

Franklin Special Board of Education

Monitoring: Review: Annually, in April	Descriptor Term: Interrogations and Searches	Descriptor Code: 6.303	Issued Date: 09/10/01
		Rescinds: 6.303	Issued: 11/09/98

1 INTERROGATIONS BY SCHOOL PERSONNEL

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3 Students may be questioned by teachers or principals about any matter pertaining to the operation of a
4 school and/or the enforcement of its rules. Questioning must be conducted discreetly and under circum-
5 stances which will avoid unnecessary embarrassment to the student being questioned. Any student
6 answering falsely, evasively or refusing to answer a proper question may be subject to disciplinary action,
7 including suspension.

8
9 If a student is suspected or accused of misconduct or infraction of the student code of conduct, the principal
10 may interrogate the student, without the presence of parent(s)/guardian(s) or legal custodians and without
11 giving the student constitutional warnings.

12 INTERROGATIONS BY POLICE (AT ADMINISTRATOR'S REQUEST)

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14 If the principal has requested assistance by the police department to investigate a crime involving his/her
15 school, the police shall have permission to interrogate a student suspect in school during school hours.
16 The principal shall first attempt to notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or legal custodians of the student of
17 the intended interrogation unless circumstances require otherwise. The interrogation may proceed without
18 attendance of the parent(s)/guardian(s) or legal custodians. The principal or his/her designee shall be present
19 during the interrogation.

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21 The use of police women or female staff members is desirable in the interrogation of female students.

22 POLICE-INITIATED INTERROGATIONS

23
24 If the police deem circumstances of sufficient urgency to interrogate students at school for unrelated crimes
25 committed outside of school hours, the police department shall first contact the principal regarding the
26 planned interrogation, inform him/her of the probable cause to investigate within the school. The principal
27 shall make reasonable effort to notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or legal custodians of the interrogation unless
28 circumstances require otherwise. The interrogation may proceed without attendance of the parent(s)/
29 guardian(s) or legal custodians. The principal or his/her designee shall be present during the interrogation.

30 SEARCHES BY SCHOOL PERSONNEL

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32 Any principal, or his/her designee, having reasonable suspicion may search any student, place or thing
33 on school property or in the actual or constructive possession of any student during any organized school
34 activity off campus, including buses, vehicles of students or visitors (*Notice shall be posted in the school
35 parking lot that vehicles parked on school property by students or visitors are subject to search for drugs,
36 drug paraphernalia or dangerous weapons*), and containers or packages if he/she receives information
37 which would cause a reasonable belief that the search will lead to the discovery of:
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- 1 1. Evidence of any violation of the law;
- 2 2. Evidence of any violation of school rules or regulations or proper standards of student or faculty
- 3 3. Any object or substance which, because of its presence, presents an immediate danger of harm or
- 4 5. illness to any person.

6
7 A student using a locker that is the property of the school system does not have the right of privacy in
8 that locker or its contents. All lockers or other storage areas provided for student use on school premises
9 remain the property of the school system and are provided for the use of students subject to inspection,
10 access for maintenance and search. *Notice shall be posted in each school that lockers and other storage*
11 *areas are school property and are subject to search.*

12
13 A student may be subject to physical search or a student's pocket, purse or other container may be required
14 to be emptied because of the results of a locker search, or because of information received from a teacher,
15 staff member or other student if such action is reasonable to the principal. All of the following standards
16 of reasonableness shall be met:

- 17 1. A particular student has violated policy;
- 18 2. The search could be expected to yield evidence of the violation of school policy or disclosure of
- 19 a dangerous weapon or drug;
- 20 3. The search is in pursuit of legitimate interests of the school in maintaining order, discipline, safety,
- 21 supervision and education of students;
- 22 4. The primary purpose of the search is not to collect evidence for a criminal prosecution; and
- 23 5. The search shall be reasonably related to the objectives of the search and not excessively
- 24 intrusive in light of the age and sex of the student, as well as the nature of the infraction alleged
- 25 to have been committed.
- 26 6. A physical search shall be conducted in the presence of an adult witness.

27 28 29 **USE OF ANIMALS**

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31 When necessary, dogs or other animals trained to detect drugs or dangerous weapons may be used in
32 conducting searches, but the animals shall be used only to pinpoint areas which need to be searched and shall
33 not be used to search the persons of students, employees, or visitors.

34 35 **USE OF METAL DETECTORS**

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37 In view of the escalating presence of weapons in the schools, the Board of Education authorizes the use of
38 hand-held or walk-through metal detectors to check a student's person or personal effects as follows:

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40 School officials or law enforcement officers may conduct metal detector checks of groups of individuals if
41 the checks are done in a minimally-intrusive, nondiscriminatory manner (e.g., on all students in a randomly
42 selected class; or every third individual entering an athletic event). Metal detector checks of groups of
43 individuals may not be used to single out a particular individual or category of individuals.

44
45 If a school official or a law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion to believe that a particular student
46 is in possession of an illegal or unauthorized metal-containing object or weapon, s/he may conduct a metal
47 detector check of the student's person and personal effects.

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2 A student's failure to permit a metal detector check as provided in this policy will be considered grounds
3 for disciplinary action including possible suspension.
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5 The director of schools shall develop procedures for use of metal detectors.
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8 **SEARCHES BY POLICE** 9

10 If public health or safety is involved, upon request of the principal who shall be present, police officers
11 may make a general search of students' lockers and desks, or students' or nonstudents' automobiles for drugs,
12 weapons or items of an illegal or prohibited nature.
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14 If the principal has received reliable information which he/she believes to be true that evidence of a crime
15 or of stolen goods, not involving school property of members of the school staff or student body, is located
16 on school property and that any search for such evidence or goods would be unrelated to school discipline
17 or to the health and safety of a student or the student body, he/she shall request police assistance; and
18 procedures to obtain and execute a search warrant shall thereafter be followed.
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20 Anything found in the course of the search conducted in accordance with this policy which is evidence
21 of a violation of the law or a violation of student conduct standards may be:
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- 23 1. Seized and admitted as evidence in any hearing, trial, suspension or dismissal proceeding. It should
24 be tagged for identification at the time it is seized and kept in a secure place by the principal or
25 the principal's designee until it is presented at the hearing. At the discretion of the principal, the
26 items seized may be returned to the parent or guardian of a student or, if it has no significant value,
27 the item may be destroyed, but only with the express written permission of the director of schools.
28
- 29 2. Any seized item may be turned over to any law enforcement officer. Any dangerous weapon or
30 drug as defined in TCA 49-6-4202 shall be turned over to an appropriate law enforcement official
31 after completion of an administrative proceeding at which its presence is reasonably required.
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33 Whenever the possibility of uncovering evidence of a criminal nature exists, the principal or his/her designee
34 may request the assistance of a law enforcement officer to:
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- 36 1. Search any area of the school premises, any student or any motor vehicle on the school premises;
37 or
38
- 39 2. Identify or dispose of anything found in the course of a search conducted in accordance with this
40 policy.
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42 The involvement of law enforcement officials is encouraged when there is reasonable cause to suspect that
43 criminal evidence is about to be uncovered.
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46 Legal References:

- 47 1. TCA 49-6-4202 through TCA 49-6-4212
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Cross References:

- Procedural Due Process 6.302
Child Abuse and Neglect 6.409