WASTEWATER OPERATOR EXAM FORMULA SHEET

9/1/2015

1 cubic foot $(ft^3) = 1,728$ cubic inches (in^3) 1 mile = 5,280 feet (ft)1 acre = 43,560 square feet (ft²) 1 cubic yard $(yd^3) = 27 \text{ ft}^3$ $1 \text{ ft}^3 = 7.48 \text{ gallons (gal)} = 62.4 \text{ pounds (lbs)}$ 1 gal of water = 8.34 lbs 1 day = 24 hours (hr) = 1,440 minutes (min) = 86,400 seconds (sec)1 million gallons per day (MGD) = 694 gallons per minute (gpm) 1 MGD = 1,000,000 gallons per day (gpd)1 MGD = 1.545 cubic foot per second (ft³/sec)1 milligram per liter (mg/L) = 1 parts per million (ppm) 1 percent (%) = 10,000 ppm π (pi) = 3.14 1 in = 2.54 centimeters (cm)1 meter = 100 cm1 gal = 3.785 liters (L) = 3,785 milliliters (mL)1 L = 1,000 mL1 gram = 1,000 milligrams (mg)1 kilogram (kg) = 1,000 grams1 lb = 453.6 grams = 0.4536 kg1 microgram per liter (μ g/L) = 1 parts per billion (ppb) = 0.001 mg/L **Class I** $lb = MGD \ge 8.34 \ge mg/L$ PERCENT, % = Part x 100 Whole mg/L =lbs GRADE, $\% = \underline{\text{Rise}, \text{ft}} \ge 100$ (MGD x 8.34) Run, ft MGD =lbs $(mg/L \times 8.34)$ Pond loading = $\underline{BOD Applied}$, $\underline{lb/day}$ Area. acres DETENTION TIME, $hr = (Volume, gal \times 24)$ Flow, gpd Area, $ft^2 = 0.785 \text{ x}$ (Diameter, $ft)^2 = \pi$ (Radius, $ft)^2$ AREA OF A CIRCLE VOLUME OF CIRCULAR TANK Vol, $ft^3 = 0.785$ (Diameter, $ft)^2$ x Liquid Depth, ft Area, $ft^2 = L$, ft x W, ft AREA OF A RECTANGLE Vol, $ft^3 = L$, ft x W, ft x Liquid Depth, ft VOLUME OF RECTANGULAR TANK EFFICIENCY PERCENT % Removal = Eff % = (In-Out) x 100 In Centigrade, $^{\circ}C = (^{\circ}F - 32) \times 0.555$ Fahrenheit, $^{\circ}F = (^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32$

Class II

BOD = biochemical oxygen demand DO = dissolved oxygen TSS = total suspended solids MLSS = mixed liquor suspended solids

Sludge dewatering:

 $V_1 ext{ x } P_1 = V_2 ext{ x } P_2$ $V_1 = \text{original volume}$ $V_2 = \text{new volume (amount remaining)}$ $P_1 = \text{original percentage sludge}$ $P_2 = \text{new percentage sludge}$

Q = VA Q = flow, cfs V = Velocity, ft/sec A = Cross sectional area, ft² $C = \pi \times D$

BOD, $mg/L = (DO_I - DO_F) \times 300$ Sample vol, mL

Conc, $mg/L = \frac{Weight, grams}{Sample vol, mL} \times 1,000,000$

Sludge Age = lbs MLSS in aeration basin lbs aeration basin influent TSS per day

Composite samples:

<u>TOTAL SAMPLE VOLUME in mL</u> = multiplier Total flow in MGD

SLUDGE VOLUME INDEX = $\frac{30 \text{ min settled sludge vol}}{MLSS \text{ mg/L}} \times 1,000$

Class III and IV

1 ton = 2,000 lbs = 1.102 metric tons 1 pounds per square inch (psi) = 2.31 ft of water 1 horsepower (HP) = 746 watts = 0.746 kW F/M = food to microorganism ratio VS = volatile solids MLVSS = mixed liquor volatile suspended solids MCRT = mean cell residence time RSF = return sludge flow SG = specific gravity TDH = total dynamic head

F/M =<u>lbs BOD entering aeration basin per day</u> lbs MLVSS in aeration basin

 $MCRT = \frac{lbs MLSS under aeration}{(lbs SS wasted + lbs SS in effluent)}$

Work/Water HP = $\underline{\text{gpm x TDH x SG}}$ 3,960

Brake HP = gpm x TDH x SG3,960 x Pump efficiency

Motor HP = $\frac{\text{Brake HP}}{\text{Motor Efficiency}}$

% VS Reduction = <u>Raw VS - Digested VS</u> x 100 (Use decimal equiv) (Digester Efficiency) Raw VS - (Raw VS x Digested VS)

RAS Flow = $30 \text{ min settled sludge vol, mL} \times \text{Influent flow}$ Supernatant, mL

Volatile acids/Alkalinity ratio = $\frac{\text{Volatile acids mg/L}}{\text{Alkalinity mg/L}}$

Alkalinity = $\frac{\text{Volatile acids mg/L}}{\text{Ratio}}$