Communities: Villages, Towns, and Cities 513
Six Minute Solutions Passage 513

A community is formed when people live together in one place. There are basically three kinds of communities. There are villages, towns, and cities. (One) of the most important differences between (them) is their populations.

A village is (the) smallest community. Most villages are farming (communities). There might be one or two (stores) in a village. A village does (not) have a police department or fire (department). It must rely on the closest (town) or city for those services. If (a) village has its own school, it (is) small.

A town is larger than (a) village, but not as large as (a) city. A town might be a (suburb) of a larger city. A town (may) have a few thousand people living (in) it. It may have a downtown (with) a small shopping area. Towns usually (have) a small police force and school (system) also. Sometimes towns have their own (hospitals).

Cities are the largest kind of (community). They have always been centers of (activity). Some cities started as centers for (religion). Other cities started as centers of (government). Cities may be financial centers. They (can) also be manufacturing centers. Some cities (are) cultural centers. Cities have many more (people) than towns. They have more sevices (for) their citizens. Cities have their own (fire) and police departments. They have hospitals (and) school systems. Cities have many types (of) housing available and several shopping areas. (People) choose to live in villages, towns, (or) cities for specific reasons. One reason (might) be the types of jobs they (have). Another reason might be the needs (of) their families. Still others choose a (place) to live based on the services (available). People select to live in the (community) that best suits their needs.
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A community is formed when people live together in one place. There are basically three kinds of (or, their, communities). There are villages, towns, and cities. (Are, City, One) of the most important differences between (them, needs, families) is their populations.

A village is (as, the, large) smallest community. Most villages are farming (shopping, communities, system). There might be one or two (cities, closest, stores) in a village. A village does (not, kind, stores) have a police department or fire (rely, department, most). It must rely on the closest (does, always, town) or city for those services. If (two, a, usually) village has its own school, it (reasons, is, sometimes) small.

A town is larger than (departments, a, can) village, but not as large as (jobs, a, largest) city. A town might be a (suburb, cultural, areas) of a larger city. A town (of, may, one) have a few thousand people living (not, in, live) it. It may have a downtown (three, when, with) a small shopping area. Towns usually (have, specific, services) a small police force and school (system, a, one) also. Sometimes towns have their own (them, larger, hospitals).

Cities are the largest kind of (between, still, community). They have always been centers of (activity, those, that). Some cities started as centers for (religion, they, villages). Other cities started as centers of (department, it, government). Cities may be financial centers. They (financial, can, also) also be manufacturing centers. Some cities (than, own, are) cultural centers. Cities have many more (thousand, people, place) than towns. They have more services (with, for, a) their citizens. Cities have their own (fire, community, it) and police departments. They have hospitals (and, cities, best) school systems. Cities have many types (of, and, may) housing available and several shopping areas.

(Citizens, Is, People) choose to live in villages, towns, (town, or, based) cities for specific reasons. One reason (select, available, might) be the types of jobs they (might, but, have). Another reason might be the needs (fire, the, of) their families. Still others choose a (its, force, place) to live based on the services (available, other, police). People select to live in the (community, sevices, has) that best suits their needs.