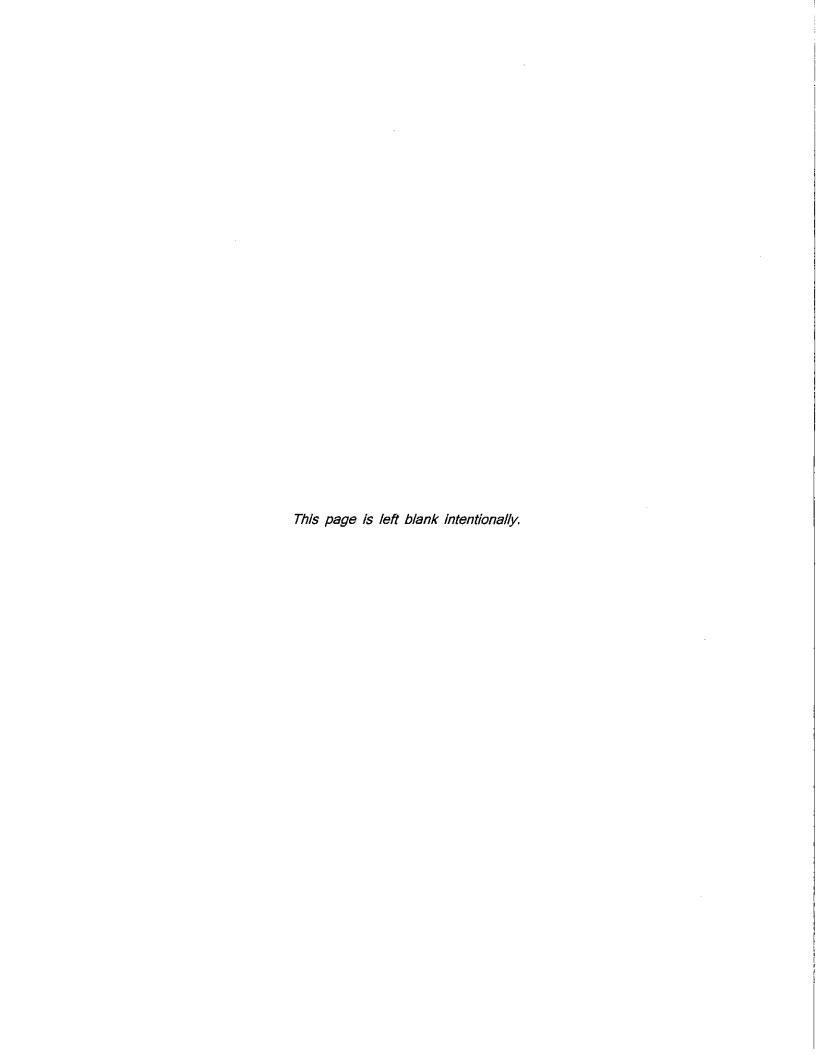
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019



Lovvorn & Kieschnick
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

LOVVORN & KIESCHNICK, LLP



ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

AUGUST 31, 2019

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

JACOB ROMERO PRESIDENT

JANIE G. VARGAS VICE-PRESIDENT

MARK MORENO SECRETARY

BENJAMIN BREWER MEMBER

JON R. WHATLEY MEMBER

ANTHONY MARTINEZ MEMBER

MAX MORENO MEMBER

OTHER OFFICIALS

YOLANDA CARR SUPERINTENDENT

TONYA ROMERO BUSINESS MANAGER



Odem-Edroy Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Odem-Edroy Independent School District
Name of School District

San Patricio County 205905 Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) \underline{X} approved __disapproved for the period ended August 31, 2019, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the <u>13th</u> day of <u>January</u>, <u>2020</u>.

Janie G. Vargas Board Secretary Jacob Romero Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)







Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Odem-Edroy Independent School District One Owl Square Odem, Texas 78370

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Odem-Edroy Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2019, Odem-Edroy Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2019, Odem-Edroy Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2020 on our consideration of Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

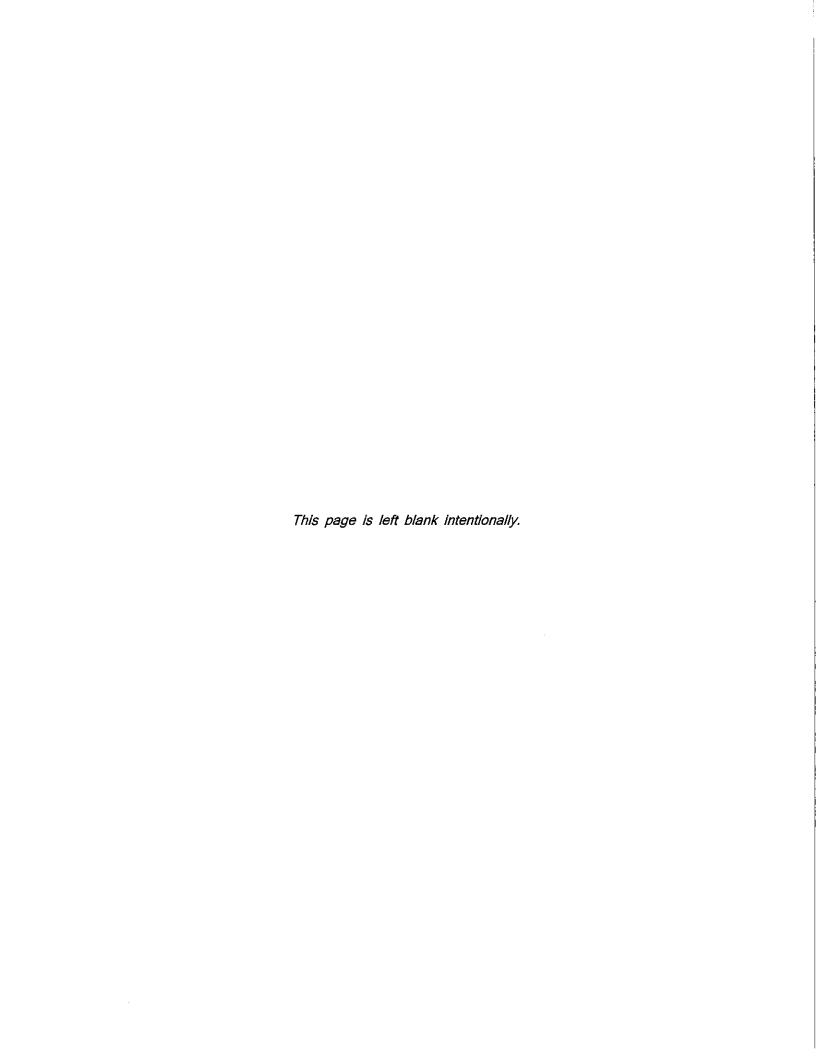
Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lovern + Kieschnick, 270

Corpus Christi, TX January 9, 2020







ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019 UNAUDITED

This section of Odem-Edroy Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

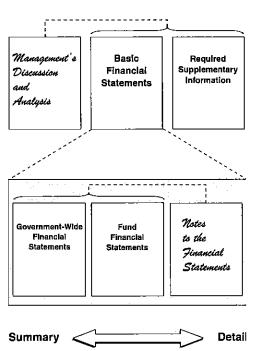
- The District's total combined net position was \$1,704,989 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$1,706,291 less than the \$14,787,881 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$4,234,065.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Internal Service fund—The District's worker compensation insurance coverage costs are accounted
 for in an internal service fund. Costs related to worker compensation insurance coverage services
 provided to parties inside the District are distributed to the users of support services on a costreimbursement basis.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these

activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$1,704,989 at August 31, 2019. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
Odem-Edroy Independent School District's Net Position
(in millions of dollars)

`	•		Total
	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2019	2018	2019-2018
	_		
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4.5	2.8	60.7%
Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	0.4	0.4	0.0%
Due from Other Governments	0.6	0.5	20.0%
Other Current Assets	-	0.1	-100.0%
Capital Assets			
Land	0.6	0.6	0.0%
Buildings, Net	30.1	30.8	-2.3%
Furniture and Equipment, Net	0.6	0.6	0.0%
Total Assets	36.8	35.8	2.8%
10141710000			2.070
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Charge for Refundings	_	_	0.0%
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	1.5	0.5	200.0%
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	0.5	0.1	400.0%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2.0	0.6	233.3%
Total Deletted Gathows of Mesodices			200.070
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	0.2	0.1	100.0%
Accrued Liabilities	0.3	0.3	0.0%
Unearned Revenue	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Due to Other Governments	-	0.5	-100.0%
Noncurrent Liabilities		0.0	
Due within One Year	0.7	0.6	16.7%
Due in More Than One Year	27.2	27.8	-2.2%
Net Pension Liability	3.0	1.7	76.5%
Net OPEB Liability	4.0	3.4	17.6%
Total Liabilities	35.5	34.5	2.9%
Total Elasimios			_,,,,
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	0.3	0.5	-40.0%
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1.3	1.4	-7.1%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1.6	1.9	-15.8%
Total Bololica Illiano di Titada.			
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3.4	3.9	-12.8%
Restricted	0.3	0.1	200.0%
Unrestricted	(2.0)	(4.0)	-50.0%
Total Net Position	1.7	0.0	0.0%

The (\$2,056,934) of unrestricted net position represents that part of the net position that is not restricted by parties outside the District.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenues were \$14.8 million. A significant portion, 35 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. 43 percent comes from state aid—formula grants, while only 18 percent from operating grants, and 4 percent other.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$13.1 million.

Governmental Activities

• The Maintenance and Operation tax rate was \$1.17. The Interest and Sinking property tax rate remained the same at \$0.50.

Table A-2
Changes in Odem-Edroy Independent School District's Net Position
(in millions of dollars)

· ·	Govern Activ	mental	Total Percentage Change
	2019	2018*	2019-2018
Program Revenues:			-
Charges for Services	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Operating Grants and Contributions	2.6	2.2	18.2%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	5.2	5.1	2.0%
State Aid – Formula	6.4	3.9	64.1%
Investment Earnings	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Other	0.4	0.7	-42.9%
Total Revenues	14.8	12.1	22.3%
Expenses:			
Instruction	6.0	3.8	57.9%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	0.2	0.1	100.0%
Curriculum Dev. and Instructional Staff Dev.	0.3	0.4	-25.0%
Instructional Leadership	0.1	-	0.0%
School Leadership	0.7	0.4	75.0%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	0.2	0.2	0.0%
Health Services	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	0.4	0.3	33.3%
Food Services	0.7	0.5	40.0%
Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	0.8	0.7	14.3%
General Administration	0.7	0.5	40.0%
Plant Maintenance & Operations	1.6	1.5	6.7%
Data Processing Services	0.2	0.2	0.0%
Debt Service	1.0	1.0	0.0%
Capital Outlay		0.4	-100.0%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Total Expenses	13.1	10.2	28.4%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1.7	1.9	-10.5%

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$13.1 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$5.2 million. Some of the cost was paid by grants totaling \$2.6 million.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

Table A-3

Net Cost of Selected Odem-Edroy Independent School District Functions
(in millions of dollars)

		Cost of vices				
	2019	2018*	% Change	2019	2018*	% Change
Instruction	6.0	3.8	57.9%	4.7	3.0	56.7%
School Administration	0.7	0.5	40.0%	0.6	0.4	50.0%
Plant Maintenance & Operations	1.6	1.5	6.7%	1.5	1.4	7.1%
Debt Service - Interest & Fiscal Charges	1.0	1.0	0.0%	1.0	1.0	0.0%

^{*}Certain functional expenses reported for 2018 in Tables A-2 and A-3 were significantly reduced due to negative NECE expenses due to changes in benefits within the TRS-care plan.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$14.4 million, an increase of 3% from the preceding year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. Actual expenditures were \$847,014 under final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from capital outlay expenditures. Revenues were over budget by \$1,072,226.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2019, the District had invested \$41.8 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$0.7 million.

Table A-4
Odem-Edroy Independent School District's Capital Assets
(in millions of dollars)

			Total
	Governr	nental	Percentage
	Áctivi	ties	Change
	2019	2018	2019-2018
Land	0.6	0.6	0.0%
Buildings and Improvements	37.4	37.4	0.0%
Vehicles	1.4	1.2	16.7%
Equipment	2.4	2.3	4.3%
Totals at Historical Cost	41.8	41.5	0.7%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10.5	9.5	9.5%
Net Capital Assets	31.3	32.0	-1.9%

Long Term Obligations

At year-end the District had \$25.9 million in bonds outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

The District had the following obligations at August 31, 2019:

Table A-5Odem-Edroy Independent School District's Long-Term Obligations (in millions of dollars)

	Govern		Total Percentage
	Activ	rities	Change
	2019	2018 _	2019-2018
Bonds Payable	25.9	26.2	-1.1%
Plus Premiums and Accretion	1.9	2.2	-13.6%
Capital Leases	0.1	-	0.0%
Total Debt - Bonds and Notes	27.9	28.4	-1.8%
Net Pension Liability	3.0	1.7	76.5%
Net OPEB Liability	4.0	3.4	17.6%
·			
Total Long-Term Obligations	34.9	33.5	4.2%
•			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The Texas coastal area economy remains strong due to its ties to the oil and gas industry, agriculture, tourism, and the port. Our local District property values are stable. The District partners in one Chapter 313 Value Limitations Agreement, which provides a positive financial gain on District revenues.
- The District completed a Property Values Review.
- The District is always focused on adding to Fund Balance, which increased in 2019.
- Hurricane Harvey, which hit in August 2017, damaged District facilities. The District received insurance and grant funds to begin the process of repairing roof damages.
- The District's refined average daily attendance continues to be a daily focus.
- The District enrollment has become more stable. The District is focused on expanding course offering and seeking industry partnerships to expand programs that align with students. Parents have choices for their students to attend other nearby schools being as close as 7-10 miles within the OEISD boundaries. (i.e. public schools)
- The District serves a large population of economically disadvantaged students, and their needs are great and diverse which directly impacts our financial needs and the budget development process. The District qualified for four years of Community Eligibility Program (CEP) after Hurricane Harvey. This was year two.
- For the fiscal year 2018-19, the District was able to provide "step" and the "3-2-1" pay increases to eligible employees.

The District passed a \$93,290 deficit budget for 2019-2020 with revenue available for appropriation in the amount of \$11,486,276 and expected expenditures equaling \$11,579,566. Additional funds brought by HB3 will help support salary increases, provide additional student assisted services and update transportation, and secure facilities for our students and staff.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.







ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTSTATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2019

			1
Data			
Control			Governmental
Codes	_		Activities
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		371,699
1240	Due from Other Governments		595,556
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		11,173
1300	Inventories		25,832
1410	Unrealized Expenses		28,664
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		551,499
1520			30,098,780
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		669,090
1800	Restricted Assets		1,375
1000	Total Assets		36,820,370
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		34,663
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		1,494,420
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		445,376
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,974,459
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		151,187
2140	Interest Payable		45,725
2165	Accrued Liabilities		311,761
2300	Unearned Revenue		64,327
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year		726,744
2502	Due in More Than One Year		27,238,438
2540	Net Pension Liability		2,991,451
2545	Net OPEB Liability		3,969,172
2000	Total Liabilities		35,498,805
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		335,888
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		1,255,147
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,591,035
	NET POSITION:		
3200			3 403 063
3 2 00	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		3,402,063
3820	Federal and State Programs		62,280
3840	Other		25,020
3850	Debt Service		272,560
3900	Unrestricted		(2,056,934)
3000	Total Net Position	<u>.</u> \$	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		1 Expenses	-	3 Program Charges for Services	(4 Ues Operating Grants and contributions	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
11	Governmental Activities: Instruction	\$	6,035,357	\$	1,180	\$	1,316,454	\$	(4,717,723)
12	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services	φ	136,200	Φ	1,100	Φ	16,484	Φ	(119,716)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		299,942				117,091		(182,851)
	•		299,942 50,496				3,668		(46,828)
21 23	Instructional Leadership		685,767				78,846		(606,921)
23 31	School Leadership		•				34,455		
	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services Health Services		215,948				13,541		(181,493)
33 34			117,120				38,837		(103,579)
	Student Transportation Food Service		414,079		28,034		642,966		(375,242)
35			721,074		•		•		(50,074)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		809,237		39,104		59,086		(711,047)
41	General Administration		685,760				114,581 132,636		(571,179) (1,487,855)
51 50	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,620,491				600		
52 50	Security and Monitoring Services		9,274						(8,674)
53	Data Processing Services		164,918				18,774		(146,144)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,026,919						(1,026,919)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		1,500						(1,500)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		87,508	-		_	0.500.010	_	(87,508)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	_	13,081,590	φ-	68,318	_	2,588,019	_	(10,425,253)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$ <u></u>	13,081,590	\$ __	68,318	\$ <u></u>	2,588,019	_	(10,425,253)
MT DT		Property Ta	xes, Levied for C xes, Levied for D		•				3,258,825 1,556,292
		Chapter 313							207,297
IE 0.0		Investment	•						96,268
GC				t Hestr	icted to Specific F	rogram.	s		6,368,924
MI		Miscellaneo						_	643,938
TR			eral Revenues					_	12,131,544
CN		•	Net Position						1,706,291
NB		Net Position						_	(1,302)
NE		Net Position -	· Ending					\$_	1,704,989

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTBALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro	1		10 General		50 Debt Service	C.	Other overnmental	_	98 Total overnmental
Codes	•		Fund		Fund	G	Funds	G	Funds
Codes	ASSETS:	_	Tunu	_	T UTIU		i unus		Tunus
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,210,120	\$	174,672	\$	20,667	\$	4,405,459
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net	•	289,764	*	81,935	*	,	•	371,699
1240	Due from Other Governments		373,572		833		221,151		595,556
1260	Due from Other Funds		213,745		58,155		12,413		284,313
1290	Other Receivables		8,783		2,390				11,173
1300	Inventories		6,392				19,440		25,832
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		28,664						28,664
1800	Restricted Assets						1,375		1,375
1000	Total Assets	=	5,131,040	_	317,985	_	275,046	_	5,724,071
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:	_							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	52,046	\$		\$	99,141	\$	151,187
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		9,301				 0 E90		9,301
2160 2170	Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds		262,366 219,170				9,589 56,085		271,955 275,255
2300	Unearned Revenue		64,327				50,065		64,327
2000	Total Liabilities		607,210			_	164,815	_	772,025
2000	Total Elabilities	-	007,210			_	104,013	_	772,023
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Deferred Revenue		289,765		81,934				371,699
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	289,765	_	81,934	_			371,699
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3410	Inventories		6,392				19,440		25,832
3430	Prepaid Items		28,664						28,664
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions						42,840		42,840
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				236,051				236,051
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance						38,236		38,236
0545	Committed Fund Balances:						0.715		0.715
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		4 100 000				9,715		9,715
3600 3000	Unassigned Total Fund Balances		4,199,009 4,234,065	_	236,051		110,231	_	4,199,009 4,580,347
3000	Total Fullo Dalatices		4,234,000	_	200,001		110,231		4,000,047
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	5,131,040	\$_	317,985	\$	275,046	\$	5,724,071

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	4,580,347
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		31,319,369
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		371,700
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		21,680
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(25,919,998)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(155,526)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(45,725)
Unamortized deferred charge for refunding is not reported in the funds.		34,663
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(2,991,451)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(335,889)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		1,494,420
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.		(1,889,658)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(3,969,172)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,255,147)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	_	445,376
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	1,704,989

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			10		50				98
Data					Debt		Other		Total
Contro	l		General		Service		Governmental	(Governmental
Codes	3		Fund		Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,060,395	\$	1,573,350	\$	196,686	\$	5,830,431
5800	State Program Revenues		6,518,100		47,573		356,699		6,922,372
5900	Federal Program Revenues		420,952				1,223,188	_	1,644,140
5020	Total Revenues	_	10,999,447	_	1,620,923		1,776,573	_	14,396,943
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		4,383,566				835,532		5,219,098
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		116,618						116,618
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		160,747				102,979		263,726
0021	Instructional Leadership		45,739						45,739
0023	School Leadership		586,350						586,350
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		168,526				16,236		184,762
0033			100,452						100,452
0034	Student Transportation		548,315						548,315
0035	Food Service						634,289		634,289
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		601,144				139,342		740,486
0041	General Administration		585,698				15,607		601,305
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,478,586						1,478,586
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		8,541						8,541
0053	Data Processing Services		142,522						142,522
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		43,474		282,245				325,719
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt				1,365,368				1,365,368
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				1,500				1,500
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		87,508					_	87,508
6030	Total Expenditures	_	9,057,786	_	1,649,113		1,743,985	_	12,450,884
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	1,941,661	_	(28,190)		32,588	_	1,946,059
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7913		_	199,000	_				_	199,000
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		199,000					_	199,000
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		2,140,661		(28,190)		32,588		2,145,059
					004.044		77.040		2,435,288
	Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending		2,093,404 4,234,065		264,241 236,051	\$	77,643 110,231		4,580,347

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,145,059
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	247,446
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(907,056)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	507
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	282,245
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	43,474
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	250,965
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(80)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	8,696
Amortization of bond premium and deferred amount is an expense in the SOA but not in the funds.	87,564
Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(199,000)
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	(192,441)
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized.	 (61,088)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 1,706,291

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2019

	31 31, 2019		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
Data	1		
Control			Insurance
Codes	=	-	Fund
	ASSETS:		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	61,243
	Receivables:		
1260	Due from Other Funds		148,602
	Total Current Assets	•	209,845
1000	Total Assets	•	209,845
2170 2200 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenses Total Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	157,660 30,505 188,165 188,165
3900 3000	NET POSITION: Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	21,680 21,680

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
Data Control	Insurance
Codes	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 48,645
5020 Total Revenues	48,645
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
6200 Professional and Contracted Services	32,746
6400 Other Operating Costs	7,203
6030 Total Expenses	39,949
1300 Change in Net Position	8,696
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning	12,984
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$ <u>21,680</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	_	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Φ.	
Cash Received from Customers	\$	
Cash Received from Grants		
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external Operating Transactions with Other Funds		48,645
		40,040
Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(42,682)
Cash Payments for Grants to Other Organizations		(42,002)
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		5,963
Met Gash Florided (Osed) by Operating Activities	_	3,300
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Proceeds (Payments) from (for) Borrowings		35,641
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	_	35,641
	_	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	_	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		41,604
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	19,639
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <u></u>	61,243
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	8,696
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		
Increase (Decrease) in Interfund Payables		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		(2,733)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		<u></u>
Total Adjustments		(2,733)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$_	5,963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

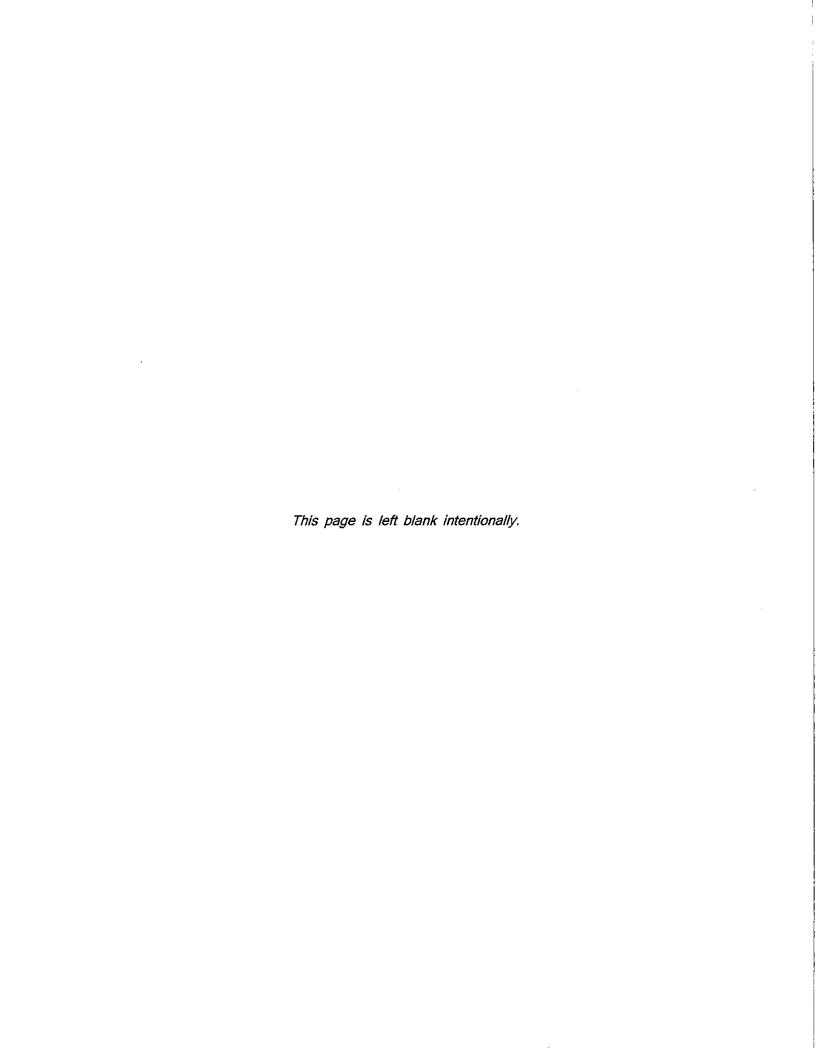
ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2019	Private-purpose Trust Fund	Agency Fund
Data Control	Scholarship	Student
Codes ASSETS:	Trust Fund	Activity
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 604,789	\$ 30,209
1000 Total Assets	604,789	30,209
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities:		
2190 Due to Student Groups	\$ - -	\$30,209_
2000 Total Liabilities		30,209
NET POSITION:		
3800 Held in Trust - Temporarily Restricted	4,789	
3801 Held in Trust - Permanently Restricted	600,000	
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 604,789	\$

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Fund Scholarship Fund
Additions:	
Investment Income	\$ 4,202
Contributions	5,200
Total Additions	9,402
Deductions:	
Scholarship Awards	5,7 <u>50</u>
Total Deductions	5,750
Change in Net Position	3,652
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	601,137
Net Position-End of the Year	\$ <u>604,789</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Odem-Edroy Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for the general long-term debt principal and interest for debt issues and other long-term debts for which tax has been dedicated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings Building Improvements Vehicles Office Equipment Computer Equipment	50 20 10 7 7

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

Except for delinquent taxes, there are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within within one year of year end.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

i, Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation

In the General Fund, certain functional expenditures exceeded appropriated amounts due to a capital lease purchase of buses.

In the National School Breakfast & Lunch Program, the value of donated commodities was not budgeted.

Action Taken

In the future, the budget will be amended before overspending when financing with capital leases.

in the future, the budget will allow for the value of donated commodities received by the District.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name None reported Amount
Not applicable

Remarks
Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the protfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The district is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$694,151 and the bank balance was \$898,947. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments:

As of August 31, 2019 the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Inv	estment Maturitie	s (in Years)	
Investments	-	Fair Values	Less than 1	1 to 2	2 to 3
Investment in Lone Star	\$_	3,807,539 \$	3,807,539		
Investment in TexPool		10	10		
Certificate of Deposits		600,000	600,000		
Total Fair Value	\$_	4,407,549 \$	4,407,549 \$:	\$

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with state law and District policy, the District does not pruchase any investments with maturities greater than 10 years.

Credit Risk - In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy investments in mutual funds, and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, counties, etc. must be rated at least A. the District's investments in investment pools were rated AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk -The District does not place a limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The District does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possesion of an outside party. The District does not have a custodial credit risk.

Federated Investors manages the assets, provides participant services, and arranges for all custody and other functions in support of TexPool operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. The state comptroller maintains oversight responsibility for TexPool, including the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. GASB 31 allows 2a7-like pools to use amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to report net assets to compute share price. The fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

Lone Star Investment Pool is administered by First Public. The fair value of the funds in Lone Star is also the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

same fair value as Lone Star shares.

Limitations exist for withdrawals in this way: ACH (Automated Clearing House) withdrawals from Lone Star and TexPool are restricted to the account designated by the direct deposit form currently on record. The current authorized direct deposit form designates only the District Depository Bank as the entitiy to use for deposits or withdrawals by ACH. The Superintendent must authorize any new or replacement direct deposit form that would alter or replace the depository bank.

Limitations exist for wire transfers in this way: A Wire Transfer to or from Lone Star or TexPool requires two signatures from authorized representatives in order to be processed.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					,
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land \$	551,499 \$	\$		\$	551,499
Construction in progress				_	<u> </u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	551,499				551,499
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	37,383,575	24,426			37,408,001
Equipment	2,358,892	24,020			2,382,912
Vehicles	1,218,248	199,000			1,417,248
Total capital assets being depreciated	40,960,715	247,446			41,208,161
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(6,536,259)	(772,963)			(7,309,222)
Equipment	(2,064,391)	(87,228)			(2,151,619)
Vehicles	(932,586)	(46,865)			(979,451)
Total accumulated depreciation	(9,533,236)	(907,056)		_	(10,440,292)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	31,427,479	(659,610)			30,767,869
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$_	31,978,978 \$	(659,610) \$		_\$_	31,319,368

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 445,830
Instructional Resources and Media Services	9,940
Curriculum and Staff Development	22,599
Instructional Leadership	3,923
School Leadership	49,885
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	15,745
Health Services	8,528
Student Transportation	46,865
Food Services	50,708
Extracurricular Activities	62,656
General Administration	52,122
Plant Maintenance and Operations	125,347
Security and Monitoring Services	733
Data Processing Services	12,175
-	\$ 907,056

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	\$ 157,660	To cover claims
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	56,085	Short-term loans
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	148,602	To cover claims
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	58,155	Debt service payments
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	12,413	Short-term loans
	Total	\$ 432,915	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

There are no transfers to and from funds at August 31, 2019.

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/18	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/19	Amounts Due Within One Year
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Bonds, Series 2006	, 4.00%	4,834,997	22,244		22,244		
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2015	4.00%	23,080,000	22,655,000	-	260,000	22,395,000	325,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2016 Sub-Totals	2.00% to 4.00%	3,585,000	3,525,000 26,202,244		 282,244	3,525,000 25,920,000	275,000 600,000
Capital Leases				199,000	43,474	155,526	36,288
Accretion on Refundings			250,965	11,791	262,756		
Bond Premiums on Refunding			1,980,114		90,456	1,889,658	90,456

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net Pension Liability		1,709,434	1,465,102	183,085	2,991,451	
Net OPEB Liability		3,365,556	658,455	54,839	3,969,172	
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	33,508,313 \$	2,334,348 \$	916,854 \$	34,925,807 \$	726,744

2. Debt Service Requirements

Governmental Activiy Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending	Gen	eral Obligation Bon	ds
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	600,000	1,097,413	1,697,413
2021	615,000	1,082,163	1,697,163
2022	630,000	1,063,712	1,693,712
2023	650,000	1,044,812	1,694,812
2024	670,000	1,025,313	1,695,313
2025-2029	3,665,000	4,793,913	8,458,913
2030-2034	4,560,000	4,067,881	8,627,881
2035-2039	5,660,000	3,078,268	8,738,268
2040-2044	7,205,000	1,532,000	8,737,000
2045	1,665,000	83,250	1,748,250
Totals	\$ 25,920,000 \$	18,868,725 \$	44,788,725

General Obligation Bonds are paid by the Debt Service Fund.

Defeased Bonds Outstanding -

The District had no defeased bonds outstanding as of August 31, 2019.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions

Odem-Edroy Independent School District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Events Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Odem-Edroy Independent School District.

3. Capital Leases

During 2019, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement for the acquisition of two school buses at a cost of \$199,000. Beginning in 2019, the annual lease payment is \$43,474, payable in five equal annual installments at 4.62%.

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments from the General Fund as of August 31, 2019 as follows:

Year Ending August 31:	
2020	43,474
2021	43,474
2022	43,474
2023	43,474
Total	 173,896
Less amount representing interest	(18,370)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 155,526

The effective interest rate on the capital lease is 4.62%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggragate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct and independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

Worker's Compensation

The District has established the Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund to account for and finance workers compensation claims. It is a modified self-insurance plan, known as SchoolComp. The Plan year began September 1, 2018 and ended September 1, 2019. The District's maximum financial exposure for the plan year is \$97,576. Any costs above \$97,576 or the 2018-2019 plan year are the shared responsibility of the remaining School Comp members. The District's self-insured retention per occurrence is \$29,273.

Costs for any one claim above the self-insured retention are the shared resposibility of the remaining SchoolComp members. Excess insurance is provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation and admitted carrier. The policy provides for specific stop-loss attachment at \$350,000 per occurrence and aggregate stop-loss attachment at \$9,269,262. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior-year and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for losses relating to catastrophes. That reserve was \$21,680 at 8/31/19 and is reported as net assets in the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund. The claims liability of \$30,505 reported in the fund at 8/31/19, is based on the information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonable estimated.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past year are:

Unpaid claims, beginning of year
Company of the and abandon in actionate
Current year claims and changes in estimate
Claim payments
• •
Unpaid claims, end of year

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	08/31/19	08/31/18
\$	33,238 \$	49,998
	37,565	45,548
	(40,298)	(62,308)
\$_	30,505 \$	33,238

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

H. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 187,247
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 470,544
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 346,883

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Single Discount Rate 6.907%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return As of August 31, 2018				
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *	
Global Equity				
U.S.	18.0%	5.7%	1.0%	
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	6.9%	0.9%	
Emerging Markets	9.0%	8.9%	0.8%	
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.5%	0.1%	
Private Equity	13.0%	10.2%	1.3%	
Stable Value				
U.S. Treasuries	11.0%	1.1%	0.1%	
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.1%	0.1%	
Cash	1.0%	-0.3%	0.0%	
Real Return				
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	0.7%	0.0%	
Real Assets	14.0%	5.2%	0.7%	
Energy & Natural Resources	5.0%	7.5%	0.4%	
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Risk Parity				
Risk Parity	5.0%	3.7%	0.2%	
Inflation Expectation			2.3%	
Alpha			-0.8%	
Total	100.0%		7.2%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1%		1%
	Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
	Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
	5.907%	6.907%	7.907%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,514,817	\$ 2,991,451	\$ 1,758,196

 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,991,451 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,991,451
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 5,671,295
Total	\$ 8,662,746

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0054348%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0000886% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- --- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- --- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- --- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- --- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.

^{**} The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

- --- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- --- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$940,995 and revenue of \$561,307 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	18,646 \$	73,398
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,078,562	33,705
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			56,760
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		209,965	172,026
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	187,247	
Total	\$_	1,494,420 \$	335,889

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year Ended		Expense
August 31		Amount
2020	_\$_	269,456
2021	\$	150,010
2022	\$	117,501
2023	\$	153,289
2024	\$	159,763
Thereafter	\$	121,264

I. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018				
Medicare Non-Medicare				
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200		
Retiree and Spouse	529	689		
Retiree* and Children	468	408		
Retiree and Family 1,020 999				

^{*} or surviving spouse

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution	Rates	
	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%_

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 52,774
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 39,670
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 77,749

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases. and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality

General Inflation Wage Inflation

Rates of Retirement

Rates of Termination

Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate *	3.69% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***
Healthcare Trend Rates **	8.50% **

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment	
Benefit Changes	None

^{*}Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,724,679	\$ 3,969,172	\$ 3,371,518

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources
Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,969,172 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,969,172
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$_	5,635,417
Total	\$	9,604,589

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0079493%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0002100% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

^{**8.50%} for FY2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for FY2027 and later years.

^{***} Includes inflation at 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

i"	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,296,462	\$ 3,969,172	\$ 4,855,146

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- --- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- --- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section B for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- --- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- --- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

- --- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- --- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- --- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$318,845 and revenue of \$204,983 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 210,629 \$	62,639
Changes in actuarial assumptions	66,235	1,192,508
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	694	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	115,044	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	52,774	
Total	\$ 445,376 \$	1,255,147

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Amount
2020	\$ (141,904)
2021	\$ (141,904)
2022	\$ (141,904)
2023	\$ (142,036)
2024	\$ (142,114)
Thereafter	\$ (152,683)

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$25,711.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$125 per pay period per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2019, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Aetna are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2019.

L. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2019, are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments and are summarized below:

		State	State	Federal		
Fund	E	Entitlements	Grants	Grants		Total
General	\$	373,572 \$		\$ 	\$	373,572
Debt Service		833				833
Other Governmental				221,15	1	221,151
Total	\$	374,405 \$		\$ 221,15	1\$_	595,556

M. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:

		Other		
		General		
Revenue Description		Funds	Funds	Total
Grant Programs	\$_		\$	\$
Total Unearned Revenue	\$_	64,327	\$	\$64,327

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

N. Tax Abatements

The Odem-Edroy ISD Board of Trustees has approved an agreement with one company for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School Distict Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and date centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The applications, the agreements and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ ch313/agreement-docs.php.

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the district for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that a company terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or is successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, the the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec. 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

Below is the abatement information that is required by GASB Statement No. 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the District but does not include any I&S impact.

	< A >	< B > Project's	< C >	< D <	< E > Company	< F > Company	< G > Net Benefit
	Project Value	Value Limitation Amount	Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes	Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes	Revenue Loss Payment to School District	Supplemental Payment to School District	(Loss) to the School District 2018
Project	2018	2018	Paid 2018	Reduced 2018	2018	2018	(C+E+F)
1.	\$44,140,200	\$10,000,000	\$31,981	\$484,459	\$22,522	\$184,775	\$239,278

Project Description

EC & R Papalote Creek Wind Farm I (Application #139)
 First Year Value Limitation: 2011

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

O. Fund Balance

The following is a summary of Governmental Fund fund balances of the District at the year ended August 31, 2019:

General Fund

Nonspendable:		
Inventories	\$	6,392
Prepaid Items		28,664
,		35,056
Unassigned		4,199,009
Total General Fund fund balance		4,234,065
Debt Service Fund		
Restricted For:		
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		236,051
Other Governmental Funds:		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories		19,440
Restricted:		
Child Nutrition		42,840
Donor Fund		23,919
Monsanto Fund		1,101
Capital Acquisition		13,216
		81,076
Committed:		
Campus Activity	_	9,715
Total Other Governmental Fund fund balances		110,231
Total Governmental Fund fund balances	\$	4,580,347

	Required Supp	lementary Informa	tion	
Required supplementary Accounting Standards Boa	information includes financiand but not considered a part of	al information and disclos the basic financial statemer	ures required by the nts.	Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		ariance with
Control			Budgete	d Ar	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:					_			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,392,849	\$	3,929,091	\$	4,060,395	\$	131,304
5800	State Program Revenues		5,679,477		5,679,477		6,518,100		838,623
5900	Federal Program Revenues		188,655	_	318,653		420,952		102,299
5020	Total Revenues		9,260,981		9,927,221		10,999,447		1,072,226
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:		. =		4.045.007		1 000 500		000 004
0011	Instruction		4,568,460		4,615,897		4,383,566		232,331
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		139,176		139,176		116,618		22,558
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	190,013	_	190,013	_	160,747	_	29,266
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	4,897,649	_	4,945,086	_	4,660,931	_	284,155
	Instructional and Cahaol Loadership:								
0021	Instructional and School Leadership: Instructional Leadership		56,457		56,457		45,739		10,718
0021	School Leadership		623,189		623,189		586,350		36,839
0023	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	679,646	-	679,645	-	632,089	_	47,556
	Total instructional & School Leadership	-	073,040	-	079,043	-	002,003	-	47,000
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		186,077		186,077		168,526		17,551
0033	Health Services		102,188		102,188		100,452		1,736
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		275,557		419,210		548,315		(129,105)
0034	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		652,278		677,959		601,144		76,815
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	1,216,100	-	1,385,434	-	1,418,437	_	(33,003)
	Total capport convices Classiff (Lapin)	-	1,270,100	-	1,000,101	-	1,110,101	-	(00,000)
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		623,049		623,049		585,698		37,351
*	Total Administrative Support Services	-	623,049	-	623,049	_	585,698	_	37,351
	11	_		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,558,041		1,924,627		1,478,586		446,041
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		9,600		9,600		8,541		1,059
0053	Data Processing Services		212,359		212,359		142,522		69,837
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	1,780,000	_	2,146,585	_	1,629,649	_	516,936
		_		_		-		_	
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	_		_		_	43,474	_	(43,474)
	Total Debt Service	_		_		_	43,474	_	(43,474)
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	125,000	_	125,000	_	87,508	_	37,492
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	125,000	_	125,000	_	87,508	_	37,492
		_		_		_	0.057.700	_	0.17.01.1
6030	Total Expenditures	_	9,321,444	_	9,904,800	_	9,057,786	_	847,014
1100	France (Patielanes) of Bosonson Over (Under)								
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		(60.463)		22 421		1 041 661		1 010 240
1100	Expenditures	-	(60,463)	-	22,421	-	1,941,661	-	1,919,240
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases						199,000		199,000
8949	Other Uses		(2,000)		(9,297)				9,297
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	(2,000)	-	(9,297)	-	199,000	_	208,297
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(62,463)	-	13,124	-	2,140,661	-	2,127,537
1200	1101 Change in Fund Dalatice		(04,700)		10,127		£, 170,001		_, 1,27,007

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019 EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

Data	1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control	Budgeted .	Amounts		Positive
Codes	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	2,093,404	2,093,404	2,093,404	
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,030,941	\$ 2,106,528	\$ 4,234,065	\$ 2,127,537

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0	0054348100%	0.0	0053462233%	0.0	0059517448%	0.0	062864000%	0.0	046431000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,991,451	\$	1,709,434	\$	2,249,076	\$	2,222,159	\$	1,240,236
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		5,671,295		3,530,566	_	4,106,686		3,993,045		3,430,045
Total		8,662,746	\$	5,240,000	\$	6,355,762		6,215,204	\$	4,670,281
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,648,831	\$	6,302,594	\$	6,302,594	\$	6,426,118	\$	6,351,725
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		44.99%		27.12%		35.68%		34.58%		19.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,									
		2019		2018		2017		2016	_	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	187,247	\$	188,835	\$	175,218	\$	189,102	\$	186,572
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(187,247)		(188,835)		(175,218)		(189,102)		(186,572)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		<u> </u>	\$				\$	-		
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,110,947	\$	6,648,831	\$	6,622,891	\$	6,554,676	\$	6,426,118
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		3.06%		2.84%		2.65%		2.88%		2.90%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	M	ed August 31,			
		2018		2017	
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.	0079493278%	0.	0077393563%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	3,969,172	\$	3,365,556	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District		5,635,417		5,192,289	
Total	_\$_	9,604,589	\$	8,557,845	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	6,648,831	\$	6,302,594	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		59.70%		53.40%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.57%		0.91%	

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,					
	 2019		2018			
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 52,774	\$	54,994			
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (52,774)		(54,994)			
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 	\$				
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 6,110,947	\$	6,648,831			
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	0.86%		0.83%			

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data::

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	1		2	As	3 sessed/Appraised
Year Ended August 31	 Ta Maintenance	ax Rat -	tes Debt Service	V	alue For School Tax Purposes
2010 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2011	1.1209		.1056		276,490,929
2012	1.17		.1225		248,250,000
2013	1.04		.1267		283,259,110
2014	1.17		.1173		336,993,059
2015	1.17		.1283		366,415,540
2016	1.17		.4572		367,275,626
2017	1.17		.4789		292,875,068
2018	1.17		.50		271,448,562
2019 (School Year Under Audit)	1.17		.50		288,536,886

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	_	20 Current Year's Total Levy	1	31 Maintenance Collections	_	32 Debt Service Collections		40 Entire Year's Adjustments		50 Ending Balance 8/31/19
\$	167,282	\$		\$	1,812	\$	190	\$		\$	165,280
	24,101				962		91				23,048
	23,116				544		57				22,515
	28,619				2,014		245		(578)		25,782
	44,489				5,647		566		(347)		37,929
	59,910				7,126		781		2,131		54,134
	107,899	l			11,857		4,633		5,028		96,437
	178,996				21,702		8,883		(28,182)		120,229
	249,380				56,139		23,991		(30,677)		138,573
			4,818,566		3,101,041		1,495,931		(20,523)		201,071
\$_	883,792	\$_	4,818,566	\$	3,208,844	\$	1,535,368	\$_	(73,148)	\$ <u></u>	884,998
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data]		
Control Codes	Explanation		Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2019 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$	4,234,065
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)		35,055
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)		
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)		
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)		
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)		<u></u>
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year		1,303,217
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)		374,405
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount		
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	_	221,151
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		1,933,828
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$	2,300,237

If Item 11 is a Positive Number
Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance:

Excess fund balance will be used to build reserves for an emergency or operating expenses.

EXHIBIT J-3

ODEM-EDROY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control			1 Budgeted	d A	2 mounts		3		/ariance with Final Budget Positive
Codes		_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_		-					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	36,612	\$	36,612	\$	27,989	\$	(8,623)
5800	State Program Revenues		20,244		20,244		22,019		1,775
5900	Federal Program Revenues		522,405		538,368		597,104		58,736
5020	Total Revenues		579,261	-	595,224	_	647,112		51,888
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services		579,261		595,224		610,402		(15,178)
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	579,261		595,224	_	610,402	-	(15,178)
	Total Support Services - Student (Fupil)	_	373,201	-	000,224	-	010,402	_	(13,170)
6030	Total Expenditures	_	579,261		595,224	_	610,402	_	(15,178)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								4
1100	Expenditures						36,710		36,710
	•	-				-	<u>-</u>	_	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance						36,710		36,710
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		25,570		25,570		25,570		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	25,570	\$		\$	36,710
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	25,570	\$	25,570	\$_	62,280	\$_	36,710

EXHIBIT J-4

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
Control		_	Budgeted	A b					Positive
Codes		_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,482,517	\$	1,573,352	\$	1,573,350	\$	(2)
5800	State Program Revenues	_	41,305	_	46,740	_	47,573	_	833
5020	Total Revenues	_	1,523,822	-	1,620,092	_	1,620,923	-	831
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration				400				400
	Total Administrative Support Services			_	400				400
	Dalat Coming								
0074	Debt Service:		000 045		000 045		000.045		
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		282,245		282,245		282,245		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,365,368		1,365,368		1,365,368		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	-	1,200	_	2,599	_	1,500	-	1,099
	Total Debt Service	_	1,648,813	-	1,650,213		1,649,113	-	1,100
6030	Total Expenditures	_	1,648,813	-	1,650,613	-	1,649,113		1,500
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		(124,991)		(30,521)		(28,190)		2,331
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(124,991)	-	(30,521)	_	(28,190)	•	2,331
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		264,241		264,241		264,241		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	139,250	\$	233,720	<u>s</u> -	236,051	\$	2,331
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Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP 418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308

Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Odem-Edroy Independent School District One Owl Square Odem, Texas 78370

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Odem-Edroy Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Odem-Edroy Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

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Corpus Christi, TX January 9, 2020

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Odem-Edroy Independent School District One Owl Square Odem, Texas 78370

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. Odem-Edroy Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Odem-Edroy Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Odem-Edroy Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Odem-Edroy Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

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Corpus Christi, TX January 9, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements							
		Type of auditor's report issued:		Unm	odified				
		Internal control over financial reporting:							
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No		
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X	None Reported		
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X	No		
	2.	Federal Awards							
		Internal control over major programs:							
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	<u>X</u>	No		
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X_	None Reported		
		Type of auditor's report issued on complemajor programs:	lance for	Unmodified					
		Version of compliance supplement used	in audit:	Augu	ıst 2019				
		Any audit findings disclosed that are req reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?			Yes	<u>X</u> _	No		
		Identification of major programs:							
		CFDA Number(s) 84.010A	Name of Federal Pr Title I, Part A - Impre IDEA-B Cluster:			ams			
		84.027A 84.173A	IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Preschool						
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	veen	<u>\$750</u>),000				
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	Yes		No		
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings							
	NO	NE							
C.	Fed	leral Award Findings and Questioned Cos	sts.						
	NO	NE							

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented

N/A - No prior findings

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Program Corrective Action Plan

None No corrective action required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subreciplents	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through State Department of Education: Medicaid Administration Claiming Program Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services U. S. Department of Education	93.778	529-07-0157 -00119	\$	\$ 7,711 7,711
Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	196101012059	0	282,492
IDEA-B Cluster: IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Preschool IDEA-B Preschool Total IDEA-B Cluster	84.027A 84.173A	186600012059 196600012059 186610012059 196610012059	00 00	43,801 187,775 1,236 625 233,437
SSA - Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	194200061789	95	9,261
Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction Total CFDA 84.367A		186945012059 196945012059		4,278 54,968 59,246
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	196801012059	00	10,258
Emergency Impact Aid Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education	84.938C	51271901		12,718 607,412 607,412
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.559	078491214 078491214 078491214	 	154,394 399,209 3,623 557,226
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	078491214		43,501
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.582	078491214		20,219 620,946 620,946
Federal Emergency Management Agency Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety: Public Assistance Grant - Hurricane Harvey Total Federal Emergency Management Agency TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	97.036	078491214	\$ \$	124,585 124,585 \$ 1,360,654

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Federal Assistance Reconciliation

Federal Grants and Contracts Revenues per Exhibit C-2	1,644,140
Less: School Health & Related Services (SHARS) revenues reported in	
General Fund	(286,486)
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1.357.654

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Odem-Edroy Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Odem-Edroy Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.