

Webster County Schools

95 CLARK AVENUE – EUPORA, MS 39744

Office of Curriculum

662-258-5551, Extension 15

packets@webstercountyschools.org

US History

Packet 2

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For Additional Online Resources, please see the Link to the following resources on the Curriculum page on www.webstercountyschools.org:

MDE Learning-at-Home Resources for Districts

The resources contained on this website contain materials and tools that may be used to provide additional resources to parents or students. This information is only intended to be a general summary of information provided to the public. The Mississippi Department of Education does not endorse or promote any commercial products or services. The views and opinion of authors expressed do not necessarily reflect those of the MDE, and they may not be used for advertising or product endorsement purposes. Please make sure that you choose the tool(s), resource(s) or material(s) that are developmentally appropriate and best fit the needs of your students, school, or district.

Resources have been divided into the following categories:

- Internet Services
- Multiple Content Area Resources
- Arts (Dance, Music, Theatre, Visual Arts) Resources
- Career Pathway Experiences (CPE) Alternative Resources
- English Language Arts Resources
- Mathematics Resources
- Science Resources
- Social Studies Resources
- World Language Resources
- Counselor Resources
- English Learner Resources
- Virtual Learning Resources

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At-Home Learning Packet Schedule:

- Packet 2- April 20, 2020
- Packet 3- May 4, 2020
- Packet 4- May 18, 2020

A Few Major Physical Features



Name:

Class:

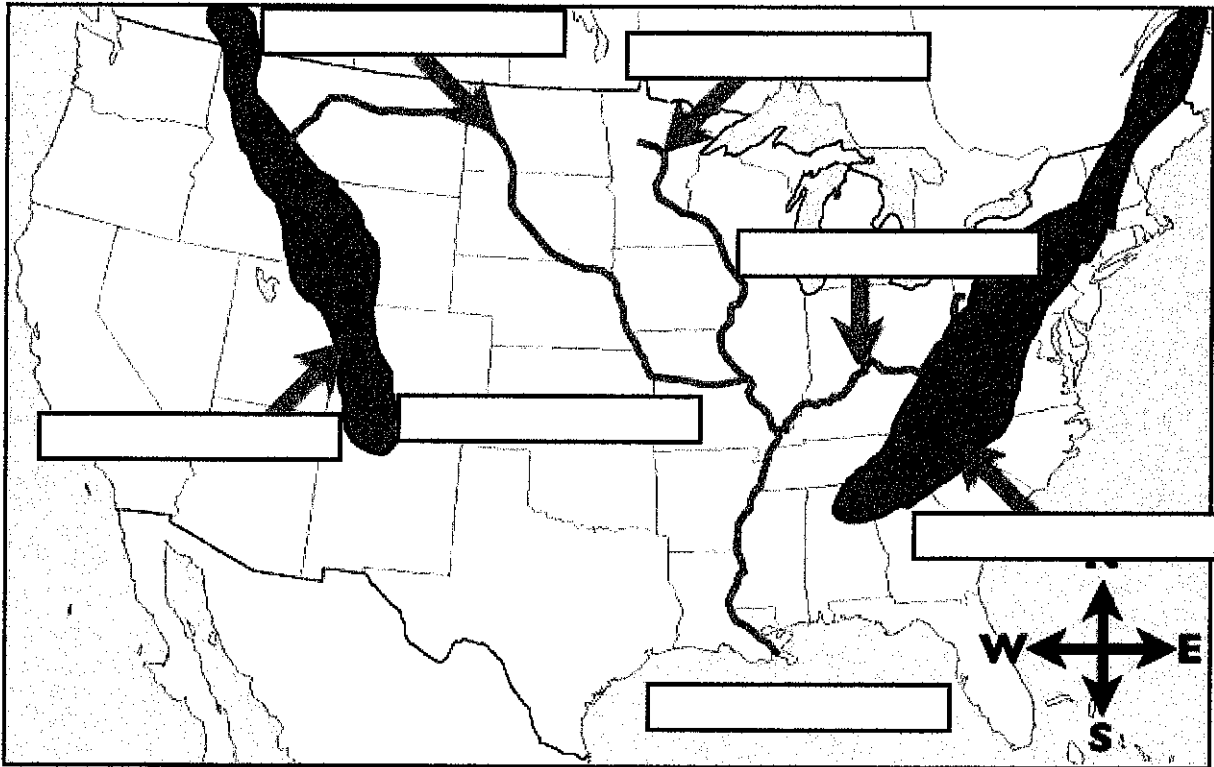
Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding space below.

ITEMBANK:

Appalachian Mountains	Great Plains	Gulf of Mexico	Mississippi River	Missouri River	Ohio River	Rocky Mountains
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Carnegie, Rockefeller, and Morgan

Name:
Class:
Teacher:
Date:
Directions: Place the steps in the proper order listing the earliest step next to the number 1.

ITEMBANK:

Focus of Muckraking Journalist Ida Tarbell

Immigrated to U.S. from Scotland

Oversaw Creation of General Electric

Pioneered Horizontal Integration - This is when a company purchases many or all competitors and merges them into on giant company.

Pioneered Vertical Integration - This is controlling all of the aspects of the manufacturing of a product.

Sold Steel Business to his Competitor

Standard Oil Company - This was the first major oil trust founded in 1870 and eventually dissolved by the US Supreme Court in 1911.

U.S. Steel - This was the first U.S. business to be worth \$1 billion.

Andrew Carnegie

John D. Rockefeller

J.P. Morgan

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Reform Movements of the 1920s

Name:

Class:

Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding category.

Match the item or person with the correct Reform Movement

ITEMBANK:

- | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Alice Paul | Eighteenth Amendment | Flappers | Harlem Renaissance | Nineteenth Amendment | Organized Crime | Radio and automobiles | Speakeasy | The Jazz Age |
| Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor | | | | | | | | |

Social Movement

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Prohibition

--

Women's Suffrage

--

Popular Culture

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The U.S. in World War II

Name: _____

Class: _____ Your Classroom Partner

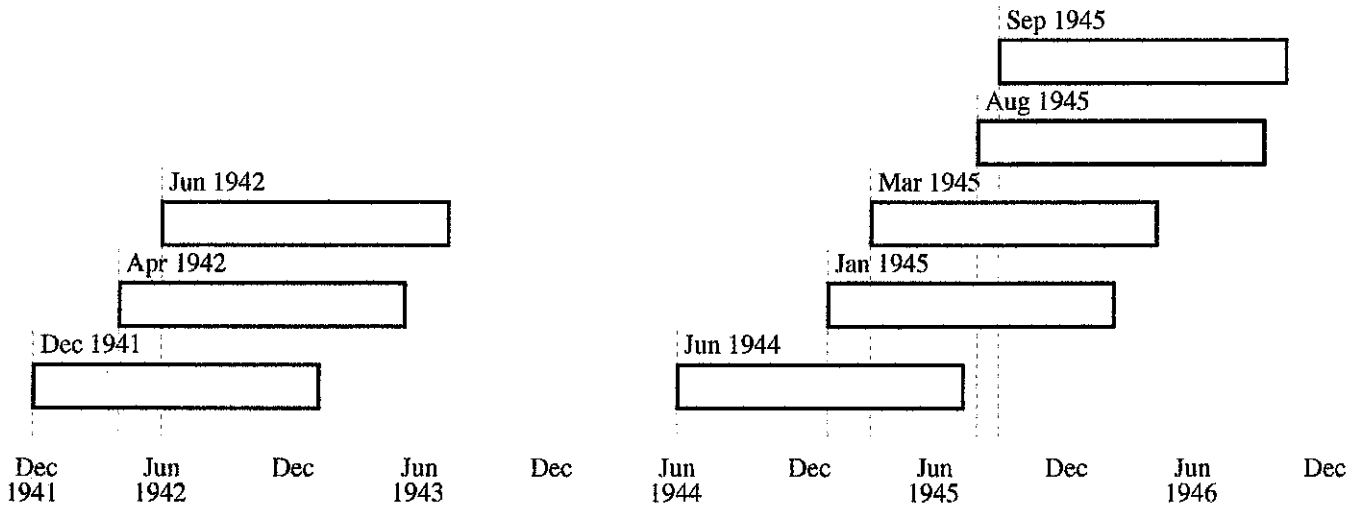
Teacher: _____

Date: _____

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding place on the timeline.

ITEMBANK:

- Battle of Midway - This was a World War II naval battle in the Pacific Theater. It was a clear defensive victory for the US against the attacking Japanese and permanently weakened the Japanese Navy.
- Battle of the Bulge ends - This is the name given to the World War II battle between US and German forces in Belgium. It was the last attempt by Hitler to break through Allied lines.
- D-Day Invasion - This is another name for Operation Overlord, the Allied invasion of western Europe.
- Doolittle Raid - This air raid of Tokyo did little damage, but showed Japan that the U.S. a force to be reckoned with.
- Hiroshima - This is the Japanese city that was the first to be subjected to nuclear warfare to bring about the end of WWII.
- Pearl Harbor - This is the U.S. Naval base attacked by the Japanese that brought the U.S. into WW II.
- The Battle of Iwo Jima ends - This was a fierce battle on a small Pacific Island that took place against Japanese forces. The US gained a key military airstrip as a result.
- World War II Ends - Japan signs the "Instrument of Surrender" that officially ends their involvement in World War II, bringing the conflict to a close.



Important Dates in the 20th Century U.S.

Name:

Class:

Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding place on the timeline.

ITEMBANK:

Civil Rights Act - Signed into law by President Johnson, this bill protected African Americans and women from job discrimination and any discrimination in public places.

Korean War begins - This was a national conflict in an Asian country aided by Russia in the North and the U.S. in the South (1950-1953).

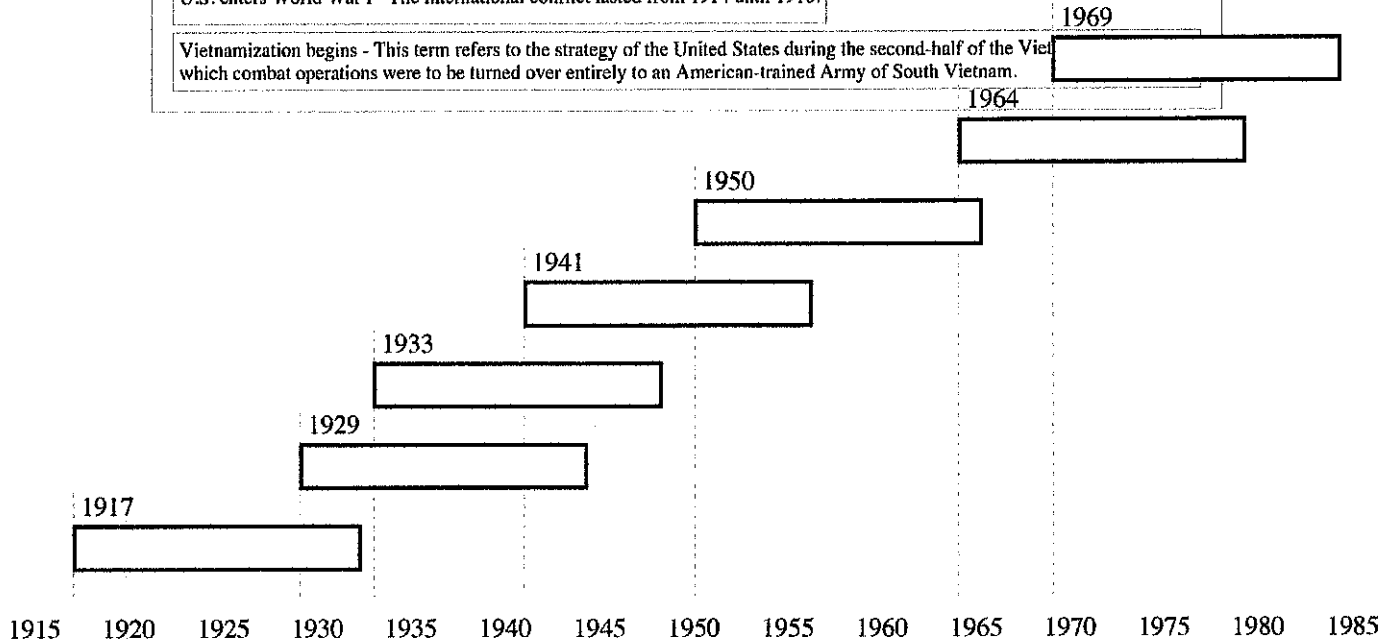
New Deal begins - This was the programs and policies to promote economic recovery and social reform introduced during the 1930's by President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Pearl Harbor - This is the U.S. Naval base attacked by the Japanese that brought the U.S. into WW II.

Stock Market Crash - This was a famous dramatic loss of value in the shares of stock in corporations that hit the U.S. in 1929.

U.S. enters World War I - The international conflict lasted from 1914 until 1918.

Vietnamization begins - This term refers to the strategy of the United States during the second-half of the Vietnam War which combat operations were to be turned over entirely to an American-trained Army of South Vietnam.



Your Classroom Partner

Treaty of Paris



Name:

Class:

Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding space below.

ITEM BANK:

American Revolutionary War	British troops	July 4, 1776 - This agreement between the French and British ended the Seven Years War/French and Indian War	Loyalists
September 3, 1783	Tories	debt	establish the borders
		recognized the new nation	remove all troops

The Treaty of Paris, signed on _____, formally ended the _____. Great Britain _____, agreed to _____, and _____ of the United States of America. The US allowed all _____ to leave and agreed to pay all _____. The US also agreed not to punish all _____ or _____ which were colonists loyal to the king. This treaty established the United States as an equal nation regarding political, diplomatic, military, and economic affairs worldwide.

Two Decades of the War on Drugs



Name:

Class:

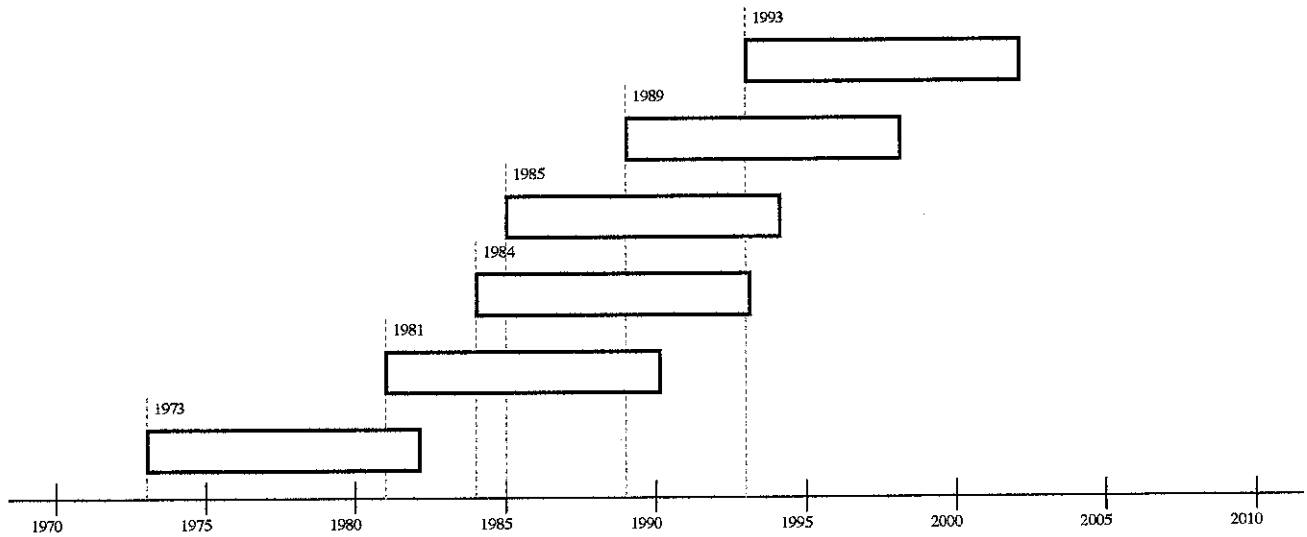
Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match each item to its corresponding place on the timeline.

ITEM BANK:

Approximate year of the introduction of the highly-addictive "crack" cocaine.	
Colombia's Medellin- led by Pablo Escobar- rises to power, controlling cocaine trafficking in the Americas.	
First Lady Nancy Reagan introduces the "Just Say No" campaign to prevent child drug use.	Pablo Escobar killed by police forces in Colombia.
President Richard Nixon creates the Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA)	William Bennett becomes the first "Drug Czar" of the United States.



Industrialization: United States

Name:

Class:

Teacher:

Date:

Directions: Match the correct term with the description given.

ITEMBANK:

American Federation of Labor	Bessemer Process	Carnegie	George Pullman	Industrial Revolution	J. P. Morgan
John D. Rockefeller	Robert Fulton	Samuel Slater			

This was a series of economic and technological changes in the Western World 18th - 20th centuries, which brought about the extensive mechanization of production systems.

This Scottish-born American industrialist made his fortune in the steel industry, using vertical integration to decrease cost and increase profits by using vertical integration.

The New York industrialist who made hundreds of millions of dollars in the 19th century with this Standard Oil Company and pioneered the corporate strategy of vertical integration.

This was one of the first groups of labor unions in the United States that later merged with the CIO.

This 19th Century industrialist is best known for his company's production of the "sleeping car" for railroad travel, and for the 1894 labor strike surrounding it's production.

He was an 18th & 19th century American inventor who is credited with making the first steam-powered ship, *The Clermont* in 1807.

He was a U.S. banker and financier who was a leader in corporate finance and industrial mergers in the late 1800s and early 1900s.

The "Father of the American Industrial Revolution," he brought British textile technology to America.

This process for producing steel revolutionized the entire industry, because it allowed for cheap and fast production of large quantities. Patented in 1855, it is named for its discoverer.