The Rocky Mountains are the largest mountain range on the North American continent. They stretch from north to south (through) the western part of the United (States) to Canada. In the process, the (Rockies) cross six states. These states are (Colorado), Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, and Wyoming.

(Several) of America’s national parks are (located) in the Rocky Mountain states. The (parks) were created by the government to (protect) the national’s natural resources. Yellowstone (National) Park is the oldest and largest (national) park in the country. It is (located) mostly in northwestern Wyoming. However, Yellowstone (also) spreads into neighboring southern Montana and (eastern) Idaho. Yellowstone is famous for its (many) hot springs called “geysers.” One geyser (named) Old Faithful gushes every half-hour. Many (animals) like elk, grizzly bears, moose, and (bighorn) sheet roam freely in Yellowstone.

Grand (Teton) National Park is located in northwestern (Wyoming). Almost three million people a year (come) to enjoy the beautiful snow-capped Grand (Teton) Mountains. The 13,700-foot Grand Teton attracts (many) mountain climbers and skiers.

Bryce Canyon (National) Park is located in southern Utah. (The) Piute Indian word for the canyon (means) “red rocks standing like men in (a) bowl-shaped canon.” The park’s beautiful (pink) cliffs have been shaped by erosion (into) unusual formations. Bryce Canyon National Park (has) some of the nation’s best (air) quality. It is an excellent spot (for) stargazing. Visitors also enjoy panoramic views (of) three states. There are many hiking, (skiing), and horseback trails as well.
The Rocky Mountains are the largest mountain range on the North American continent. They stretch from north to south (through, stargazing, part) the western part of the United (States, for, sheet) to Canada. In the process, the (it, mostly, Rockies) cross six states. These states are (famous, Colorado, spot), Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, and Wyoming.

(Standing, Half-hour, Several) of America’s national parks are (rockies, from, located) in the Rocky Mountain states. The (created, parks, resources) were created by the government to (geysers, protect, one) the national’s natural resources. Yellowstone (National, six, mountain) Park is the oldest and largest (as, mountains, national) park in the country. It is (located, south, natural) mostly in northwestern Wyoming. However, Yellowstone (also, million, indian) spreads into neighboring southern Montana and (north, eastern, gushes) Idaho. Yellowstone is famous for its (it, many, panoramic) hot springs called “geysers.” One geyser (named, government, men) Old Faithful gushes every half-hour. Many (skiing, animals, almost) like elk, grizzly bears, moose, and (bighorn, many, red) sheet roam freely in Yellowstone.

Grand (Teton, the, means) National Park is located in northwestern (idaho, Wyoming, piute). Almost three million people a year (come, they, has) to enjoy the beautiful snow-capped Grand (Teton, faithful, canyon) Mountains. The 13,700-foot Grand Teton attracts (yellowstone, people, many) mountain climbers and skiers.

Bryce Canyon (National, by, trails) Park is located in southern Utah. (Views, The, Pink) Piute Indian word for the canyon (means, come, springs) “red rocks standing like men in (a, formations, states) bowl-shaped canon.” The park’s beautiful (america, pink, named) cliffs have been shaped by erosion (some, into, montana) unusual formations. Bryce Canyon National Park (teton, has, visitors) some of the nation’s best (air, in, called) quality. It is an excellent spot (range, is, for) stargazing. Visitors also enjoy panoramic views (been, however,
of) three states. There are many hiking, (skiing, many, beautiful), and horseback trails as well.