In 1888, an exciting discovery was made in southwestern Colorado. Two cowboys were crossing a mesa (on) horseback. They were searching for lost (cattle). They came to the edge of (a) large canyon and gazed over it. (The) cowboys were amazed to see something (that) looked like a large city hanging (off) the cliffs! These two cowboys, Richard (Wetherill) and Charlie Mason, were the first (to) discover what appeared to be ancient (apartment) houses. The houses were made of (adobe), clay, sand, and bits of straw. (The) cowboys called them “Cliff Palace.” Scientists (came) to study Cliff Palace. The scientists (discovered) that these cliff-like apartment houses were (probably) built around A.D. 1200. The scientists (determined) that Cliff Palace had 151 rooms with 23 (kivas). Kivas are special rooms built underground. (The) Anasazi tribes most likely built Cliff (Palace). “Anasazi” is a Navajo Indian word (that) means “ancient ones.”

Special scientists called (archeologists) studies the tower-like structures, hoping for (clues) about the people who lived in (them). Archeologists believe that the Anasazi built (their) cliff dwellings to protect themselves from (their) enemies. However, it seems that these (tribes) only lived in the apartment-like structures (for) 75 to 100 years. By A.D. 1300, the (Anasazi) had migrated to other places. Scientists (have) many theories as to why the (tribes) abandoned their homes. However, they may (never) know the real reason behind the (move).

Today the Cliff Palace is preserved (in) Mesa Verde National Park. Mesa Verde (National) Park is the only national park (that) protects and preserves manmade structures such (as) these ancient cliff dwellings. Visitors to (the) park can view over 4,000 historical ruins. (These) tours can be strenuous though. The (cliff) dwellings are located at about 7,000 feet (in) elevation. Tourists must hike 100 feet into (a) steep canyon. Once inside Cliff Palace, (four) tall ladders must be climbed. A (trip) into Cliff Palace is only recommended (for) people in good physical condition.
Anasazi Apartments  804
The Six-Minute Solution, Sopris West

In 1888, an exciting discovery was made in southwestern Colorado. Two cowboys were crossing a mesa (what, climbed, on) horseback. They were searching for lost (physical, may, cattle). They came to the edge of (a, however, trip) large canyon and gazed over it. (Enemies, Ruins, The) cowboys were amazed to see something (scientists, that, off) looked like a large city hanging (at, off, places) the cliffs! These two cowboys, Richard (Wetherill, large, exciting) and Charlie Mason, were the first (to, navajo, discover) discover what appeared to be ancient (archeologists, park, apartment) houses. The houses were made of (hoping, structures, adobe), clay, sand, and bits of straw. (The, Behind, Lost) cowboys called them “Cliff Palace.” Scientists (the, came, lived) to study Cliff Palace. The scientists (discovered, tall, horseback) that these cliff-like apartment houses were (seems, tower-like, probably) built around A.D. 1200. The scientists (them, migrated, determined) that Cliff Palace had 151 rooms with 23 (recommended, kivas, charlie). Kivas are special rooms built underground. (Cowboys, People, The) Anasazi tribes most likely built Cliff (apartment, good, Palace). “Anasazi” is a Navajo Indian word (know, their, that) means “ancient ones.”

Special scientists called (see, national, archeologists) studies the tower-like structures, hoping for (clues, d, believe) about the people who lived in (means, them, can). Archeologists believe that the Anasazi built (crossing, their, special) cliff dwellings to protect themselves from (came, amazed, their) enemies. However, it seems that these (preserves, tribes, straw) only lived in the apartment-like structures (for, probably, rooms) 75 to 100 years. By A.D. 1300, the (is, historical, Anasazi) had migrated to other places. Scientists (abandoned, discovered, have) many theories as to why the (indian, tribes, mesa) abandoned their homes. However, they may (never, kivas, why) know the real reason behind the (inside, view, move).

Today the Cliff Palace is preserved (a, in, houses) Mesa Verde National Park. Mesa Verde
(tourists, colorado, National) Park is the only national park (years, protects, that) protects and preserves manmade structures such (hike, strenuous, as) these ancient cliff dwellings. Visitors to (the, determined, real) park can view over 4,000 historical ruins. (Cliff, in, These) tours can be strenuous though. The (of, homes, cliff) dwellings are located at about 7,000 feet (park, are, in) elevation. Tourists must hike 100 feet into (a, preserved, never) steep canyon. Once inside Cliff Palace, (had, mesa, four) tall ladders must be climbed. A (four, trip, once) into Cliff Palace is only recommended (for, national, special) people in good physical condition.