Grade: 5 Subject: ELA	Unit of Study: Literature Anthology
Time Frame/Dates	Second Marking Period
Big Idea/Rationale	 Students will use fictional and nonfictional literature to make personal connections to characters and plot situations. Students will analyze details from text to make inferences about characters, plot, and story themes. Students will practice reading comprehension strategies to boost efforts before, during, and after reading to understand the text. Students will have opportunities for practice in reading independently using the Literature Circles model Students will draft, revise, and edit writing using the Writing Process model, employing the 6 Traits of Effective Writing. Students will have opportunities to practice expanding vocabulary and spelling knowledge through repeated practice and letter pattern associations. Students will practice for the PARCC as part of an imbedded test-prep program within the curriculum
Enduring Understandings	 Prior knowledge and experiences should be used while reading to build greater understandings of the text. Making predictions, summarizing information, and asking questions about the text are all ways to boost reading comprehension while reading a text. Through difficult experiences, true character traits are exposed and developed. Vivid descriptions help two or more people communicate with more accuracy to enhance intrapersonal connections Writers who embellish text with details and figurative language make reading more pleasurable for the reader. Reading comprehension is built on a solid foundation of vocabulary, context, practice, experience, and knowledge of the conventions of genre. Writing is a process, not a result.
Essential Questions	 What strategies can we use to read so that we connect with and understand the story we are reading? What strategies do writers use to enhance communication of personal experiences? How can we use context clues to help us determine meanings of words we do not know? How do people establish their set of personal values? How can others impact our sense of identity and personal values? What are the most effective strategies a reader can use to understand a new text? What techniques are involved in persuasive essays? What kinds of sensory details make experiences unforgettable?

What language choices can a writer make to improve a piece? Content Reading selections of fiction and nonfiction text from *Collections* while (Subject Matter) practicing reading comprehension strategies and building fluency. Literature Circle - interest-based theme selection Writing persuasive essays Review of sentence constitutes and construction. Spelling practice Vocabulary workshop **Standards Reading: Literature** • RL.5.2. Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text. • RL.5.3. Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact). • RL.5.5. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem. • RL.5.6. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. **Reading: Informational Texts** • RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text. • RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, idea, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text. • RI.5.4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. • RI.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. • RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. • RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. • RI.5.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which

• RI.5.9. Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to

point(s).

- write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.
- RI.5.10.By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Reading: Foundational Skills

- RF.5.3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills to decoding words.
- RF.5.3.a Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
- RF.5.4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
- RF.5.4.a Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding.
- RF.5.4.b Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
- RF.5.4.c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Writing

- W.5.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
- W.5.3.a Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
 - W.5.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
 - W.5.3.c Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.
 - W.5.3.d Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
 - W.5.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- W.5.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Gradespecific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
- W.5.5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
- W.5.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day

or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Language

- L.5.1.Demonstrate command of conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- L.5.1.c Use verb tenses to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
- L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- L.5.2.e Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
- L.5.3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- L.5.3.a Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- L.5.4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- L.5.4.a Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- L.5.4.b Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., *photograph*, *photosynthesis*).
 - L.5.4.c Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.
- L.5.5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- L.5.5.c Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.
- L.5.6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., *however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition*).

Speaking and Listening

- SL.5.1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- SL.5.1.a Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- SL.5.1.b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.

	 SL.5.1.c Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. SL.5.1.d Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. SL.5.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. SL5.3 Summarize the points a speaker makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence.
Materials/Resources	 Harcourt Collections texts Literature Circles Novels Sadlier, Vocabulary Workshop Sadlier, Progress 5th Grade Time for Kids The Continuum of Literacy Learning by Fountas and Pinnell 6 Traits Writing Fiction and non-fiction supplemental reading resources