Qtr. 1: Weeks 1-3

 $August\ 8-August\ 25\ \ (14\ days)$

Grade 3, Unit 1: Problem Solving

UNIT OVERVIEW: USE PLACE VALUE UNDERSTANDING & PROPERTIES OF OPERATIONS TO PERFORM MULTI-DIGIT ARITHMETIC

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: Why is place value important?

In this unit, students will investigate, understand, and use place value to manipulate numbers and continue to develop understanding of addition and subtraction and use strategies and properties to do so proficiently and fluently. Student will also tell and write time to the nearest minute and measure time intervals in minutes.

KEY VOCABULARY:

addition, subtraction, multiply, divide, dividend, divisor, quotient, place

How are addition and subtraction related? What strategies can I use to help me tell and write time to the nearest minute and measure time intervals in minutes? How do two-step word problems differ from one-step word problems?	value, addend, skip counting, hour, minute, intervals, time, difference, sum, factor, partial product, product, expanded form, round, unknown number	
Standards	/Objectives	
Mastery Standards	Standards Clarification	
 [3-OA.8] Solve two-step word problems using the four operations. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. This standard is limited to problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers; students should know how to perform operations in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order. 	[3-OA.8] Two step problems using easy/medium addition and subtraction situations (use concrete materials and/or drawings) – no judging reasonableness.	
[3-MD.1] Tell and write time to the nearest minute and measure time interval in minutes.	[3-MD.1] Tell time to nearest minute.	
Opportunity for Depth Standards	Standards Clarification	
[3-OA.3] Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups and arrays, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	[3-OA.3] Add/Sub word problems (all types), multiplication (unknown products), division (equal groups). No measurement	

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the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 = 8$) or properties of operations. By the end of		[3-OA.7] Instructional focus on: 0s, 1s, 5s, and 10s BUILDING FLUENCY				
Grade 3, know from memory all produ	Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.		Basic Fact Assessment: Addition addends less than or equal to 9			
Supporting	g Standards	Standards (Clarification			
[3-NBT.1] Use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100.		[3-NBT.1] Round to nearest 10 or 100.				
[3-NBT.2] Fluently add and subtract within 1000 using strategies and algorithms based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition/subtraction.		[3-NBT.2] Add/Subtract within 1000.				
Resources for Quarter 1 Unit 1 Some task (OA7) may need to be modified to follow MCPSS 3 rd grade multiplication progression.						
Engage New York Module 1 – (OA3, 7, 8) https://www.engageny.org/resource/g rade-3-mathematics-module-1 Module 2 Topic A (Lessons 1-3) – (MD1, NBT1, NBT2) https://www.engageny.org/resource/g rade-3-mathematics-module-2	Georgia Standards Unit 1 – (NBT1, NBT2) https://www.georgiastandards.org/Ge orgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd- Math-Unit-1.pdf Unit 2 – (OA3, OA7) https://www.georgiastandards.org/Ge orgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd- Math-Unit-2.pdf • Sharing Pumpkin Seeds • Skittles Cupcake Combo Unit 3 – (OA8) https://www.georgiastandards.org/Ge orgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd- Math-Unit-3.pdf • Read All About It • It takes 2 • Hooked on Solutions	Illustrative Math (OA3, OA7, OA8) https://www.illustrativemathematics.o rg/content-standards/3/OA (NBT1, NBT2) https://www.illustrativemathematics.o rg/content-standards/3/NBT	Math In Focus Chapter 16 - (MD1) Chapter 2 Lesson 4 - (NBT1) Chapter 3 Intro - (NBT2)			

	https://www.georgiastandards.org/Georgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd-Math-Unit-6.pdf Let's Talk About Time Daily Schedule		
	Plane Ride		
FAL: Caterpillars and Leaves (OA8,	FAL: Caterpillars and Leaves (OA8,	FAL: Caterpillars and Leaves (OA8,	FAL: Caterpillars and Leaves (OA8,
OA9)	OA9)	OA9)	OA9)
http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/co	http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/co	http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/co	http://education.ky.gov/curriculum/co
npro/Math/Documents/KDE_PS%20	npro/Math/Documents/KDE PS%20	npro/Math/Documents/KDE_PS%20	npro/Math/Documents/KDE_PS%20
Number%20Operations%20Caterpill	Number%20Operations%20Caterpill	Number%20Operations%20Caterpill	Number%20Operations%20Caterpill
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Xtra Math https://xtramath.org/#/home/index Free, individualized web based program that helps to build student fluency.

Focus Standards for Mathematical Practice

MP.7 Look for and make use of structure.

MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Unit 6 – (MD1)

Qtr. 1: Weeks 4-6			
August 28 - September 15 (14 days) Grade 3, Unit 2 Foundation of Multiplication			
UNIT OVERVIEW: FOUNDATION OF MULTIPLICATION			
In this unit, students will develop an understanding of multiplication.			
ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:	KEY VOCABULARY:		
How can multiplication be represented?	unknown product, equal groups, equation, array, commutative property of		
How does an array represent the meaning of multiplication?	multiplication, equation, factor, partial products, unknown numbers, fact		
What strategies can be used to solve real world division problems?	families, factor pairs		
How can we use patterns to solve problems?			
Standards/Objectives			
Mastery Standards	Standards Clarification		
[3-OA.1] Interpret products of whole numbers, e.g., interpret 5x7 as the total number of objects in 5 groups of 7 objects each.	[3-OA.1] Products of whole numbers (multiplication) as groups of objects.		
 For example, describe a context in which a total number of objects can be 			
expressed as 5×7 .			
[3-OA.5] Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide.	[3-OA.5] Commutative property of multiplication.		
• Examples: If $6 \times 4 = 24$ is known, then $4 \times 6 = 24$ is also known.			
[3-OA.9] Identify arithmetic patterns (including patterns in the addition	[3-OA.9] Examine patterns connected to place-value and multiplication.		
table or multiplication table), and explain them using properties of			
operations.			
• For example, observe that 4 times a number is always even, and explain why 4 times a number can be decomposed into two equal addends.			
Opportunity for Depth Standards	Standards Clarification		
[3-OA.3] Use multiplication within 100 to solve word problems in situations	[3-OA.3] Add/Sub word problems (all types), multiplication (unknown		
involving equal groups and arrays by using drawings and equations with a	products).		
symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.	No measurement		

[3-OA.7] Fluently multiply and divide within 100, using strategies such as the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 = 8$) or properties of operations. By the end of Grade 3, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

[3-OA.7] Instructional focus on: 2s, 4s, and 8s (continue to review 0s, 1s, 5s, 10s) - BUILDING FLUENCY

Basic Fact Assessment: Addition addends less than or equal to 9

Resources for Quarter 1, Unit 2				
Some task $(OA7)$ may need to be modified to follow MCPSS 3^{rd} grade multiplication progression.				
Engage New York Module 1 Topic A,	Georgia Standards Unit 2 – (OA1,	Illustrative Math – (OA7, OA9)	Math In Focus	
C (Lessons 7-9) – (OA1, OA3, OA5,	OA5)	Addition Patterns	Chapter 6 Lesson 2 – (OA1, OA3)	
OA7)	https://www.georgiastandards.org/Ge	https://www.illustrativemathematics.o	Chapter 6 Lessons 1 & 4 – (OA3,	
https://www.engageny.org/resource/g	orgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd-	rg/content-	OA5, OA7)	
rade-3-mathematics-module-1	Math-Unit-2.pdf	standards/3/OA/D/9/tasks/953		
	One Hundred Hungry Ants!	Making a ten		
	Arrays on the Farm	https://www.illustrativemathematics.o		
	What's My Product?	rg/content-		
	J The state of the	standards/3/OA/D/9/tasks/955		
		Patterns in the multiplication table		
		https://www.illustrativemathematics.o		
		rg/content-		
		standards/3/OA/D/9/tasks/956		
		Kiri's Multiplication Matching Game		
		https://www.illustrativemathematics.o		
		rg/content-		
		standards/3/OA/C/7/tasks/2064		

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Qtr. 1: Weeks 7-9

September 18 - October 6 (15 Days)

Grade 3, Unit 3: Foundations of Division

KEY VOCABULARY:

UNIT OVERVIEW: FOUNDATION OF DIVISION

ESSENTIAL OUESTIONS:

In this unit, students will develop an understanding of division. Students will develop an understanding of the relationship between multiplication and division.

In what ways can division be represented? unknown product, equal groups, equation, array, commutative property of How are multiplication and division alike and different? multiplication, equation, factor, partial products, unknown numbers, divide, How can we model division? dividend, divisor, quotient, decomposing, subtraction How can you use patterns to solve multiplication and division problems? Standards/Objectives **Mastery Standards Standards Clarification** [3-OA.2] Interpret whole-number quotients of whole numbers, [3-OA.2] Quotients of whole numbers (divide), partitioning/equal shares. e.g., interpret $56 \div 8$ as the number of objects in each share when 56 objects are partitioned equally into 8 shares, or as a number of shares when 56 *Division problems should be related to multiplication facts already taught.* objects are partitioned into equal shares of 8 objects each. • For example, describe a context in which a number of shares or a number of groups can be expressed as $56 \div 8$. [3-OA.4] Determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or [3-OA.4] Unknown whole in multiplication/division. division equation relating three whole numbers. • For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in each of the equations $8 \times \square = 48$, $5 = \square \div 3$, $6 \times 6 = \square$ [3-OA.9] Examine patterns connected to place-value and multiplication. [3-OA.9] Identify arithmetic patterns (including patterns in the addition table or multiplication table), and explain them using properties of operations. • For example, observe that 4 times a number is always even, and explain why 4 times a number can be decomposed into two equal addends.

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Opportunity for	Depth Standards	Standards Clarification	
[3-OA.3] Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems in situations involving equal groups and arrays, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the quantities.		[3-OA.3] Add/Sub word problems (all types), multiplication (unknown products), division (equal groups). No measurement	
the relationship between multiplication and division (e.g., knowing that $8 \times 5 = 40$, one knows $40 \div 5 = 8$) or properties of operations. By the end of		[3-OA.7] Instructional focus on: 0s, BUILDING FLUENCY Basic Fact Assessment: Addition add	
~	Resources for Quarter 1, Unit 3		
	k (OA7) may need to be modified to foll		
Engage New York Module 1 Topic D (Lesson 12-13) E (Lesson 14) – (OA2, OA3, OA4, OA7) https://www.engageny.org/resource/grade-3-mathematics-module-1	Georgia Standards Unit 2 – (OA2, OA3, OA5) https://www.georgiastandards.org/Georgia-Standards/Frameworks/3rd-Math-Unit-2.pdf The Doorbell Rang Family Reunion Skittles Cupcake Combo Stuck on Division	Illustrative Math - (OA2, OA4, OA9) Fish Tanks https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content- standards/3/OA/A/2/tasks/1531 Symmetry of the addition table https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content- standards/3/OA/D/9/tasks/954 Markers in Boxes https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content- standards/3/OA/A/2/tasks/1540 Finding the unknown in a division equation https://www.illustrativemathematics.org/content- standards/3/OA/A/4/tasks/1814	Math In Focus Chapter 6 Lessons 6 & 7 (OA2, OA3) OA4)
Xtra Math https:/	/xtramath.org/#/home/index Free, individ	lualized web based program that helps to b	uild student fluency.
	Focus Standards for I	Mathematical Practice	· · · · · ·
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