Blankets of Air Above Us 403
Sopris West Six Minute Solutions Passage 403

Blankets on our beds help keep us warm at night. Our earth has blankets of air (that) do the same thing. In the (atmosphere) above us, there are four blankets (of) air that help keep us warm (and) safe on Earth.

The first blanket (of) air closest to Earth is called (the) troposphere. The troposphere is where we (live). It contains the air we breathe (and) the warmth we need. The troposphere (has) most of our weather in it. (Seventy-five) percent of the atmosphere's total mass (is) found in this layer. It also (has) most of the water vapor of (the) atmosphere. The seasons of the earth (occur) in this first layer.

The second (blanket) of air in our atmosphere is (the) stratosphere. The stratosphere has a very (important) part that protects us. That part (is) the ozone layer. The ozone part (of) the stratosphere keeps the sun's harmful (rays) away from the earth. The stratosphere (does) not have much moisture. Therefore, it (does) not have many clouds. For that (reason), airline pilots like to fly in (the) stratosphere.

The third blanket of air (is) the coldest layer in the atmosphere. (It) is called the mesosphere. Its name (means) "in between." The mesosphere becomes colder (as) its altitude increases. There are many (strong) winds in the mesosphere. These winds (blow) from west to east in the (winter). In the summer, they blow from (east) to west.

The last layer of (air) around our earth is called the (thermosphere). Its name means "warm place." It (is) the highest and the largest layer. (This) layer is very hot. Its temperature (can) be thousands and thousands of degrees. (It) is made up of gases. These (gases) have temperatures that vary. At the (top) of the thermosphere is where space (begins).

The atmosphere of our earth is (made) up of these four blankets of (air). Each one of them is important (for) life on Earth.
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Blankets on our beds help keep us warm at night. Our earth has blankets of air (strong, that, air) do the same thing. In the (atmosphere, them, as) above us, there are four blankets (away, of, harmful) air that help keep us warm (and, our, vary) safe on Earth.

The first blanket (reason, of, it) air closest to Earth is called (the, our, protects) troposphere. The troposphere is where we (us, live, gases). It contains the air we breathe (around, blanket, and) the warmth we need. The troposphere (summer, has, first) most of our weather in it. (Mesosphere, Seventy-five, Blankets) percent of the atmosphere’s total mass (most, is, largest) found in this layer. It also (is, highest, has) most of the water vapor of (clouds, these, the) atmosphere. The seasons of the earth (there, west, occur) in this first layer.

The second (each, coldest, blanket) of air in our atmosphere is (contains, warmth, the) stratosphere. The stratosphere has a very (the, important, of) part that protects us. That part (is, we, the) the ozone layer. The ozone part (has, this, of) the stratosphere keeps the sun’s harmful (thermosphere, rays, that) away from the earth. The stratosphere (does, between, atmosphere's) not have much moisture. Therefore, it (does, hot, winds) not have many clouds. For that (and, reason, therefore), airline pilots like to fly in (third, the, found) stratosphere.

The third blanket of air (for, is, temperature) the coldest layer in the atmosphere. (It, Troposphere, Moisture) is called the mesosphere. Its name (means, percent, these) “in between.” The mesosphere becomes colder (as, blow, last) its altitude increases. There are many (thousands, winter, strong) winds in the mesosphere. These winds (keeps, from, blow) from west to east in the (are, fly, winter). In the summer, they blow from (east, on, four) to west.

The last layer of (air, seasons, airline) around our earth is called the (thermosphere, at, place). Its name means "warm place." It (blankets, degrees, is) the highest and the largest layer. (Occur, This, There) layer is very hot. Its temperature (layer, can, rays) be thousands
and thousands of degrees. \((\text{Water, Earth, It})\) is made up of gases. These \((\text{gases, begins, important})\) have temperatures that vary. At the \((\text{total, pilots, top})\) of the thermosphere is where space \((\text{beds, in, begins})\).

The atmosphere of our earth is \((\text{made, that, help})\) up of these four blankets of \((\text{air, up, do})\).

Each one of them is important \((\text{for, becomes, part})\) life on Earth.