The makers of the United States Constitution did not want to give too much power to one group. They were afraid that it would be dangerous for the country. The lawmakers decided to divide the jobs of the government. Article I of the Constitution created the first branch. The first branch is the Legislative Branch. The legislative branch is the Congress. Congress makes the laws of the nation. It also handles money. Congress is responsible for making the money, borrowing money, and collecting taxes. It is also in charge of the military.

The second branch was created as Article II of the Constitution. It is the Executive Branch. The Executive Branch is the President of the United States. The president is responsible for making sure laws are carried out. He is able to put laws into effect by signing them. He can also veto laws he does not like. The president is the commander-in-chief of the nation’s armed forces. He appoints people to important positions and makes treaties with other countries.

(Article) III of the Constitution created the third branch of the government. This third branch is the Judicial Branch. The Judicial Branch is the Supreme Court and other national courts. The Judicial Branch is responsible for explaining what laws mean. This branch decides if current laws passed by Congress follow the intention of the Constitution.
The makers of the United States Constitution did not want to give too much power to one group. They were afraid that it would (making, be, the) dangerous for the country. The lawmakers (he, second, decided) to divide the jobs of the (congress, government, united). They created three branches of government. (Intention, National, Article) I of the Constitution created the (sure, first, the) branch. The first branch is the (follow, Legislative, first) Branch. The legislative branch is the (Congress, if, that). Congress makes the laws of the (people, lawmakers, nation). It also handles money. Congress is (want, responsible, it) for making the money, borrowing money, (responsible, and, president) collecting taxes. It is also in (constitution, charge, them) of the military.

The second branch (can, collecting, was) created as Article II of the (with, and, Constitution). It is the Executive Branch. The (courts, laws, Executive) Branch is the President of the (second, United, legislative) States. The president is responsible for (making, into, countries) sure laws are carried out. He (is, as, like) able to put laws into effect (makes, by, passed) signing them. He can also veto (laws, put, three) he does not like. The president (makers, money, is) the commander-in-chief of the nation’s (armed, forces, were) forces. He appoints people to important (out, positions, give) and makes treaties with other countries.

(Divide, Too, Article) III of the Constitution created the (third, states, effect) branch of the government. This third (branch, is, veto) is the Judicial Branch. The Judicial (taxes, makers, Branch) is the Supreme Court and other (did, this, national) courts. The Judicial Branch is responsible (by, for, group) explaining what laws mean. This branch (sure, decides, them) if current laws passed by Congress (also, follow, dangerous) the intention of the Constitution.