

Report on the

Coosa County Board of Education

Coosa County, Alabama

October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015

Filed: June 3, 2016



Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

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Ronald L. Jones, Chief Examiner



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Honorable Ronald L. Jones
Chief Examiner of Public Accounts
Montgomery, Alabama 36130

Dear Sir:

Under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5-21, I submit this report on the results of the audit of the Coosa County Board of Education, Coosa County, Alabama, for the period October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this
the 24 day of May, 2016.



Notary Public

Respectfully submitted,


Amanda Hensley
Examiner of Public Accounts

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Department of
Examiners of Public Accounts

SUMMARY

**Coosa County Board of Education
October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015**

The Coosa County Board of Education (the “Board”) is governed by a five-member body elected by the citizens of Coosa County. The members and administrative personnel in charge of governance of the Board are listed on Exhibit 14. The Board is the governmental agency that provides general administration and supervision for Coosa County public schools, preschool through high school.

This report presents the results of an audit the objectives of which were to determine whether the financial statements present fairly the financial position and results of financial operations and whether the Board complied with applicable laws and regulations, including those applicable to its major federal financial assistance program. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States as well as the requirements of the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts under the authority of the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-5-14.

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements, which means that the Board’s financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position and the results of its operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

Findings are numbered and reported by the fiscal year in which the finding originally occurred.

A finding that was presented in prior audits has not been resolved as shown on the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings and it is summarized below.

UNRESOLVED PRIOR FINDING

- ◆ 2014-001 relates to the Board approving a budget with a deficit fund balance in the General Fund.

The following officials/administrative personnel were invited to an exit conference to discuss the contents of this report: Dennis Sanford, Superintendent; Amy Davis, Chief School Financial Officer; and Board Members: Sheila Ward, Carla Pressley, Randall Hardman, David Tuck, Donna McVey, and David McElrath. The following individuals attended the exit conference, held at the offices of the Coosa County Board of Education: Dennis Sanford, Superintendent; Amy Davis, Chief School Financial Officer; Board Members: Carla Pressley, Donna McVey, and David McElrath; and representatives from the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts: Nikki Morrison, Audit Manager, and Amanda Hensley, Examiner.

*Schedule of State and Local
Compliance and Other Findings*

Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Ref. No.	Finding/Noncompliance
2014-001	<p><u>Finding:</u> The <i>Code of Alabama 1975</i>, Section 16-13-140(e), states that no local board of education shall approve any budget which shows expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available, plus any balance on hand. The Board approved the fiscal year 2015 General Fund budget with expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available, plus any balance on hand.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u> The Board should not approve any budgets with expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available.</p>

Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Coosa County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coosa County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coosa County Board of Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents as Exhibits 1 through 8.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The management of the Coosa County Board of Education is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in **Government Auditing Standards**, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coosa County Board of Education, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2015, the Coosa County Board of Education adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 68, ***Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*** – an amendment of GASB Statement Number 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of the Employer's Contributions, and Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Exhibits 9 through 12), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Coosa County Board of Education has not presented a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coosa County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit 13) as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, ***Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations***, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with ***Government Auditing Standards***, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2016, on our consideration of the Coosa County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with ***Government Auditing Standards*** in considering the Coosa County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Ronald L. Jones
Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2016

Basic Financial Statements

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Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 844,719.05
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	1,573,846.73
Receivables, Net (Note 4)	148,009.34
Inventories	31,761.67
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable	274,659.50
Depreciable, Net	11,406,213.49
Total Assets	<u>14,279,209.78</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Employer Pension Contribution	<u>647,250.81</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>647,250.81</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts Payable	129,355.31
Unearned Revenue	14,359.17
Salaries and Benefits Payable	758,548.77
Accrued Interest Payable	28,419.07
Short-Term Note Payable	750,000.00
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year	470,570.54
Portion Due or Payable After One Year	12,252,727.66
Total Liabilities	<u>14,403,980.52</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,551,640.62
Revenue Received in Advance- Motor Vehicle Taxes	33,224.45
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows Related to Net Pension Liability	1,144,000.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,728,865.07</u>
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,246,574.79
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	62,573.70
Capital Projects	13,274.31
Child Nutrition	288,758.26
Unrestricted	<u>(9,817,566.06)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (2,206,385.00)</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
<u>Governmental Activities</u>			
Instruction	\$ 5,409,798.65	\$ 102,213.26	\$ 3,870,409.41
Instructional Support	1,621,939.03	21,879.83	1,278,017.73
Operation and Maintenance	769,885.51	99,500.18	298,618.08
Auxiliary Services:			
Student Transportation	1,170,272.74	22,334.92	1,053,274.64
Food Service	837,690.68	663,751.07	34,091.74
General Administrative	695,795.33	1,018.50	338,443.91
Interest and Fiscal Charges	200,169.78		
Other Expenses	94,138.84	43,939.90	13,532.36
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 10,799,690.56</u>	<u>\$ 954,637.66</u>	<u>\$ 6,886,387.87</u>

General Revenues:

Taxes:

- Property Taxes for General Purposes
- Property Taxes for Specific Purposes
- Sales Tax
- Alcohol Beverage Tax
- Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted
for Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Gain on Disposition of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note 13)

Net Position - End of Year

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities</u>
\$ 228,720.60	\$ (1,208,455.38)
759.40	(322,041.47)
84,000.00	(371,007.85)
	(10,663.18)
	(139,847.87)
	(356,332.92)
	(200,169.78)
	(36,666.58)
<u>\$ 313,480.00</u>	<u>(2,645,185.03)</u>

1,474,110.73
168,306.00
427,597.91
43,306.67
7,422.64
8,425.00
3,729.19
1,300.00
198,911.23
<u>2,333,109.37</u>
(312,075.66)
<u>(1,894,309.34)</u>
<u>\$ (2,206,385.00)</u>

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
September 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 346,380.11	\$ 394,071.86
Ad Valorem Property Taxes Receivable	1,573,846.73	
Receivables (Note 4)	9,392.42	138,616.92
Interfund Receivables	17,177.92	19,087.64
Inventories		31,761.67
Total Assets	<u>1,946,797.18</u>	<u>583,538.09</u>
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances</u>		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts Payable	66,298.13	63,057.18
Interfund Payables	19,087.64	17,177.92
Unearned Revenues		14,359.17
Salaries and Benefits Payable	725,867.14	32,681.63
Short-Term Note Payable	750,000.00	
Total Liabilities	<u>1,561,252.91</u>	<u>127,275.90</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,551,640.62	
Revenue Received in Advance - Motor Vehicle Taxes	33,224.45	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,584,865.07</u>	
<u>Fund Balances</u>		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories		31,761.67
Restricted for:		
Debt Service		
Capital Projects		
Child Nutrition		256,996.59
Assigned to:		
Local Schools		167,503.93
Unassigned	(1,199,320.80)	
Total Fund Balances	<u>(1,199,320.80)</u>	<u>456,262.19</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,946,797.18</u>	<u>\$ 583,538.09</u>

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 104,267.08	\$ 844,719.05
	1,573,846.73
	148,009.34
	36,265.56
	31,761.67
<u>104,267.08</u>	<u>2,634,602.35</u>
	129,355.31
	36,265.56
	14,359.17
	758,548.77
	750,000.00
	<u>1,688,528.81</u>
	1,551,640.62
	33,224.45
	<u>1,584,865.07</u>
	31,761.67
90,992.77	90,992.77
13,274.31	13,274.31
	256,996.59
	167,503.93
	(1,199,320.80)
<u>104,267.08</u>	<u>(638,791.53)</u>
<u>\$ 104,267.08</u>	<u>\$ 2,634,602.35</u>

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***Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2015***

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3) \$ (638,791.53)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1)
are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,
therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The Cost of Capital Assets is	\$ 18,764,865.87	
Accumulated Depreciation is	<u>(7,083,992.88)</u>	
		11,680,872.99

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (496,749.19)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds/warrants payable, are not due and payable in the
current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$ 470,570.54	
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Debt	<u>12,252,727.66</u>	
		(12,723,298.20)

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds, but rather is recognized
as an expenditure when due.

Accrued Interest Payable	\$ 28,419.07	
		<u>(28,419.07)</u>

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1) \$ (2,206,385.00)

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund
<u>Revenues</u>		
State	\$ 5,965,836.58	\$ 60,415.00
Federal	59,710.34	1,424,356.05
Local	2,005,796.41	481,167.95
Other	16,351.88	16,236.78
Total Revenues	8,047,695.21	1,982,175.78
<u>Expenditures</u>		
Current:		
Instruction	4,406,306.75	737,870.35
Instructional Support	1,446,420.14	195,274.85
Operation and Maintenance	617,584.40	134,283.01
Auxiliary Services:		
Student Transportation	1,077,234.09	32,951.10
Food Service		877,443.79
General Administrative	558,147.75	158,556.21
Other	8,240.74	86,245.99
Capital Outlay	12,070.59	5,500.00
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		
Other Debt Service		
Total Expenditures	8,126,004.46	2,228,125.30
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(78,309.25)	(245,949.52)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>		
Indirect Cost	73,603.85	
Transfers In	30,305.56	223,143.46
Other Financing Sources	23,952.61	26.11
Sale of Capital Assets		1,300.00
Transfers Out	(438,654.30)	(30,305.56)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(310,792.28)	194,164.01
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(389,101.53)	(51,785.51)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(810,219.27)	508,047.70
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ (1,199,320.80)	\$ 456,262.19

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 252,306.00	\$ 6,278,557.58
	1,484,066.39
180,159.19	2,667,123.55
	32,588.66
<u>432,465.19</u>	<u>10,462,336.18</u>
	5,144,177.10
	1,641,694.99
19,853.00	771,720.41
	1,110,185.19
	877,443.79
	716,703.96
	94,486.73
	17,570.59
461,033.61	461,033.61
200,535.37	200,535.37
3,798.50	3,798.50
<u>685,220.48</u>	<u>11,039,350.24</u>
<u>(252,755.29)</u>	<u>(577,014.06)</u>
	73,603.85
215,510.84	468,959.86
	23,978.72
	1,300.00
	<u>(468,959.86)</u>
<u>215,510.84</u>	<u>98,882.57</u>
(37,244.45)	(478,131.49)
141,511.53	(160,660.04)
<u>\$ 104,267.08</u>	<u>\$ (638,791.53)</u>

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 5) \$ (478,131.49)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Capital Outlays	\$ 17,570.59	
Depreciation Expense	<u>(458,963.27)</u>	(441,392.68)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities. 461,033.61

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by this amount.

Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(1,300.00)	
Gain on Disposition of Capital Assets	<u>1,300.00</u>	

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable, Current Year Decrease	\$ (4,164.09)	
Pension Expense, Current Year Increase	<u>(142,250.81)</u>	
		<u>146,414.90</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2) \$ (312,075.66)

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Fidciary Net Position
September 30, 2015

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 44,306.59	\$ 22,079.94
Investments	38,868.88	
Total Assets	<u>83,175.47</u>	<u>22,079.94</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Due to External Organizations		22,079.94
Total Liabilities		<u>\$ 22,079.94</u>
Net Position	<u>\$ 83,175.47</u>	

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Additions

Earnings on Investments	\$ 2,017.05
Total Additions	<u>2,017.05</u>

Deductions

Other	<u>6,045.82</u>
Total Deductions	<u>6,045.82</u>

Changes in Net Position (4,028.77)

Net Position - Beginning of Year 87,204.24

Net Position - End of Year \$ 83,175.47

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Coosa County Board of Education (the “Board”) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board is governed by a separately elected board composed of five members elected by the qualified electors of the County. The Board is responsible for the general administration and supervision of the public schools for the educational interests of the County.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the financial reporting entity consist of the primary government and its component units. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements present the Board (a primary government).

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no component units which should be included as part of the financial reporting entity of the Board.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds in the Other Governmental Funds' column.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

- ◆ **General Fund** – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Board primarily receives revenues from the Education Trust Fund (ETF) and local taxes. Amounts appropriated from the ETF were allocated to the school board on a formula basis.
- ◆ **Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Various federal and local funding sources are included in this fund. Some of the significant federal funding sources include the federal funds that are received for Special Education, Title I, and the Child Nutrition Program in addition to various smaller grants, which are required to be spent for the purposes of the applicable federal grants. Also included in this fund are the public and non-public funds received by the local schools which are generally not considered restricted or committed.

The Board reports the following fund types in the Other Governmental Funds' column:

Governmental Fund Types

- ◆ **Debt Service Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and the accumulation of resources for principal and interest payments maturing in future years.
- ◆ **Capital Projects Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The Board reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Fiduciary Fund Types

- ◆ **Private-Purpose Trust Fund** – This fund is used to report all trust agreements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.
- ◆ **Agency Fund** – This fund is used to report assets held by the Board in a purely custodial capacity. The Board collects these assets and transfers them to the proper individual, private organizations, or other government.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty (60) days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. General long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants and then by general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balances

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by the pledged of the three-mill school tax and other obligations. Amounts held and invested by fiscal agent are reported at fair value.

Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Receivables

Millage rates for property taxes are levied at the first regular meeting of the County Commission in February of each year. Property taxes are assessed for property as of October 1 of the preceding year based on the millage rates established by the County Commission. Property taxes are due and payable the following October 1 and are delinquent after December 31. Amounts receivable, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded for the property taxes levied in the current year. However, since the amounts are not available to fund current year operations, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year when the taxes are both due and collectible and available to fund operations.

Receivables due from other governments include amounts due from grantors for grants issued for specific programs and capital projects.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted Assets

Included in cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet are certain assets which are restricted. Certain funds received from the State Department of Education for capital projects and improvements, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment of debt, are restricted because they are maintained separately and their use is limited. The Public School Capital Projects, Fleet Renewal, Bond Issue Payments, and Bonds and Warrants funding sources are used to report proceeds that are restricted for use in various construction projects and the purchase of school buses. The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside to pay the principal and interest on debt as it becomes due.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Major outlays of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the assets estimated useful life. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$50,000	20 years
Buildings	\$50,000	25 - 50 years
Building Improvements	\$50,000	7 - 30 years
Equipment and Furniture	\$ 5,000	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	\$ 5,000	8 - 15 years

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources increase net position, similar to assets.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond/Warrant premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Bonds/Warrants payable are reported net of the applicable bond/warrant premium or discount. Bond/Warrant issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

8. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources are defined as an acquisition of net position/fund balances by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources decrease net position/fund balances, similar to liabilities.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the "Plan") financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position is reported on the government-wide financial statements and is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- ◆ **Net Investment in Capital Assets** – Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets plus or minus any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to those assets or related debt. Any significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end related to capital assets are not included in this calculation.
- ◆ **Restricted** – Constraints imposed on net position by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- ◆ **Unrestricted** – is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted portion of net position. Assignments and commitments of unrestricted net position should not be reported on the face of the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Fund balance is reported in governmental funds in the fund financial statements under the following five categories:

- A. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of nonspendable fund balance reserves for which fund balance shall not be available for financing general operating expenditures include: inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables.
- B. Restricted fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- C. Committed fund balances consist of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action or resolution of the Board, which is the highest level of decision-making authority, before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove or modify the constraint.
- D. Assigned fund balances consist of amounts that are intended to be used by the Board for specific purposes. The Board authorized the Superintendent or Chief School Financial Officer to make a determination of the assigned amounts of fund balance. Such assignments may not exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Assigned fund balances require the same level of authority to remove the constraint.
- E. Unassigned fund balances include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the Board to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the Board that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds with the exception of salaries and benefits, which are budgeted only to the extent expected to be paid rather than on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All other governmental funds adopt budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund, which adopts project-length budgets. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before October 1 of each year, each county board of education shall prepare and submit to the State Superintendent of Education the annual budget to be adopted by the County Board of Education. The Superintendent or County Board of Education shall not approve any budget for operations of the school for any fiscal year which shall show expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand.

B. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position of Individual Funds

At September 30, 2015, the following governmental fund had a deficit fund balance:

General Fund	<u>\$1,199,320.80</u>
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The deficit in the General Fund is mostly a result of the salary accrual adjustment. Salaries and benefits payable at September 30, 2015, are funded with an appropriation from the State of Alabama that is not legally available to the Board until October 1 and, therefore, is not reflected as revenue in the Board's financial statements as of September 30, 2015. Accrued salaries comprise \$725,867.14 of the deficit fund balance. The Superintendent is actively working with the State Department of Education to develop a plan to eliminate the remaining deficit of \$473,453.66.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Board will not be able to cover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board's deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). The SAFE Program was established by the Alabama Legislature and is governed by the provisions contained in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Sections 41-14A-1 through 41-14A-14. Under the SAFE Program all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer's Office. Under this program, financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that financial institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). If the securities pledged fail to produce adequate funds, every institution participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.

B. Investments and Cash with Fiscal Agent

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, obligations of any state of the United States, general obligations of any Alabama county or city board of education secured by pledge of the three-mill school tax and other obligations as outlined in the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 19-3-120 and Section 19-3-120.1.

The Board had cash with fiscal agent of \$90,992.77 invested in the Dreyfus Treasury Prime Cash Management Fund at September 30, 2015.

As of September 30, 2015, the Board had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturity in Years
Dreyfus Treasury Prime Cash Management Investment	\$ 90,992.77	Varies
Mutual Funds - Fiduciary Funds	38,868.88	Varies
Total	<u>\$129,861.65</u>	

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increased interest rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The credit rating for the Board’s deposits with Dreyfus Treasury Prime Management Money Market Funds are rated “AAA-m” by Standard and Poor’s Corporation. The mutual funds do not have a credit rating. The Board has no formal policy regarding credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to cover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Board does not have a formal investment policy that limits the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

Concentrations of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. The Board does not have a formal policy that limits the amount the Board may investment in any one issuer.

Note 4 – Receivables

On September 30, 2015, receivables for the Board’s individual major funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
<u>Receivables:</u>			
Accounts Receivable	\$1,791.61	\$ 875.14	\$ 2,666.75
Intergovernmental	7,600.81	137,718.78	145,319.59
Other		23.00	23.00
Total Receivables	\$9,392.42	\$138,616.92	\$148,009.34

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance 09/30/2015
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 274,659.50	\$	\$	\$ 274,659.50
Construction in Progress				
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	274,659.50			274,659.50
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	303,013.22			303,013.22
Buildings	14,246,913.08			14,246,913.08
Building Improvements	1,313,925.60			1,313,925.60
Furniture and Equipment	424,375.70	17,570.59	(15,599.00)	426,347.29
Vehicles	1,502,392.68			1,502,392.68
Assets Under Capital Lease	697,614.50			697,614.50
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	18,488,234.78	17,570.59	(15,599.00)	18,490,206.37
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(189,225.99)	(6,150.66)		(195,376.65)
Buildings	(3,763,409.94)	(282,638.26)		(4,046,048.20)
Building Improvements	(400,279.07)	(52,187.88)		(452,466.95)
Furniture and Equipment	(266,508.89)	(45,292.46)	15,599.00	(296,202.35)
Vehicles	(1,497,993.82)	(2,932.56)		(1,500,926.38)
Equipment Under Capital Lease	(523,210.90)	(69,761.45)		(592,972.35)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(6,640,628.61)	(458,963.27)	15,599.00	(7,083,992.88)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	11,847,606.17	(441,392.68)		11,406,213.49
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$12,122,265.67	\$(441,392.68)	\$	\$11,680,872.99

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Current Year Depreciation Expense
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$351,221.00
Instructional Support	7,125.66
Operation and Maintenance	636.01
Auxiliary Services:	
Food Services	19,804.13
Student Transportation Services	72,694.01
General Administrative and Central Support	7,482.46
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$458,963.27

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 6 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act Number 419, Acts of Alabama 1939, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control. The TRS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25-2, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

B. Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act Number 2012-377, Acts of Alabama, established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of creditable service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary based on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

C. Contributions

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2015, was 11.71% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.05% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$647,251 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the Board reported a liability of \$8,289,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2014, the Board's proportion was .091247%, which was a decrease of .006585% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the Board recognized pension expense of \$505,000. At September 30, 2015, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$
Changes of assumptions		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		622,000
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		522,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	647,251	
Total	\$647,251	\$1,144,000

\$647,251 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending:	
September, 30 2016	\$(277,000)
2017	\$(277,000)
2018	\$(277,000)
2019	\$(277,000)
2020	\$ (36,000)
Thereafter	\$

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return (*)	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.50% - 8.25%
(*) Net of pension plan investment expense	

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2010. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes on January 27, 2012, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2012.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA projected to 2015 and set back one year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return(*)
Fixed Income	25.00%	5.00%
U. S. Large Stocks	34.00%	9.00%
U. S. Mid Stocks	8.00%	12.00%
U. S. Small Stocks	3.00%	15.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	11.00%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	16.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	
(*) Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%		

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

G. Sensitivity of the Board’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the Board’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the Board’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Board’s proportionate share of collective net pension liability	\$11,293,000	\$8,289,000	\$5,744,000

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement Number 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2014. The auditor’s report dated May 1, 2015 on the total pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total pension expense for the sum of all participating entities as of September 30, 2014, along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

Note 7 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Board contributes to the Alabama Retired Education Employees’ Health Care Trust (the “Trust”), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The Trust provides health care benefits to state and local school system retirees and was established in 2007 under the provisions of Act Number 2007-16, Acts of Alabama, as an irrevocable trust fund. Responsibility for general administration and operations of the Trust is vested with the Public Education Employees’ Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) members. The *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-25A-4, provides the PEEHIB with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years. The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at the Public Education Employees’ Health Insurance Plan website, <http://www.rsa-al.gov>, under the Employer’s Financial Reports Section.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

B. Funding Policy

The Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF) was established in 1983 under the provisions of Act Number 83-455, Acts of Alabama, to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions. The plan is administered by the PEEHIB. Any Trust fund assets used in paying administrative costs and retiree benefits are transferred to and paid from the PEEHIF. The PEEHIB periodically reviews the funds available in the PEEHIF and if excess funds are determined to be available, the PEEHIB authorizes a transfer of funds from the PEEHIF to the Trust. Retirees are required to contribute monthly as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2015
Individual Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible	\$151.00
Individual Coverage – Medicare Eligible	\$ 10.00
Family Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependent(s)	\$391.00
Family Coverage – Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible	\$250.00
Family Coverage – Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare Eligible Dependent(s)	\$250.00
Family Coverage – Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible	\$109.00
Surviving Spouse – Non-Medicare Eligible	\$700.00
Surviving Spouse – Non-Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible	\$934.00
Surviving Spouse – Non-Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible	\$907.00
Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible	\$354.00
Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible	\$595.00
Surviving Spouse – Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible	\$568.00

For employees that retire other than for disability, on or after October 1, 2005 and before January 1, 2012, for each year under 25 years of service, the retiree pays two percent of the employer premium and for each year over 25 years of service, the retiree premium is reduced by two percent of the employer premium. Employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012, with less than 25 years of service, are required to pay 4% for each year under 25 years of service. In addition, non-Medicare eligible employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012, are required to pay 1% more for each year less than 65 (age premium) and to pay the net difference between the active employee subsidy and the non-Medicare eligible retiree subsidy (subsidy premium). When the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, the age and subsidy premium no longer applies, but the years of service premium (if applicable to the retiree) will continue to be applied throughout retirement. These changes are being phased in over a 5 year period. The tobacco premium is \$28.00 per month for retired members that use tobacco.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The Board is required to contribute at a rate specified by the State for each active employee. The Board's share of premiums for retired Board employees health insurance is included as part of the premium for active employees. The following shows the required contributions in dollars and the percentage of that amount contributed for Board retirees:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Active Health Insurance Premiums Paid by Board	Amount of Premium Attributable to Retirees	Percentage of Active Employee Premiums Attributable to Retirees	Total Amount Paid Attributable to Retirees	Percentage of Required Amount Contributed
2015	\$780.00	\$180.76	23.17%	\$322,595.91	100%
2014	\$714.00	\$220.09	30.83%	\$408,677.05	100%
2013	\$714.00	\$216.90	30.38%	\$424,373.81	100%

Each year the PEEHIB certifies to the Governor and to the Legislature the contribution rates based on the amount needed to fund coverage for benefits for the following fiscal year and the Legislature sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill. This results in a pay-as-you-go funding method.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 8 – Lease Obligations

Capital Leases

In August 2009, the Board entered into a sale/lease-back agreement with Coosa County Commission. The Board sold the gymnasium/cafeteria at Coosa County Elementary/Middle School to the Commission and then leased them back. Capital Lease contracts were issued for the purchase of school buses. Assets under capital leases totaled \$697,614.50 at September 30, 2015. If the Board completes the lease payments according to the schedule below, which is the stated intent of the Board, ownership of the leased equipment will pass to the Board. Until that time, the leased equipment will be identified separately on the balance sheet. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2015.

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities
September 30, 2016	\$ 305,470.47
2017	305,857.97
2018	214,027.50
2019	213,515.00
2020	212,452.50
2021-2025	1,063,288.75
2026-2030	843,027.50
Total Minimum Lease Payments	<u>3,157,639.69</u>
Less: Amount Representing Interest	<u>(867,774.37)</u>
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$2,289,865.32</u>

Note 9 – Short-Term Debt

On September 1, 2010, the Board established a \$1,100,000.00 line of credit with a financial institution for the payment of current expenses. On October 1, 2012, the Board reduced the line to \$750,000.00. At September 30, 2015, the principal balance was \$750,000.00.

	Beginning Balance	Proceeds	Repaid	Ending Balance
Note Payable	<u>\$250,000.00</u>	<u>\$1,075,000.00</u>	<u>\$575,000.00</u>	<u>\$750,000.00</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 10 – Long-Term Debt

The Board entered into an agreement with the Coosa County Commission in August 2009 to purchase the gymnasium/cafeteria at the Coosa County Elementary/Middle School and to lease/purchase the gymnasium/cafeteria back to the Board. The purchase of the leased property by the County from the Board provided funds to the Board to complete construction of a new gymnasium/cafeteria at the Coosa County Elementary/Middle School. The lease/purchase agreement with the County Commission is paid for by the sales tax.

On October 16, 2006, the Board issued a capital lease to finance the acquisition of six school buses to be paid by the fleet renewal funding source.

On August 1, 2008, the Board issued four capital leases in the amounts of \$72,894.00, \$64,075.00, \$77,805.00, and \$198,018.00 to finance the acquisition of six school buses to be paid by the fleet renewal funding source.

During fiscal year 2012, the Board, as part of a pooled bond issuance with other school systems within the State of Alabama, issued Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2012A, in anticipation of their Public School Fund allocations, which are received from the Alabama Department of Education. The Alabama Department of Education withholds the required debt service payments from the Board's Public School Fund allocation. The proceeds from these bonds were used to retire the Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2002A.

During fiscal year 2013, the Board issued Capital Outlay School Warrants, Series 2012. This issue was used to retire the 2003 Warrants previously issued by the Coosa County Commission with a lease/purchase agreement. The original 2003 Warrants provided the funds to complete the construction of a new elementary/middle school. The warrants are paid for by the Public School Funds.

During fiscal year 2014, the Board, as part of a pooled bond issuance with other schools systems within the State of Alabama issued Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2014A, in anticipation of the Public School Fund allocations, which are received from the Alabama Department of Education. The Alabama Department of Education withholds the required debt service payments from the Board's Public School Fund allocation. The proceeds from these bonds were used to retire the Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2005.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Board for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Debt Outstanding 10/01/2014	Issued/ Increased	Repaid/ Decreased	Debt Outstanding 09/30/2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Warrants Payable:					
Capital Improvement School Warrants 2012	\$ 1,005,000.00	\$	\$ (140,000.00)	\$ 865,000.00	\$135,000.00
Capital Improvement Pool Bonds, Series 2012A	1,336,675.11		(131,520.45)	1,205,154.66	136,713.36
Capital Improvement School Warrants, 2014A	80,241.84		(5,963.62)	74,278.22	6,126.50
Total Warrants Payable	2,421,916.95		(277,484.07)	2,144,432.88	277,839.86
Other Liabilities:					
Capital Leases Payable	2,473,414.86		(183,549.54)	2,289,865.32	192,730.68
Net Pension Liability	9,583,000.00		(1,294,000.00)	8,289,000.00	
Total Other Liabilities	12,056,414.86		(1,477,549.54)	10,578,865.32	192,730.68
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$14,478,331.81	\$	\$(1,755,033.61)	\$12,723,298.20	\$470,570.54

The following is a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity:

Fiscal Year Ending	Warrants Payable		Capital Lease Contracts Payable		Total Principal and Interest Requirements to Maturity
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
September 30, 2016	\$ 277,839.86	\$ 72,497.30	\$ 192,730.68	\$112,739.79	\$ 655,807.63
2017	288,912.79	64,288.87	202,134.64	103,723.33	659,059.63
2018	301,519.91	54,753.73	120,000.00	94,027.50	570,301.14
2019	309,580.77	44,255.38	125,000.00	88,515.00	567,351.15
2020	322,786.70	32,757.67	130,000.00	82,452.50	567,996.87
2021-2025	643,792.85	35,984.97	760,000.00	303,288.75	1,743,066.57
2026-2030			760,000.00	83,027.50	843,027.50
Totals	\$2,144,432.88	\$304,537.92	\$2,289,865.32	\$867,774.37	\$5,606,610.49

Pledged Revenues

The Board issued Series 2012A and Series 2014A Capital Improvement Pool Bonds which are pledged to be repaid from their allocation of public school funds received from the State of Alabama. The proceeds are to be used for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of school facilities. Future revenues in the amount of \$1,533,055.80 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2015. Pledged funds in the amount of \$201,416.01 were used to pay principal and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This amount represents 100 percent of the pledged funds received by the Board. The Series 2012A and Series 2014A bonds will mature in fiscal years 2024 and 2025, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

On August 1, 2009, the Board entered into a capital lease with the Coosa County Commission for the purpose of providing funds for the acquisition, construction and renovation of school facilities. The Board pledged to repay the capital lease from a portion of the sales tax for educational purposes levied by the Coosa County Commission pursuant to provisions of the ***Code of Alabama 1975***, sections 40-12-4 through 40-12-7. Future revenues in the amount of \$2,974,093.75 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the capital lease at September 30, 2015. Proceeds of the sales tax for educational purposes in the amount of \$427,597.91 were received by the Board during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Pledged funds in the amount of \$212,790.00 were used to pay principal and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The funding agreement will mature in fiscal year 2029.

The Board issued Capital Outlay School Refunding Warrants, Series 2012, which are pledged to be repaid from the five mill and three mill special ad valorem taxes levied in the county. The Series 2012 Warrants were issued for the purpose of currently refunding the Series 2003 Warrants and paying costs of issuing the warrants. Future revenues in the amount of \$915,915.00 are pledged to repay the principal and interest on the bonds at September 30, 2015. Proceeds of the five mill and three mill special ad valorem taxes in the amount of \$1,116,990.61 were received by the Board during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Pledged funds in the amount of \$155,590.00 were used to pay principal and interest on the bonds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The Series 2012 Warrants will mature in fiscal year 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 11 – Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has insurance for its buildings and contents through the State Insurance Fund (SIF) part of the State of Alabama, Department of Finance, Division of Risk Management, which operates as a common risk management and insurance program for state owned properties and county boards of education. The Board pays an annual premium based on the amount of coverage requested. The SIF is self-insured up to \$3.5 million per occurrence and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$3.5 million. Automobile liability insurance is purchased through Auto Owners Insurance. Errors and omissions insurance are purchased from the Alabama Trust for Boards of Education (ATBE), a public entity risk pool. The ATBE collects the premiums and purchases excess insurance for any amount of coverage requested by pool participants in excess of the coverage provided by the pool. Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF), administered by the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB). The Fund was established to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions and is self-sustaining. Monthly premiums for employee and dependent coverage are determined annually by the plan's actuary and are based on anticipated claims in the upcoming year, considering any remaining fund balance on hand available for claims. The Board contributes a specified amount monthly to the PEEHIF for each employee of state educational institutions. The Board's contribution is applied against the employees' premiums for the coverage selected and the employee pays any remaining premium.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Board's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Board does not have insurance coverage of job-related injuries. Board employees who are injured while on the job are entitled to salary and fringe benefits of up to ninety working days in accordance with the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 16-1-18.1(d). Any unreimbursed medical expenses and costs which the employee incurs as a result of an on-the-job injury may be filed for reimbursement with the State Board of Adjustment.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 12 – Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables		Totals
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
<u>Interfund Payables:</u>			
General Fund	\$	\$19,087.64	\$19,087.64
Special Revenue Fund	17,177.92		17,177.92
Total	\$17,177.92	\$19,087.64	\$36,265.56

Interfund Transfers

The amounts of interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Transfers In			Totals
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
<u>Transfers Out</u>				
General Fund	\$	\$223,143.46	\$215,510.84	\$438,654.30
Special Revenue Fund	30,305.56			30,305.56
Totals	\$30,305.56	\$223,143.46	\$215,510.84	\$468,959.86

The Board typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies, to recoup certain expenditures paid on-behalf of the local schools, and to transfer the portion from the general fund to the debt service fund to service current-year debt requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 13 – Restatements

In fiscal year 2015, the Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The provisions of this Statement establish accounting and financial reporting standards for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. Implementation of this statement requires a restatement to beginning net position. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the Board's financial statements. For fiscal year 2015, the Board made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement Number 68 which required the restatement of the September 30, 2014, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at October 1, 2014, of \$8,928,000.00.

The impact of the restatements on the net position as previously reported is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities Net Position Balance, September 30, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$ 7,033,690.66
<u>Restatements:</u>	
Accounting for Pensions Due to Adoption of GASB 68	(8,928,000.00)
Governmental Activities Net Position, September 30, 2014, as Restated	<u>\$(1,894,309.34)</u>

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

On February 11, 2016, the Board issued Capital Outlay Refunding Warrants, Series 2016, in the amount of \$2,110,000. The Capital Outlay Refunding Warrants, Series 2016, were issued for the purpose of refinancing the Limited Obligation School Warrants, Series 2009, which were originally issued to pay the costs of constructing various improvements to the existing elementary and middle school.

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Required Supplementary Information

***Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the
Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015
(Dollar amounts in thousands)***

	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.091247%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,289
Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period (*)	\$ 5,798
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	142.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective pension liability	71.01%

(*) Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For fiscal year 2015, the measurement period is October 1, 2013 - September 30, 2014.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

***Schedule of the Employer's Contributions
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015
(Dollar amounts in thousands)***

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 647
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ 647</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,562
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.63%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015***

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Budgetary Basis</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
State	\$ 5,939,412.00	\$ 5,939,412.00	\$ 5,965,836.58
Federal			59,710.34
Local	2,041,472.00	2,041,483.68	2,039,020.86
Other	16,775.00	16,775.00	16,351.88
Total Revenues	<u>7,997,659.00</u>	<u>7,997,670.68</u>	<u>8,080,919.66</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Current:			
Instruction	4,361,044.29	4,364,448.15	4,419,235.85
Instructional Support	1,445,728.29	1,436,869.29	1,441,933.34
Operation and Maintenance	575,037.84	605,037.84	617,154.08
Auxiliary Services:			
Student Transportation	1,182,893.00	1,167,760.01	1,076,668.58
General Administrative	517,186.25	517,186.25	558,080.09
Other	1,316.00	1,316.00	7,494.97
Capital Outlay	10,238.00	16,000.00	12,070.59
Total Expenditures	<u>8,093,443.67</u>	<u>8,108,617.54</u>	<u>8,132,637.50</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(95,784.67)</u>	<u>(110,946.86)</u>	<u>(51,717.84)</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>			
Indirect Cost	75,385.00	78,105.26	73,603.85
Transfers In	35,610.24	35,610.24	30,305.56
Other Financing Sources			23,952.61
Transfers Out	(505,959.84)	(426,759.84)	(438,654.30)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(394,964.60)</u>	<u>(313,044.34)</u>	<u>(310,792.28)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(490,749.27)	(423,991.20)	(362,510.12)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>(252,105.00)</u>	<u>(77,719.09)</u>	<u>(77,719.09)</u>
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ (742,854.27)</u>	<u>\$ (501,710.29)</u>	<u>\$ (440,229.21)</u>

Explanation of differences:

The Board budgets revenues and expenditures to the extent they are expected to be received or paid in the current fiscal period, rather than on the modified accrual basis.

Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
\$	\$ 5,965,836.58
	59,710.34
(33,224.45)	2,005,796.41
	16,351.88
<u>(33,224.45)</u>	<u>8,047,695.21</u>
(12,929.10)	4,406,306.75
4,486.80	1,446,420.14
430.32	617,584.40
565.51	1,077,234.09
67.66	558,147.75
745.77	8,240.74
	12,070.59
<u>(6,633.04)</u>	<u>8,126,004.46</u>
<u>(26,591.41)</u>	<u>(78,309.25)</u>
	73,603.85
	30,305.56
	23,952.61
	<u>(438,654.30)</u>
	<u>(310,792.28)</u>
(26,591.41)	(389,101.53)
<u>(732,500.18)</u>	<u>(810,219.27)</u>
<u>\$ (759,091.59)</u>	<u>\$ (1,199,320.80)</u>
<u>\$ (26,591.41)</u>	

***Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015***

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis
	Original	Final	
Revenues			
State	\$ 60,415.00	\$ 60,415.00	\$ 60,415.00
Federal	1,464,973.00	1,525,014.85	1,424,356.05
Local	523,913.00	523,913.00	481,167.95
Other	25,050.00	25,050.00	16,236.78
Total Revenues	<u>2,074,351.00</u>	<u>2,134,392.85</u>	<u>1,982,175.78</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	833,895.89	873,314.69	737,870.35
Instructional Support	237,679.03	256,763.16	195,274.85
Operation and Maintenance	131,525.00	131,525.00	134,283.01
Auxiliary Services:			
Student Transportation	37,918.58	38,148.95	32,951.10
Food Service	863,877.77	863,877.77	878,462.28
General Administrative	134,238.11	135,546.66	158,556.21
Other	106,653.64	106,653.64	86,245.99
Capital Outlay	80,000.00	80,000.00	5,500.00
Total Expenditures	<u>2,425,788.02</u>	<u>2,485,829.87</u>	<u>2,229,143.79</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(351,437.02)</u>	<u>(351,437.02)</u>	<u>(246,968.01)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	336,349.00	257,149.00	223,143.46
Other Financing Sources			26.11
Sale of Capital Assets			1,300.00
Transfers Out	(81,510.24)	(81,510.24)	(30,305.56)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>254,838.76</u>	<u>175,638.76</u>	<u>194,164.01</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(96,598.26)	(175,798.26)	(52,804.00)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	465,698.34	560,905.28	541,747.82
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ 369,100.08</u>	<u>\$ 385,107.02</u>	<u>\$ 488,943.82</u>

Explanation of differences:

The Board budgets revenues and expenditures to the extent they are expected to be received or paid in the current fiscal period, rather than on the modified accrual basis.

Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
\$	\$ 60,415.00
	1,424,356.05
	481,167.95
	16,236.78
	<u>1,982,175.78</u>
	737,870.35
	195,274.85
	134,283.01
	32,951.10
(1,018.49)	877,443.79
	158,556.21
	86,245.99
	5,500.00
(1,018.49)	<u>2,228,125.30</u>
1,018.49	(245,949.52)
	223,143.46
	26.11
	1,300.00
	(30,305.56)
	<u>194,164.01</u>
1,018.49	(51,785.51)
(33,700.12)	508,047.70
\$ (32,681.63)	<u>\$ 456,262.19</u>

\$ 1,018.49

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Supplementary Information

***Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015***

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number
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**U. S. Department of Agriculture
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education**

Child Nutrition Cluster:		
National School Lunch Program		
Cash Assistance	10.555	N.A.
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N.A.
Sub-Total National School Lunch Program		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N.A.
Sub-Total Child Nutrition Cluster		
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture		

**U. S. Department of Education
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education**

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (M)	84.010	N.A.
Special Education Cluster:		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N.A.
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N.A.
Sub-Total Special Education Cluster		
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N.A.
Rural Education	84.358	N.A.
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N.A.
Total U. S. Department of Education		

**Social Security Administration
Passed Through Alabama Department of Education**

Social Security - Disability Insurance	96.001	N.A.
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Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

(M) = Major Program

N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable

The accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Assistance Period	Budget		Revenue Recognized	Expenditures
	Total	Federal Share		
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	\$ 360,606.50	\$ 360,606.50	\$ 360,606.50	\$ 360,606.50
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	34,761.56	34,761.56	34,761.56	34,761.56
	<u>395,368.06</u>	<u>395,368.06</u>	<u>395,368.06</u>	<u>395,368.06</u>
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	216,336.65	216,336.65	216,336.65	216,336.65
	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>
	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>	<u>611,704.71</u>
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	492,779.47	492,779.47	435,584.76	435,584.76
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	337,041.19	337,041.19	294,469.91	294,469.91
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	11,711.00	11,711.00	11,711.00	11,711.00
	<u>348,752.19</u>	<u>348,752.19</u>	<u>306,180.91</u>	<u>306,180.91</u>
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	25,253.10	25,253.10	24,714.20	24,714.20
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	22,919.37	22,919.37	22,919.37	22,919.37
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	85,710.72	85,710.72	79,358.02	79,358.02
	<u>975,414.85</u>	<u>975,414.85</u>	<u>868,757.26</u>	<u>868,757.26</u>
10/01/2014 - 09/30/2015	<u>1,300.00</u>	<u>1,300.00</u>	<u>1,300.00</u>	<u>1,300.00</u>
	<u>\$ 1,588,419.56</u>	<u>\$ 1,588,419.56</u>	<u>\$ 1,481,761.97</u>	<u>\$ 1,481,761.97</u>

***Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures
of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015***

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Coosa County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Additional Information

Board Members and Administrative Personnel
October 1, 2014 through September 30, 2015

Board Members **Term Expires**

Hon. Carla Pressley	Chairman	2016
Hon. David McElrath	Vice-Chairman	2016
Hon. Randall Hardman	Member	2020
Hon. David Tuck	Member	2020
Hon. Donna McVey	Member	2020
Hon. Sheila Ward	Member	2014

Administrative Personnel

Hon. Dennis R. Sanford	Superintendent	2016
Ms. Amy Davis	Chief School Financial Officer	Indefinite

***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Coosa County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in ***Government Auditing Standards*** issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coosa County Board of Education (the "Board"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Coosa County Board of Education's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
Government Auditing Standards***

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under ***Government Auditing Standards***. We noted a certain matter that we have reported to management of the Board in the Schedule of State and Local Compliance and Other Findings.

The Coosa County Board of Education's Response to Findings

The Coosa County Board of Education's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee Response/Corrective Action Plan. The Board's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with ***Government Auditing Standards*** in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Ronald L. Jones
Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2016

***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by
OMB Circular A-133***

Independent Auditor's Report

To: Members of the Coosa County Board of Education, Superintendent and Chief School Financial Officer

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Coosa County Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the ***OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement*** that could have a direct and material effect on the Coosa County Board of Education's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015. The Coosa County Board of Education's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Examiner's Results Section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Coosa County Board of Education's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in ***Government Auditing Standards***, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, ***Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations***. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Coosa County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Coosa County Board of Education's compliance.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Coosa County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Coosa County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Coosa County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coosa County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by
OMB Circular A-133***

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Ronald L. Jones
Chief Examiner

Department of Examiners of Public Accounts

Montgomery, Alabama

April 26, 2016

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Section I – Summary of Examiner's Results

Financial Statements

Type of opinion issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:
 Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None reported

Noncompliance material to financial
 statements noted? Yes X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:
 Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance
 for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required
 to be reported in accordance with
 Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between
 Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (GAGAS)

Ref. No.	Type of Finding	Finding/Noncompliance	Questioned Costs
		No matters were reportable.	

Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

Ref. No.	CFDA No.	Program	Finding/Noncompliance	Questioned Costs
			No matters were reportable.	

Auditee Response/Corrective Action Plan

Coosa County Board of Education

Dennis R. Sanford

73 Nixburg Road
PO Box 37
Rockford, AL 35136
Telephone (256)377-4913 · Fax (256)377-2385
Email: dsanford@coosaschools.k12.al.us
Website: <http://coosaschools.k12.al.us>

Superintendent

April 28, 2016

Mr. Ronald L. Jones, Chief Examiner
State of Alabama
Department of Examiners of Public Accounts
P. O. Box 302251
Montgomery, AL 36130-2251

RE: Coosa County Board of Education
FY2015 Audit Findings

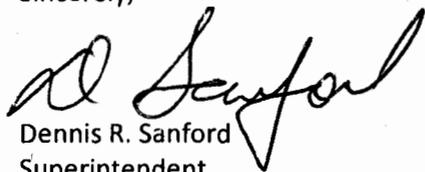
Dear Mr. Jones:

As required by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit organizations, Section .315 (c), the Coosa County Board of Education has prepared and hereby submits the following Corrective Action Plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Finding # 2014-001: The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-13-140 (e) states that no local board of education shall approve any budget which shows expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available, plus any balance on hand. The Board approved the General Fund budget with expenditures in excess of incomes estimated to be available, plus any balance on hand.

Corrective Action Plan: The Board does not employ any local teacher units and strives to be diligent in cutting expenditures wherever possible. The Coosa County Board of Education works very closely with the Alabama State Department of Education concerning its financial situation. A Reserve Plan is adopted by the Board and submitted to the State Department each year.

Sincerely,



Dennis R. Sanford
Superintendent