The London Bridge has an interesting history. The first London Bridge was built (across) the Thames River by the Romans (in) A.D. 43. It was later rebuilt (several) times. These first London Bridges were (made) of wood. Fire and floods caused (these) bridges to fall down. Finally, around 1176, (a) new London Bridge was built out (of) stone. It took 33 years to build. (People) hoped that the new London Bridge (would) last forever. Unfortunately, it did not. (As) the city of London grew, the (bridge) was too narrow and small for (the) added traffic. Its granite and rock (began) to crack and fall apart. The (bridge) was too old and had too (many) problems. By the 1960's, the London (Bridge) was starting to sink into the (Thames) River. The people of London decided (to) build an entirely new London Bridge. (They) put the old bridge up for (sale). An American named Robert McCulloch bought (the) old London Bridge. He paid more (than) two million dollars for it. At (the) time, that was the most money (ever) paid for an antique. The old (London) Bridge was taken apart rock by (rock). Each rock was numbered and packed (in) order. The rocks were sent across (the) Atlantic Ocean to Arizona. There the (bridge) was put back together again. The (process) took many years. This "new" London (Bridge) was finished on October 10, 1971. It is (in) Lake Havasu City, Arizona.
The London Bridge: From England to Arizona #417
Sopris West Six Minute Solutions #417

The London Bridge has an interesting history. The first London Bridge was built **(finally, across, rock)** the Thames River by the Romans **(as, in, first)** A.D. 43. It was later rebuilt **(london, taken, several)** times. These first London Bridges were **(fall, made, apart)** of wood. Fire and floods caused **(these, stone, later)** bridges to fall down. Finally, around 1176, **(a, narrow, of)** new London Bridge was built out **(of, into, that)** stone. It took 33 years to build. **(These, People, Crack)** hoped that the new London Bridge **(at, two, would)** last forever. Unfortunately, it did not. **(As, Atlantic, Numbered)** the city of London grew, the **(bridge, by, small)** was too narrow and small for **(the, sink, years)** added traffic. Its granite and rock **(caused, began, granite)** to crack and fall apart. The **(on, to, bridge)** was too old and had too **(paid, antique, many)** problems. By the 1960's, the London **(named, Bridge, fire)** was starting to sink into the **(Thames, robert, this)** River. The people of London decided **(times, wood, to)** build an entirely new London Bridge. **(City, They, Hoped)** put the old bridge up for **(sale, bridge, october)**.

An American named Robert McCulloch bought **(the, built, each)** old London Bridge. He paid more **(than, on, rock)** two million dollars for it. At **(million, the, people)** time, that was the most money **(bought, they, ever)** paid for an antique. The old **(dollars, new, London)** Bridge was taken apart rock by **(bridges, took, rock)**. Each rock was numbered and packed **(in, several, many)** order. The rocks were sent across **(put, the, a)** Atlantic Ocean to Arizona. There the **(did, history, bridge)** was put back together again. The **(out, process, for)** took many years. This "new" London **(rebuilt, these, Bridge)** was finished on October 10, 1971. It is **(in, made, process)** Lake Havasu City, Arizona.