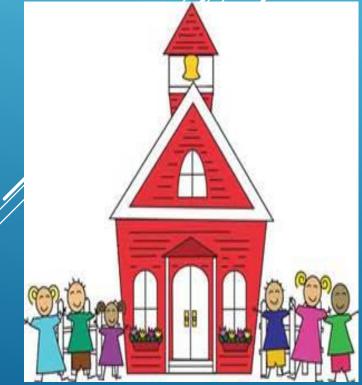
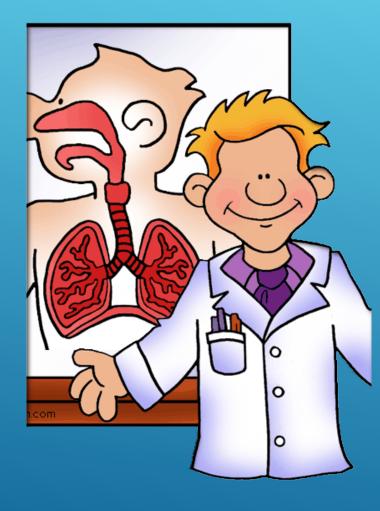
ASTHMA MANAGEMENT IN SCHOOL: WHAT ALL SCHOOL STAFF NEEDS TO KNOW!

Professional In-service 2016-2017





OVERVIEW

Asthma Basics

How to help students control asthma

i. Be Prepared

ii. Reduce Triggers

iii. Recognize Symptoms

 How to handle an asthma emergency

✓ Resources

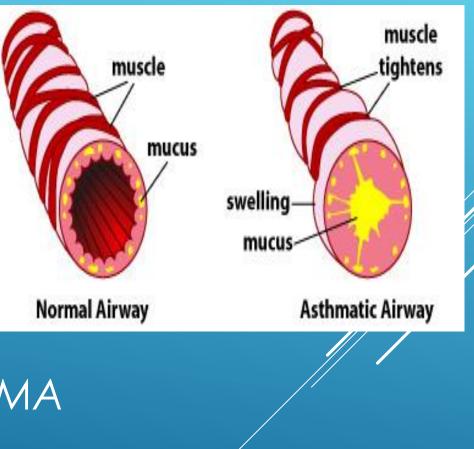
What is asthma?

- Chronic lung condition that causes breathing problems
- Manageable disease
- Who has asthma?
- * 7M children in U.S. & over 65,000 in MS (< 18y/o)</p>
- * Seriousness of disease varies from student to student

ASTHMA BASICS

- Asthma affects the airways: the tubes that carry air in and out of the lungs
- Airways become inflamed/swollen
- Muscles tighten around the airways
- Mucus increases blocking the airway
- Less air can get in and out

ASTHMA BASICS (CONT.) WHAT HAPPENS DURING AN ASTHMA ATTACK?



Asthma Attack





Signs & Symptoms
Cough
Shortness of breath
Mild wheeze
Tight chest

ASTHMA BASICS (CONT.) WHAT HAPPENS DURING AN ASTHMA ATTACK?



ASTHMA BASICS (CONT.)

WHAT CAN TRIGGER ASTHMA?

- Respiratory illness
- * Allergens
- * Weather
- * Irritants
- * Emotions
- * Exercises

*Students may have different triggers

- Obtain student's contact info
- Become familiar with common asthma attack s/sx
- Become familiar on use of emergency medication
- Steps to take during an asthma attack



HOW TO HELP STUDENTS CONTROL ASTHMA: BE PREPARED!

Cockroaches and other pests

- Look for signs; do not leave food, water or garbage exposed; remove pests and use pest control products
- > Mold & Dust Mites
 - Clean up mold and control moisture
- > Help students avoid standing near idling buses
- > Use scented sprays and perfumes with caution

HOW TO HELP STUDENTS CONTROL ASTHMA: REDUCE TRIGGERS!

Assist with quick relief inhaler

- Encourage student to sit upright, with back straight
- Elevate arms at shoulder level and support arms
- Encourage student to take slow deep breaths
- NEVER send a student with asthma symptoms anywhere alone

HOW TO HANDLE AN ASTHMA EMERGENCY.....



► Call 911 if:

- No improvement 15 mins after initial treatment of medication
- Medications are not available and student has signs of an asthma attack
- Lips or nailbeds turn gray or blue (students with light complexion)
- Paling of lips or nail beds (students with dark complexion)
- Decreasing or loss of consciousness

HOW TO HANDLE AN ASTHMA EMERGENCY.....





RESOURCES

Delta State University's School-based Asthma Management Dept.

Mississippi State Department of Health

MN Department of Health (www.health.state.mn.us/asthma/documents/busdri vers.pdf)

Feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns! KK Hibbler, RN/SCCSD khibbler@sunflower.k12.ms.us 662-207-8492