Chapter 2 Native Americans Study Guide

Name \_\_\_Answer Key\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Who were the first people to live in South Carolina? The first people to live in South Carolina were Paleo-Indians.
2. When did Native Americans begin staying in one place? Native Americans began staying in one place when they began to grow crops.
3. How do we know details about the first people who lived here? We study the artifacts left behind to learn details about the first people who lived here.
4. What did tribal groups of South Carolina have in common? They did not have the same culture.
5. Describe the components of a person’s culture. The components of a person’s culture include language, clothes, and food.
6. Where did the Cherokee live? The Cherokee lived in the Blue Ridge Mountains.
7. What was the role of women in the Cherokee clan? The women in the Cherokee clan held very important roles in clan life.
8. What was the purpose of a Cherokee tribe’s council? The Cherokee council made the rules for the village.
9. Where did the Catawba live? The Catawba lived in the Outer Coastal Plain region.
10. What were the roles of the Catawba women? The Catawba women made bowls, baskets, and mats.
11. What happened to the Catawba in the 1990s? In the 1990s the US government recognized the Catawba Indian Nation.
12. What made the Yamassee tribe different from the Cherokee and Catawba tribes? The Yamassee tribe was made up of different tribes.
13. Where did the Yamassee live? The Yamassee lived along the coast.
14. What were the roles of the Yamassee women? The Yamassee women made clothes and baskets. They farmed, gathered and raised hogs and chickens.
15. What happened to the Yamassee? The Yamassee moved to Florida and then moved west with the Seminole Indians.

Define the terms and explain how they are related to each other.

1. tradition a way of doing something that is passed down over time

culture the way of life of a particular group of people, including their food, clothing, buildings, language, beliefs, arts, tools, and traditions Relationship (sample) A person’s traditions are part of his or her culture.

1. native born in a place or coming naturally from a place

tribe a large family group

Relationship (sample) The native people of South Carolina belonged to tribes.

1. survivor a person who lives through hard times when others have died

reservation land set aside by the U.S. government for Native Americans

Relationship (sample) Many Catawba survivors lived on reservations.

1. defend to protect

population the number of people who live in a certain area

Relationship (sample) The Native American population worked hard to defend themselves and their land.

1. convert to change from one thing to another

religion the belief in and worship of a god or higher power

Relationship (sample) Some settlers tried to convert the Yamassee to Christianity, but they already had their own religion.