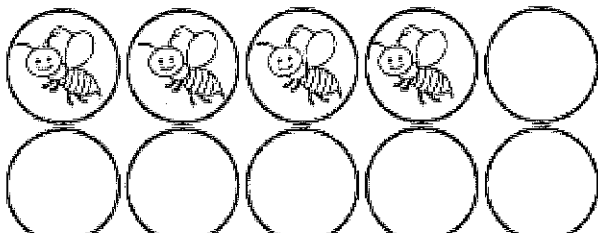
$6 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$



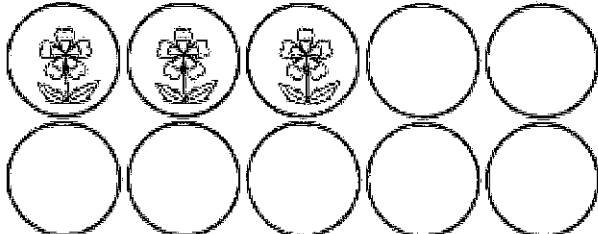
$8 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$



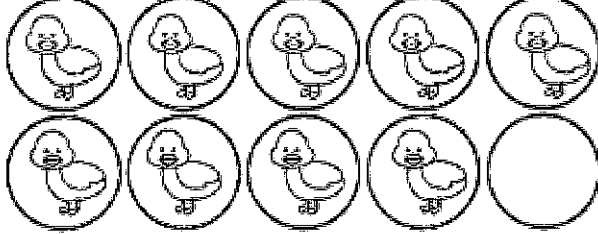
$7 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$



$4 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$



$3 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$



$9 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$

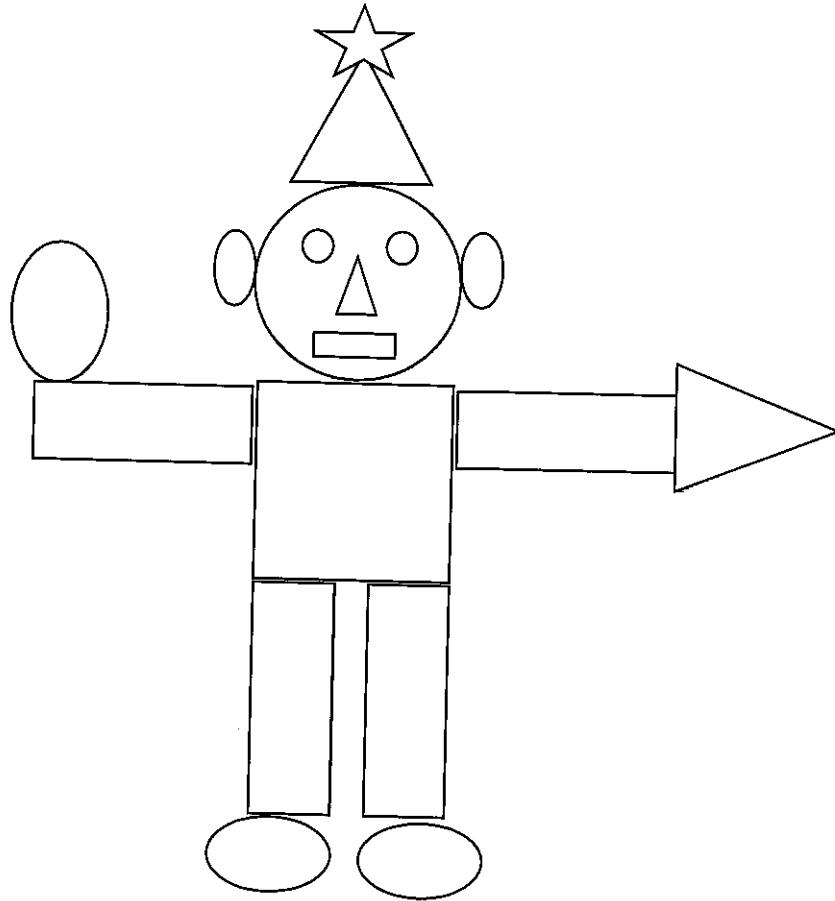
Name _____

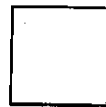
Day 2, Week 5

Shape Detective

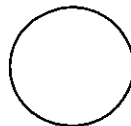
Directions: How many times is each shape used? Write the answer on the line.

K.G.2 Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.













Day 3

Instructions

- Practice identifying letters and their sounds using the alphabet chart provided or flash cards.
- Use the Dolch sight words list to review known sight words and choose one new word to learn for the day.
- Practice identifying medial sounds by writing the correct vowel in the blank.
- Learn about the question words **who**, **what**, **when**, and **where**. Circle the question words, and write the correct question word on each line.

Name _____

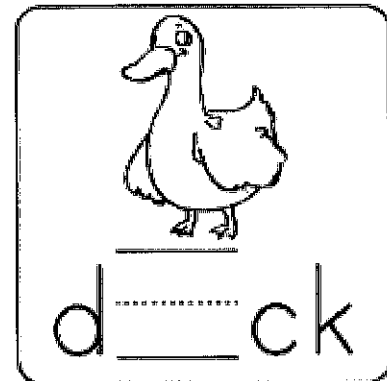
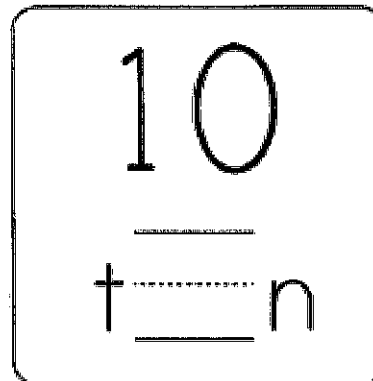
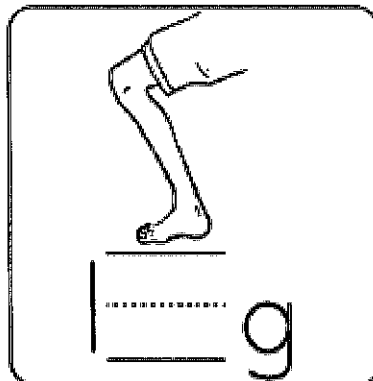
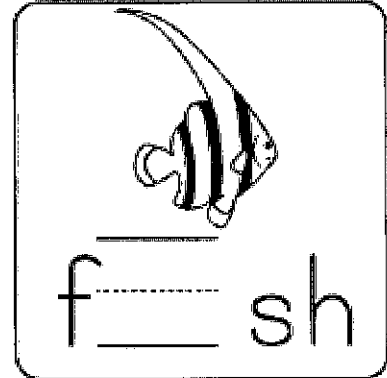
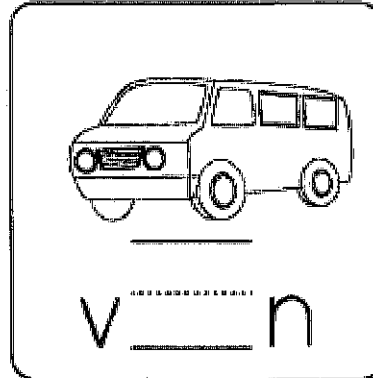
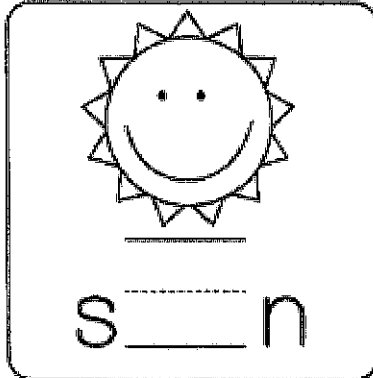
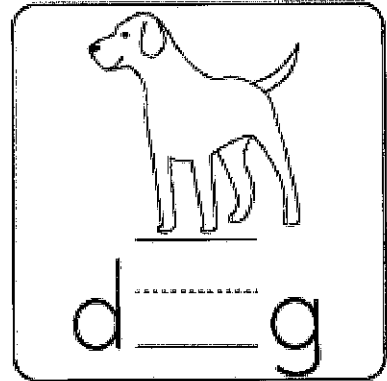
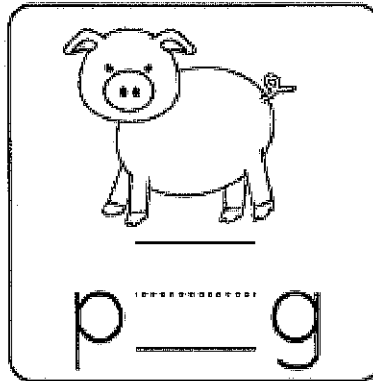
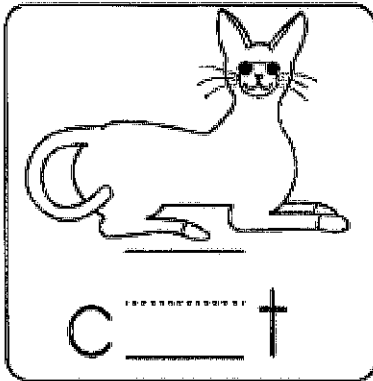
Day 3, Week 4

Medial Vowel Sounds

Directions: Write the correct vowel to complete the word.

RF.K.3b Associate the long and short sounds with the common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.

a e i o u



Name _____

Exploring Questions

Directions: Circle the correct question word for each sentence, and write the correct word on the lines below.

L.K.1d Understand and use question words (interrogatives) (e.g., *who, what, where, when, why, how*).

Question Words

Who?
Who is that?
He is my brother.

What?
What is your name?
My name is Cindy.

When?
When will you go?
I will go tomorrow.

Where?
Where is your dad?
He is in the house.



Circle the question words that match the answers.

- ☆ My dad will take me to school tomorrow.
(Who. What. When. Where)
- ☆ His name is Jack.
(Who. What. When. Where)
- ☆ She is my teacher.
(Who. What. When. Where)
- ☆ My house is on Lexington street.
(Who. What. When. Where)

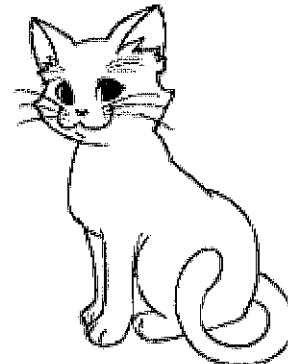
Fill in the question words to complete each sentence.

_____ is your bicycle?

_____ is the color of your cat?

_____ is going to win?

_____ is your birthday?



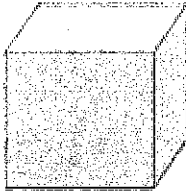
Name _____

Types of Shapes

Directions: Identify each shape as 2D (two-dimensional) or 3D (three-dimensional). Circle the correct answer.

K.G.3 Identify shapes as two-dimensional (lying in a plane, "flat") or three-dimensional ("solid").

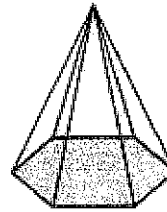
1)



2D

3D

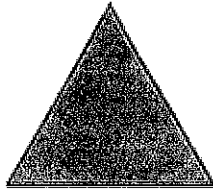
2)



2D

3D

3)



2D

3D

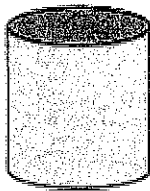
4)



2D

3D

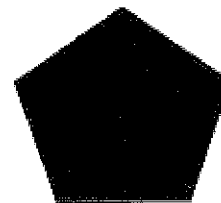
5)



2D

3D

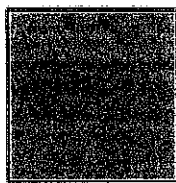
6)



2D

3D

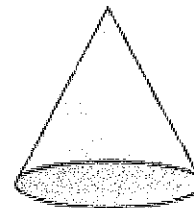
7)



2D

3D

8)



2D

3D




Name _____



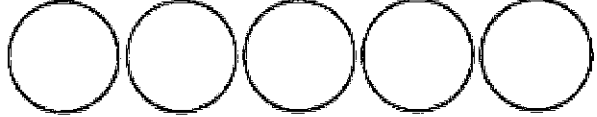
Day 3, Week 5




More Fun With Ten



Directions: Color the empty circles and write the number in the blank to make a sum of 10.



K.OA.4 For any number from 1 to 9, find the number that makes 10 when added to the given number, e.g., by using objects or drawings, and record the answer with a drawing or equation.

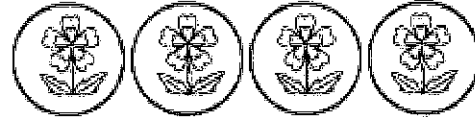
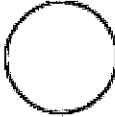

	
	
$3 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

	
	
$1 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

	
	
$2 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

	
	
$5 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

	
	
$6 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

	
	
$4 + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = 10$	

Day 4

Instructions

- Practice identifying letters and their sounds using the alphabet chart provided or flash cards.
- Use the Dolch sight words list to review known sight words and choose one new word to learn for the day.
- Practice identifying different types of nouns by completing the handout.
- Match the onset to the rime to make the word.

Name _____

Identifying Nouns

Directions: Circle the correct type of noun for each image, and color the correct type of noun according to the coloring instructions below.

L.K.1b Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.

What is a noun?

- ☆ person
- ☆ place
- ☆ thing

Circle the correct type of noun for each image.

(person place thing)

(person place thing)

(person place thing)

Color the images the correct type of noun using the color key.

person blue place red thing green

Name _____

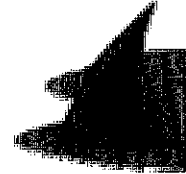
Onset and Rime

Directions: Draw lines to match each onset and rime. Use the word pictures for clues.

RF.K.2c Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words.

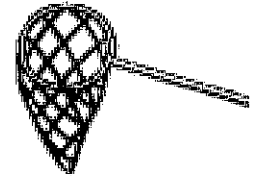
n

in



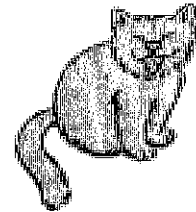
d

et



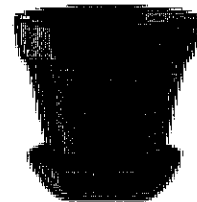
f

at



c

ot



p

og



Name _____

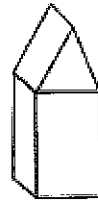
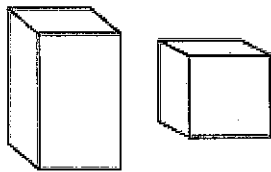
Day 4, Week 5

Constructing Shapes

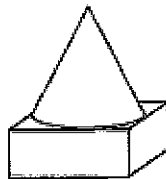
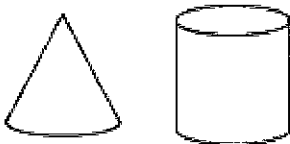
Directions: Circle the shape that can be made by combining each pair of solid shapes.

K.G.6 Compose simple shapes to form larger shapes. For example, "Can you join these two triangles with full sides touching to make a rectangle?"

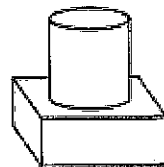
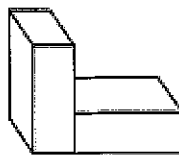
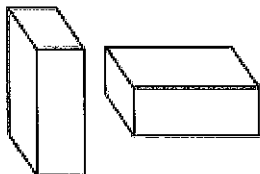
1)



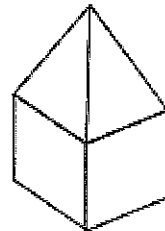
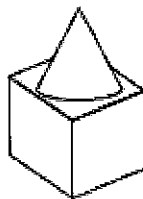
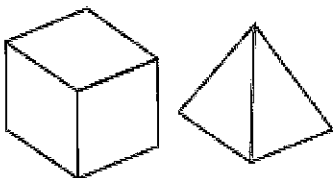
2)



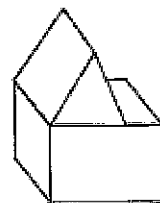
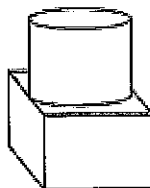
3)



4)



5)



Name _____

Day 4, Week 5

Comparing Length

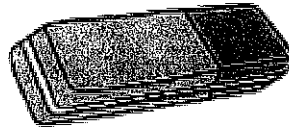
Directions: Circle the correct object in each row.

K.MD.2 Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference. *For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.*

1. Which is longer?



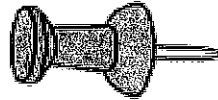
2. Which is shorter?



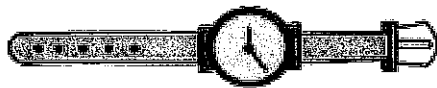
3. Which is shorter?



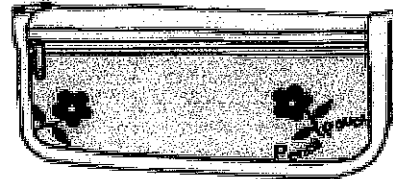
4. Which is longer?



5. Which is longer?



6. Which is shorter?



Day 5

Instructions

- Practice identifying letters and their sounds using the alphabet chart provided or flash cards.
- Use the Dolch sight words list to review known sight words and choose one new word to learn for the day.
- Practice identifying verbs by completing the handout.
- Visit www.storylineonline.net/books/mice-twice/ to hear the story *Twice Mice* by Joseph Low. Respond to the writing prompt by drawing and writing sentences on the lines. Share your response with a family member.

Name _____

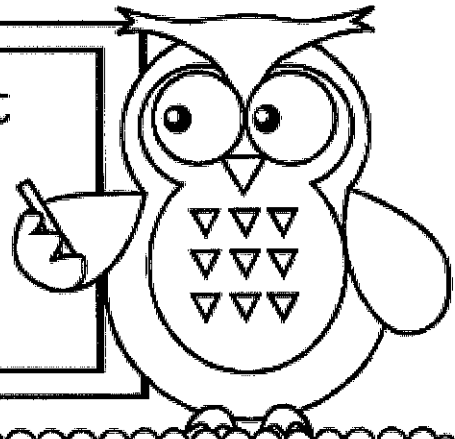
Exploring Verbs

Directions: Circle the action verbs, and color the images that describe an action.

L.K.1b Use frequently occurring nouns and verbs.

Action verbs are words that describe an action.

Examples: run, hop, taste, walk, laugh, cry, swim, eat, smell



Circle the action verbs.

house

feel

sleep

study

watch

juice

school

cry

cake

apple

eat

hear

Color the images that describe an action.



sleep



car



sing

Name _____

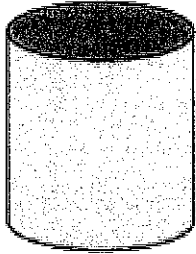
Day 5, Week 5

Exploring Solid Shapes

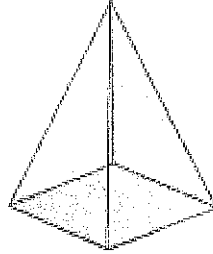
Directions: Write the name of the shape on the line.

K.G.2 Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.

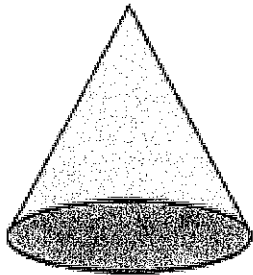
1)



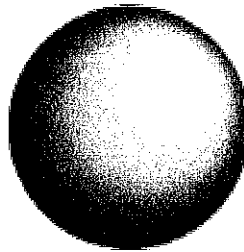
2)



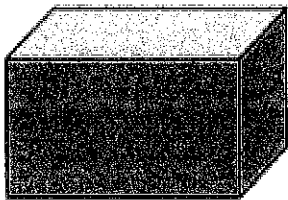
3)



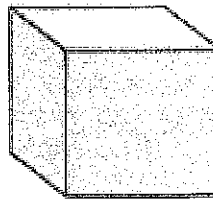
4)



5)



6)



- cylinder
- cone
- pyramid
- sphere
- rectangular prism
- cube

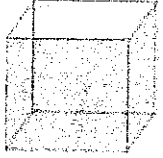













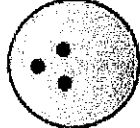




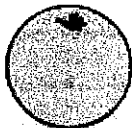
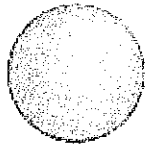



Name _____

Day 5, Week 5

Finding A Match

Directions: Circle the object representing the three-dimensional shape in each box.

K.G.1 Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as *above*, *below*, *beside*, *in front of*, *behind*, and *next to*.

1)    	2)    
3)    	4)    
5)    	6)    

Bonus: Can you say the name of each object's shape?

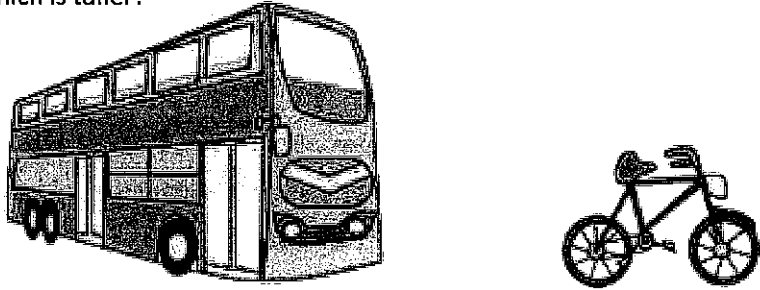

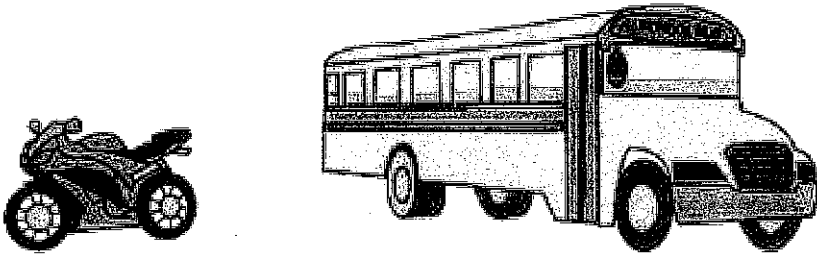
Name _____

Day 5, Week 5

Comparing Height

Directions: Circle the correct object in each row.

K.MD.2 Directly compare two objects with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has "more of"/"less of" the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter.

<p>1) Which is taller?</p> 
<p>2) Which is shorter?</p> 
<p>3) Which is taller?</p> 
<p>4) Which is shorter?</p> 