

1st Nine Weeks (August 7th - October 6th, 2017)

Unit	Objectiv e	Mississippi Biology I Framework Objectives	Tentative teaching Date(s)
Scientific Inquiry	1a	Conduct a scientific investigation demonstrating safe procedures and proper care of laboratory equipment. • safety rules and symbols • proper care of lab equipment • proper use and care of the compound microscope • accuracy and precision in using graduated cylinders, balances, beakers, thermometers, and rulers	
Scientific Inquiry	1b	Formulate questions that can be answered through research and experimental design.	
Scientific Inquiry	1c	Apply the components of scientific processes and methods in classroom and laboratory investigations • hypotheses • experimental design (dependent and independent variables, control and experimental groups, constants) • observations, data analysis • interpretation, theory development	
Scientific Inquiry	1d	Construct and analyze graphs plotting points, labeling graphsappropriatelycircle, bar, and line graphs	
Scientific Inquiry	1e	Analyze procedures, data, and conclusions to determine the scientific validity of research • experimenter bias • placebo • controlled experiments	
Scientific Inquiry	1f	Recognize and analyze alternative explanations for experimental results and to make predictions based on observations and prior knowledge	
Scientific Inquiry	1g	Communicate and defend a scientific argument in oral, written and graphic form	



types of bond formation (covalent, ionic, hydrogen) between or among atoms subatomic particles and arrangement in atoms importance of ions in biological processes Physical Science 2b Develop a logical argument defending water as an essential component of living systems unique bonding polarity high specific heat surface tension hydrogen bonding adhesion and cohesion expansion upon freezing Physical Science Classify solutions as acidic, basic, or neutral and relate the significance of the pH scale to an organism's survival (consequences of having different concentrations of hydrogen and hydroxide ions) Physical Science Compare and contrast the structure, properties, and principle functions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and nucleic acids in living organisms. Basic chemical composition of each group Building components of each group (amino acids, monosaccharides, nucleic acids, etc.) Basic functions of each group (energy, storage, cellular, heredity) Physical Science Ze Examine the life processes to conclude the role enzyme splay in regulating biochemical reactions enzyme structure enzyme function, including enzyme-			Diology 11 delig Guide 2017 10	
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enzyme function, including enzyme-			enzymes play in regulating biochemical reactions	
			enzyme structure	
1			 enzyme function, including enzyme- 	
substrate specificity and factors that affect			substrate specificity and factors that affect	
enzyme function (pH and temperature)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Biological 4a Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic		4a	Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic	
Organization cells	Organization			
Differences in structure and size				
Differences in organisms			Differences in organisms	
*Prokaryotic structure will be discussed in more			*Prokaryotic structure will be discussed in more	
detail when bacteria are studied				
Comprehensive 1 st 9 Weeks Assessment			Comprehensive 1 st 9 Weeks Assessment	



2nd Nine Weeks

(October 11th - December 20th, 2017)

Thanksgiving Holiday Break: November 20-24, 2017 Christmas Break: December 21, 2017- January 3, 2018

Unit	Objectiv e	Mississippi Biology I Framework Objectives	Tentative teaching Date(s)
Physical Science	2f	Describe the role of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) in making energy available to cells. • ATP structure • ATP function	
Physical Science	2g	Analyze and explain the biochemical process of photosynthesis and cellular respiration and draw conclusions about the roles of the reactants and products in each. • photosynthesis and respiration (products and reactants) • light-dependent reactions and light independent reactions in photosynthesis • aerobic and anaerobic processes in cellular respiration	
Biological Organization	4b	 Differentiate between types of cellular reproduction main events in the cell cycle and cell mitosis binary fission significance of meiosis in sexual reproduction 	
Genetics and Heredity	5b	Utilize Mendel's laws to evaluate the results of monohybrid Punnett squares involving complete dominance, codominance, sex linked, and multiple alleles	
Genetics and Heredity	5a	Analyze and explain the molecular basis of heredity and the inheritance of traits to successive generations by using the Central Dogma of molecular Biology. • structures of DNA and RNA • processes of replication, transcription, and translation • messenger RNA codon charts	



Genetics and	5c	Examine inheritance patterns using current	
Heredity		technology (pedigrees, karyotypes, gel	
		electrophoresis)	
Genetics and	5d	Discuss the characteristics and implications of both	
Heredity		chromosomal and gene mutations	
		 significance of nondisjunction, deletion, 	
		substitutions, translocation and frame shift	
		mutation in animals	
		 occurrence and significance of genetic 	
		disorders such as sickle cell anemia, Tay	
		Sachs disorder, cystic fibrosis, hemophilia,	
		Downs Syndrome, color blindness	
		Comprehensive 2 nd 9 Weeks Assessment	



3rd Nine Weeks

(January 8, 2018 - March 9, 2018)

Dr. MLK Holiday: January 15

President's Day Holiday: February 19

Unit	Objectiv e	Mississippi Biology I Framework Objectives	Tentative teaching Date(s)
Evolution	6b	Critique data (comparative anatomy, biogeography, molecular biology, fossil record, etc.) used by scientists (Redi, Needham, Spallanzani, Pasteur) to develop an understanding of evolutionary processes and patterns	, ,
Evolution	6с	Research and summarize the contributions of scientists (Darwin, Malthus, Lamarck, and Lyell) whose work led to the development of the theory of evolution	
Evolution	6d	Analyze and explain the roles of natural selection including the mechanisms of speciation (pesticide and antibiotic resistance)	
Evolution	бе	Differentiate among chemical evolution, organic evolution, and the evolutionary steps along the way to aerobic heterotrophs and photosynthetic autotrophs	
Biological Organization	4c	Describe and differentiate among organizational levels of organisms (cells, tissues, organs, systems, types of tissues)	
Evolution	ба	Draw conclusions about how organisms are classified in a hierarchy of groups and subgroups based on similarities that reflect the evolutionary relationships • characteristics of the six kingdoms • major levels of hierarchy of taxa (kingdom, phylum/division, class, order, family, genus, and species) • body plans • methods of sexual reproduction (conjugation, fertilization, pollination)	



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		 methods of asexual reproduction (budding, 	
		binary fission, regeneration, spore	
		formation)	
Biological	4d	Explain and describe how plant structures (vascular	
Organization		and nonvascular) and cellular functions are related	
		to the survival of plants (movement of materials,	
		plant reproduction)	
Ecology	3a	Compare and contrast the characteristics of the	
		world's major biomes (deserts, tundra, taiga,	
		grassland, temperate forest, tropical rainforest)	
		 plant and animal species 	
		• climate	
		 adaptations of organisms 	
Ecology	3b	Provide examples to justify the interdependence	
		among environmental elements	
		 biotic and abiotic factors in an ecosystem 	
		(water, carbon, oxygen, mold, leaves)	
		 energy flow in ecosystems (energy 	
		pyramids, and photosynthetic organisms to	
		herbivores, carnivores, and decomposers)	
		 roles of beneficial bacteria 	
		• interrelationships of organisms (cooperation,	
		predation, parasitism, commensalism,	
		symbiosis, and mutualism)	
Ecology	3c	Examine and evaluate the significance of natural	
		events and human activities on major ecosystems	
		(succession, population growth, technology, loss of	
		genetic diversity, consumption of resources).	
		Comprehensive 3 rd 9 Weeks Assessment	